

planet-scale leaderless consensus

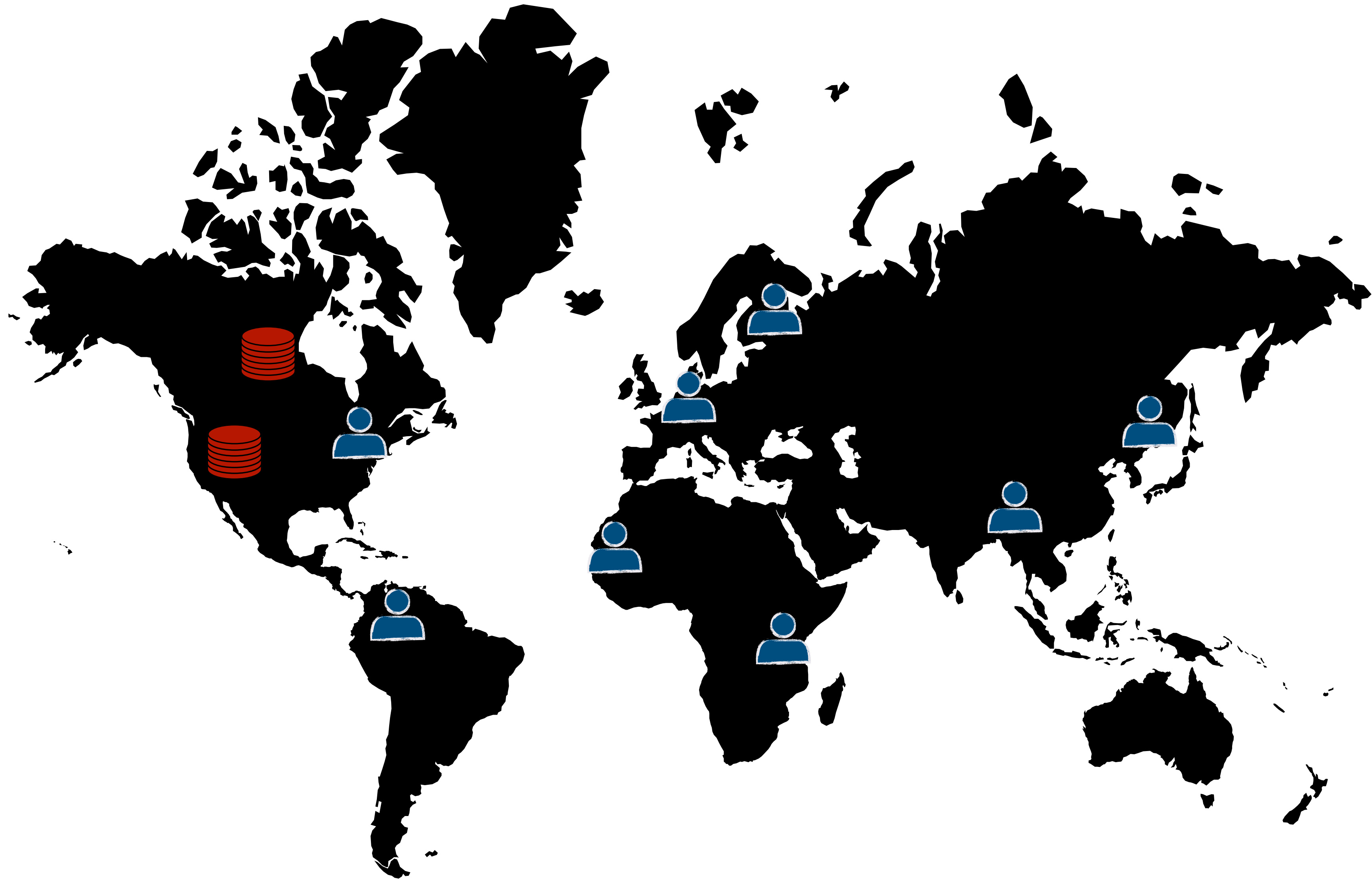


Vitor Enes

Dr. **Alexey Gotsman**, Research Professor at IMDEA

Dr. **Carlos Baquero**, Professor at FEUP

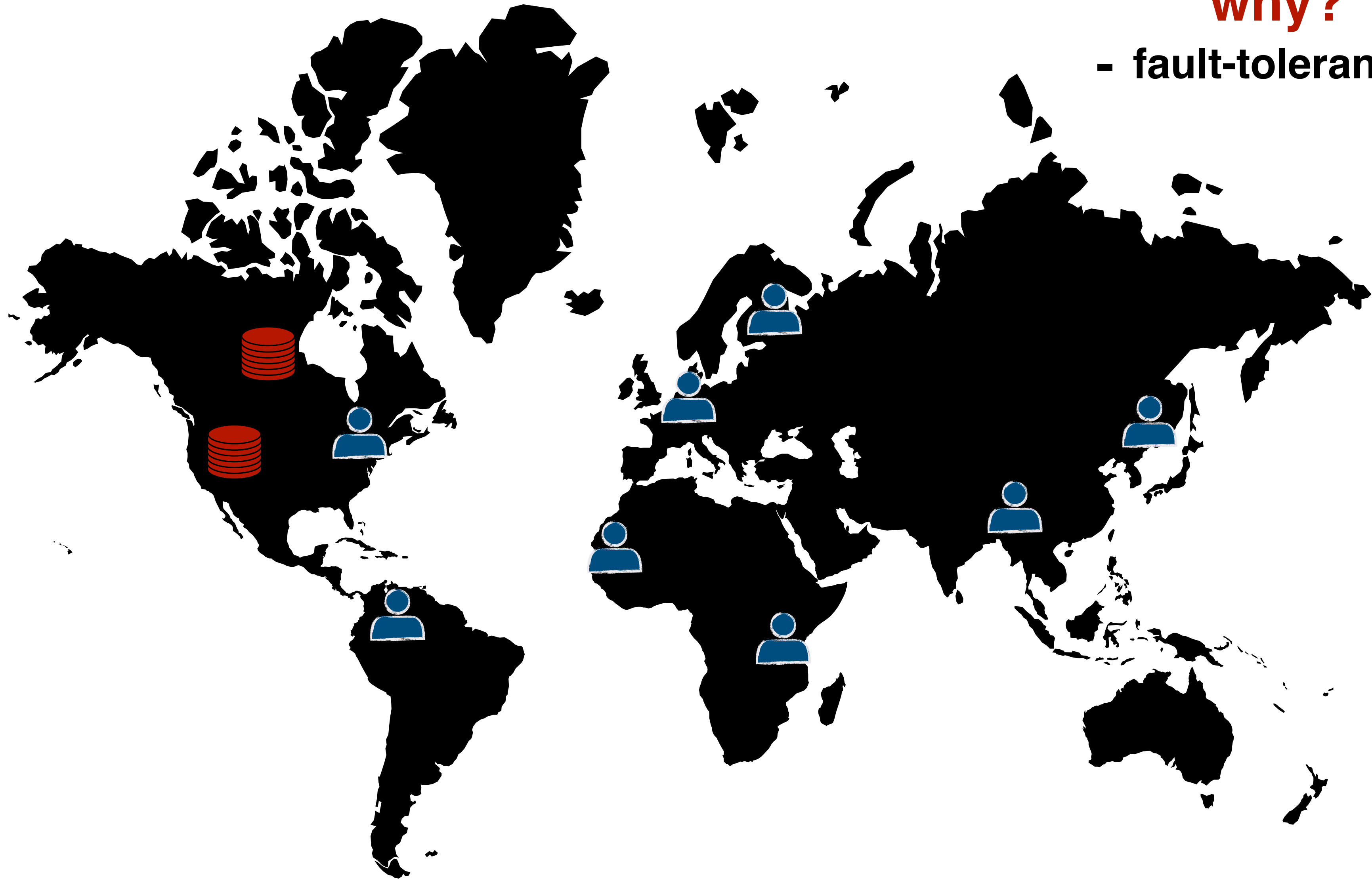
planet-scale replicated systems



planet-scale replicated systems

why?

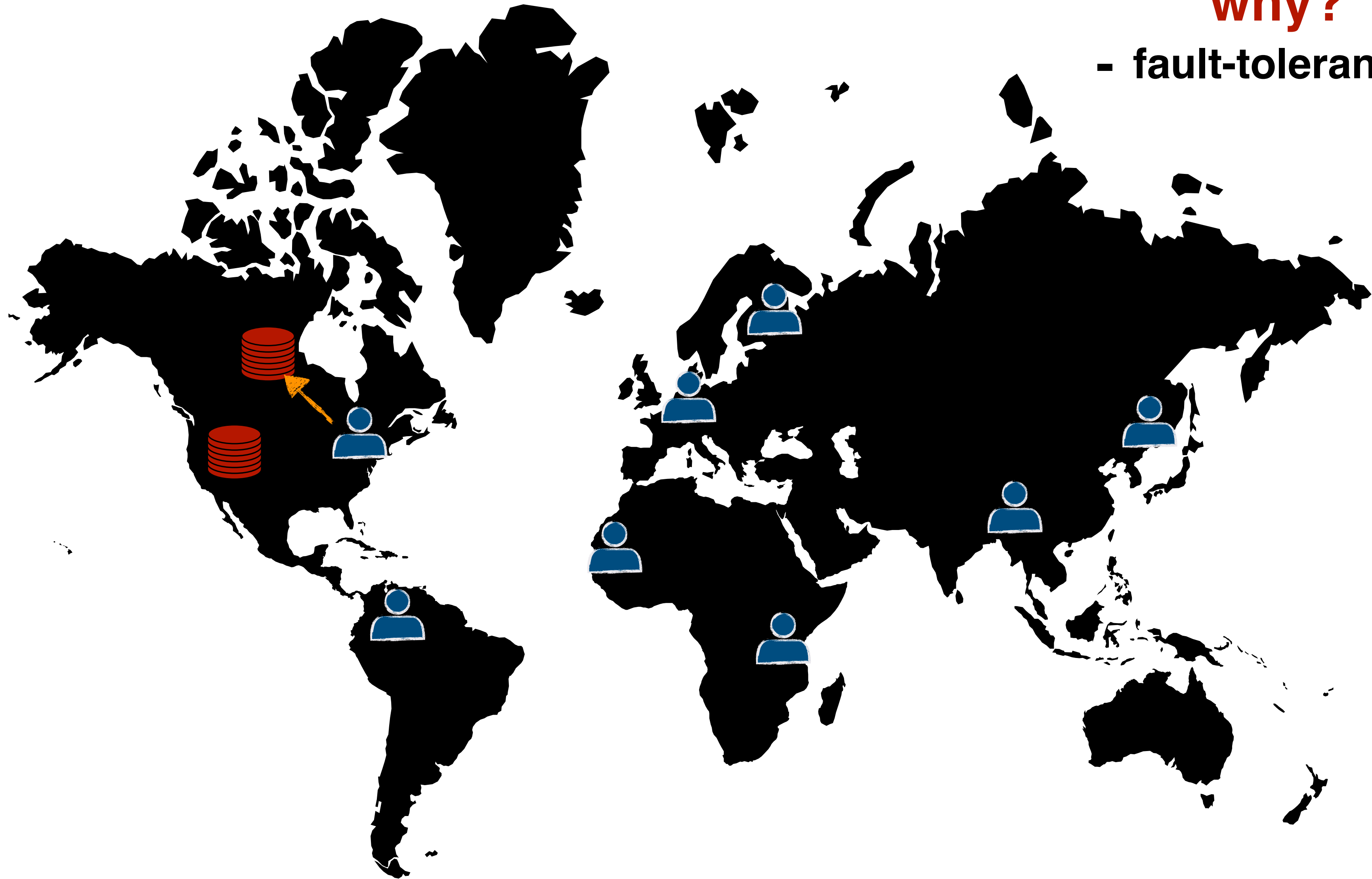
- fault-tolerance



planet-scale replicated systems

why?

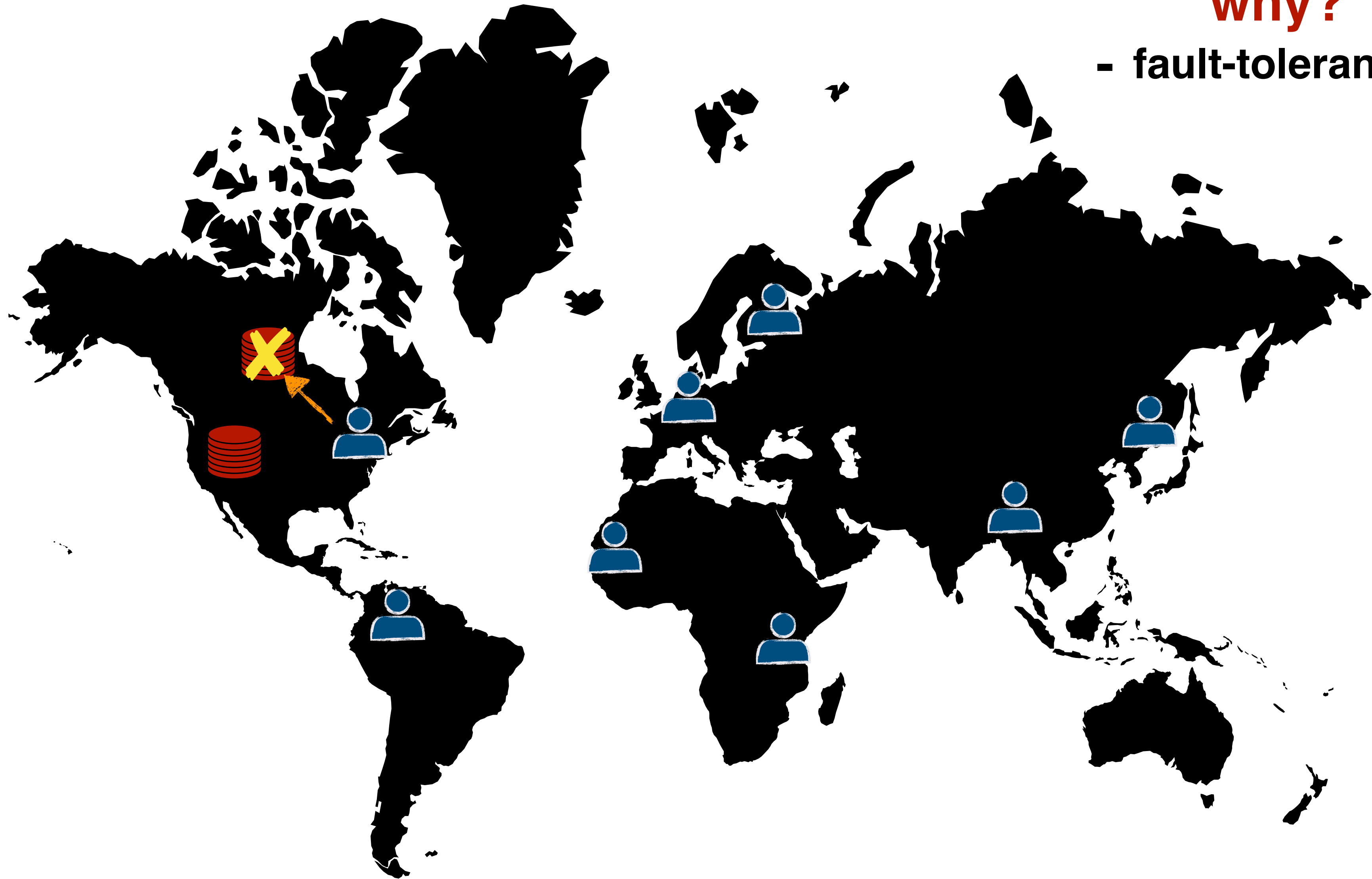
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planet-scale replicated systems

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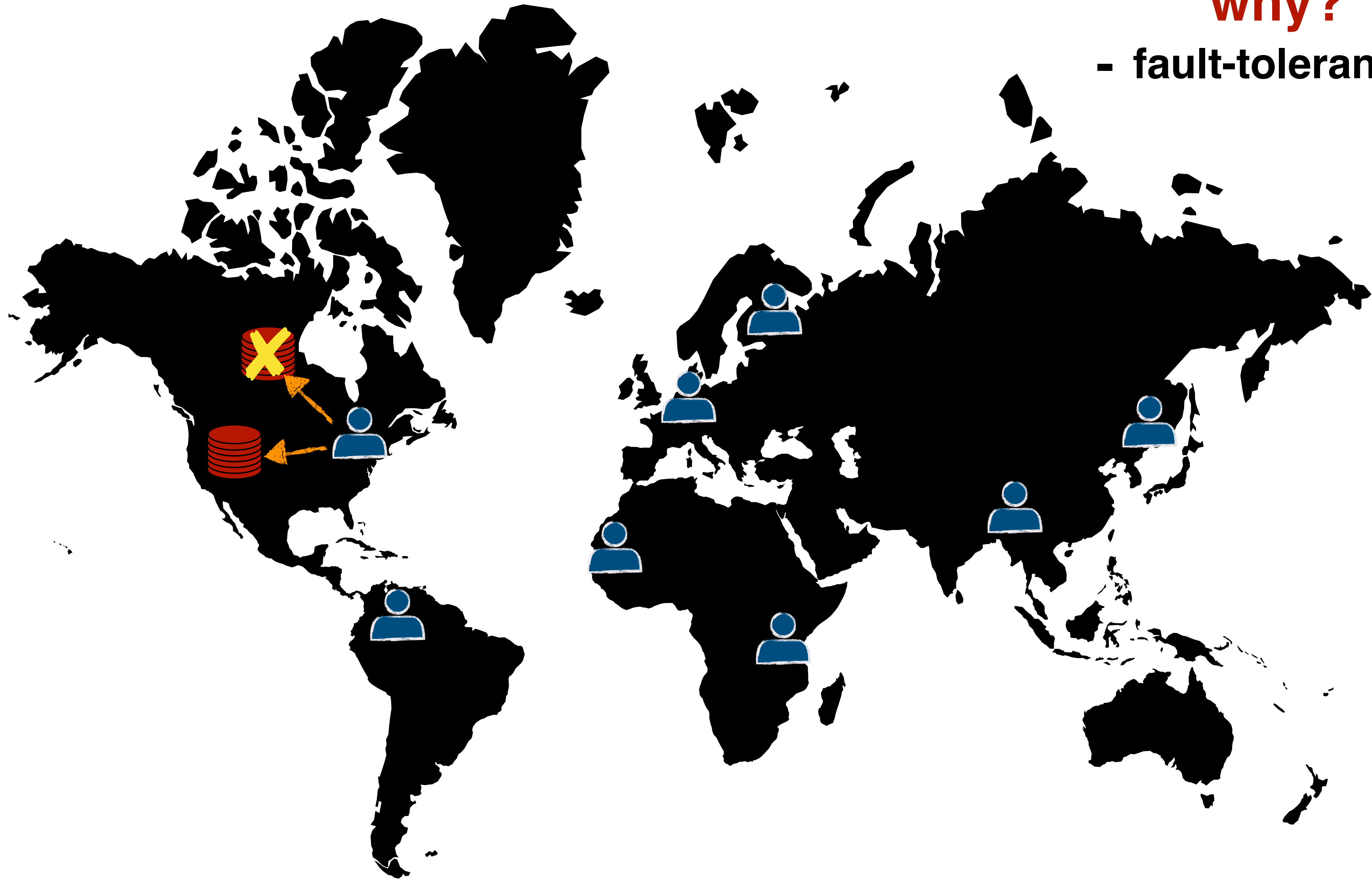
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planet-scale replicated systems

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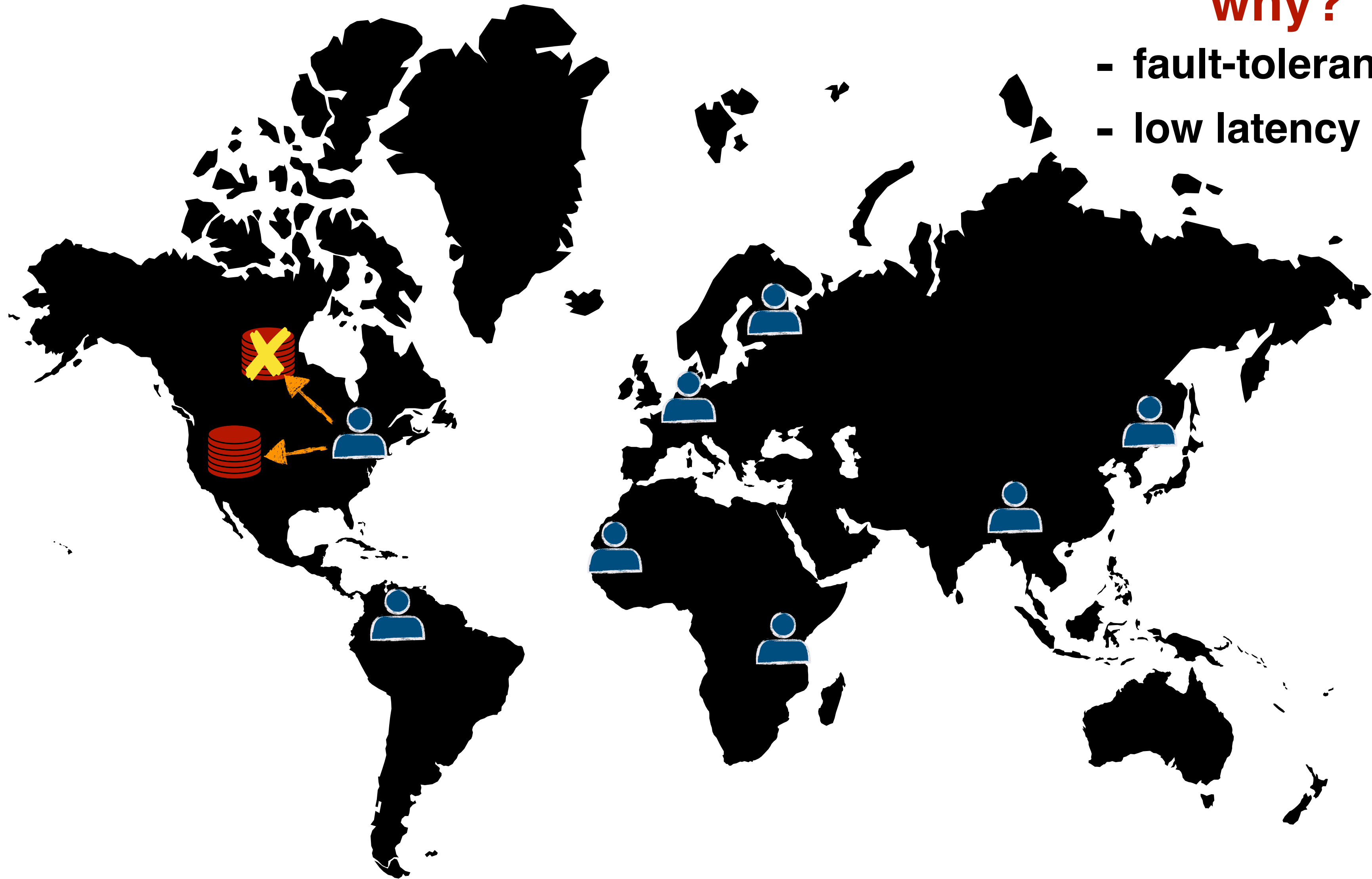
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planet-scale replicated systems

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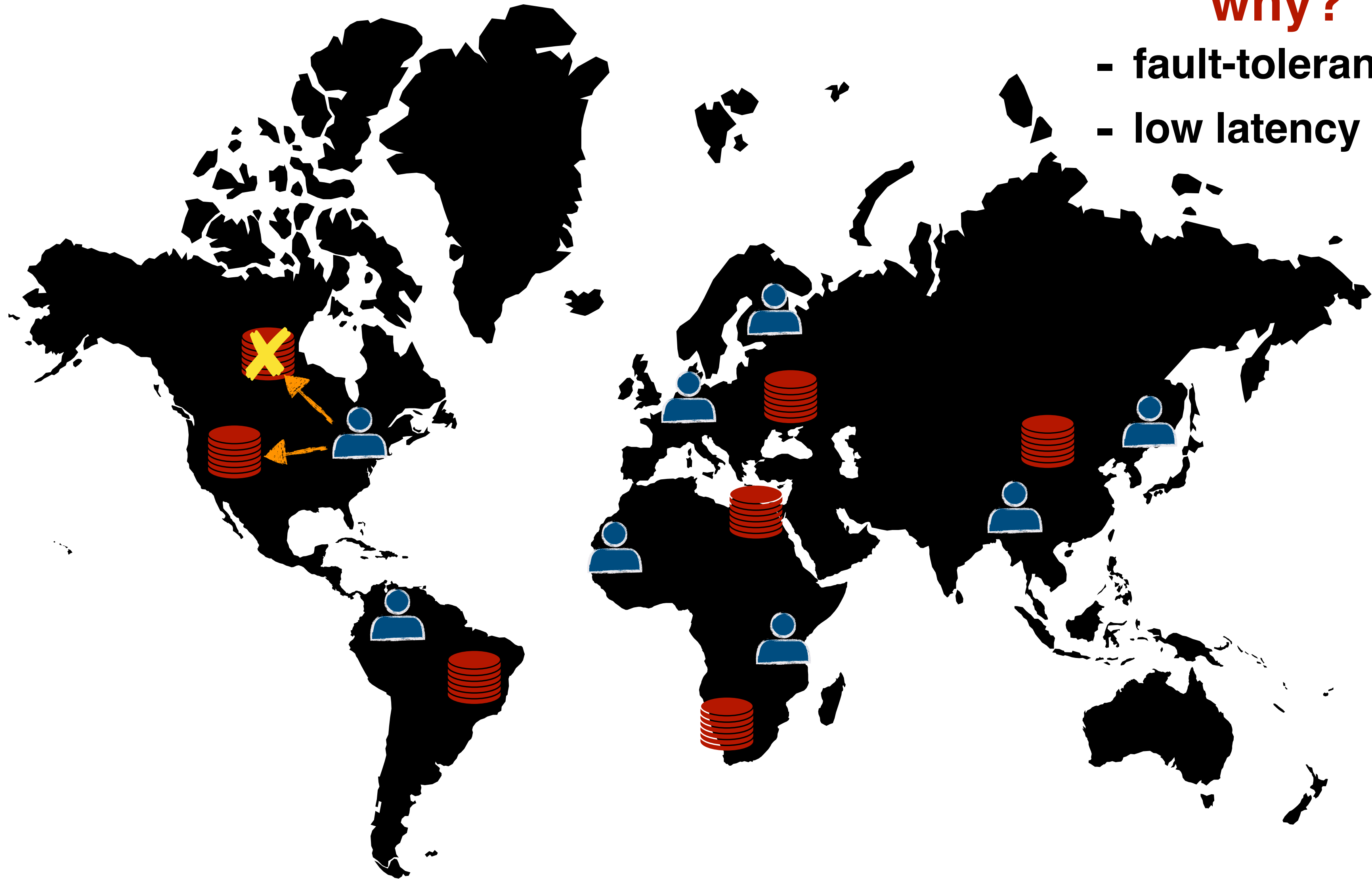
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planet-scale replicated systems

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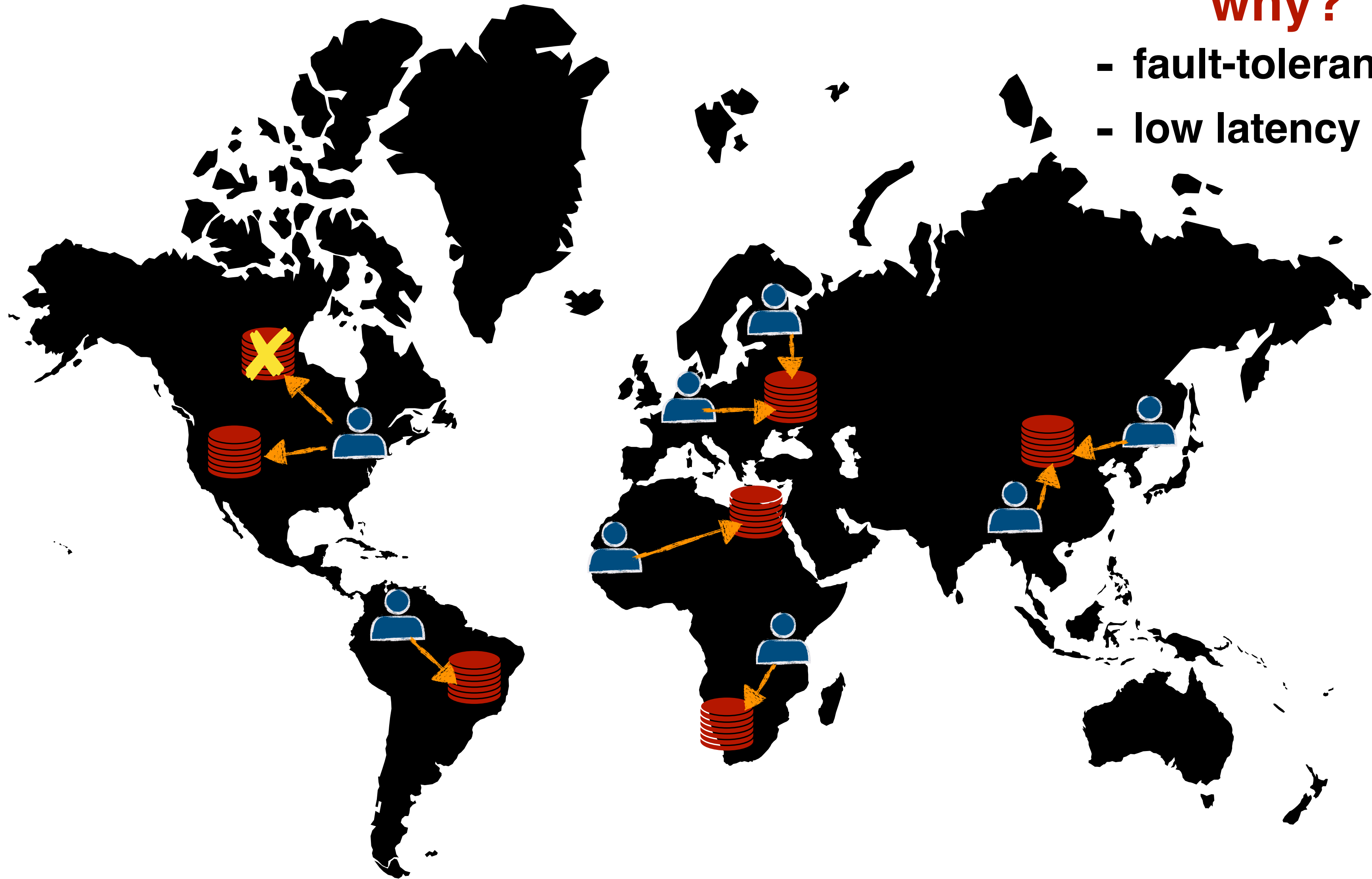
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planet-scale replicated systems

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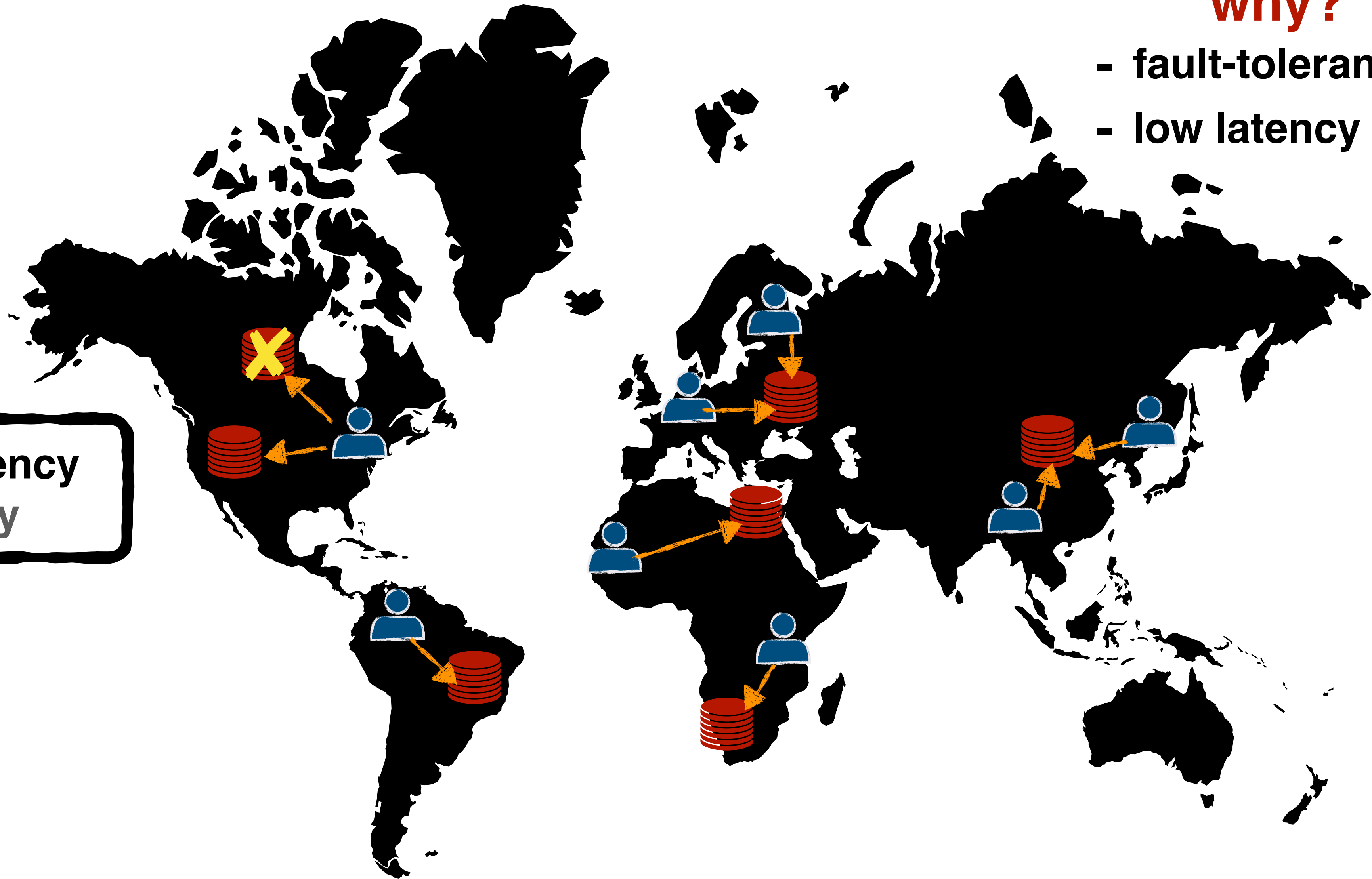


planet-scale replicated systems

why?

- fault-tolerance
- low latency

strong consistency
linearizability



planet-scale replicated systems

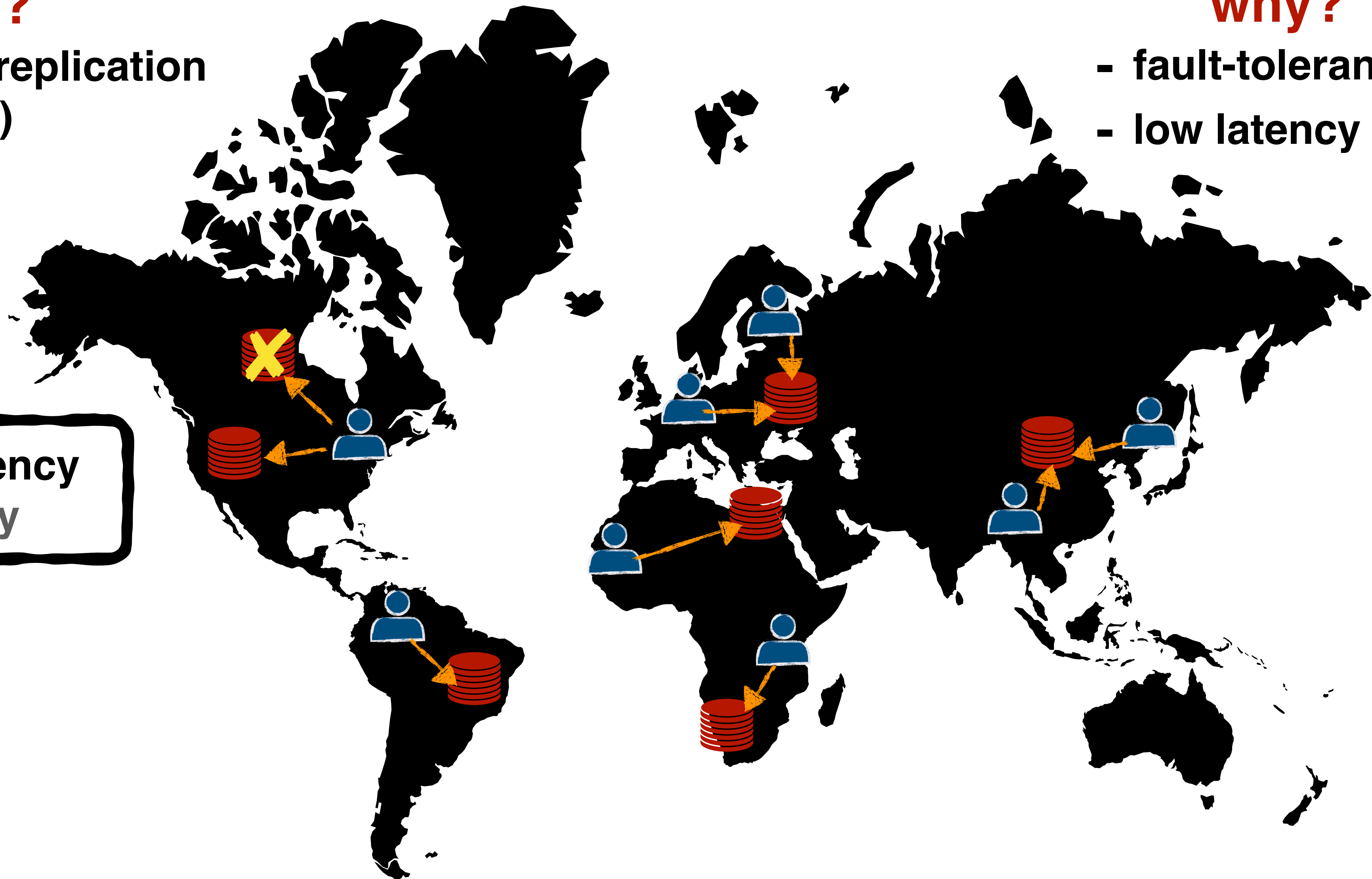
how?

state-machine replication
(SMR)

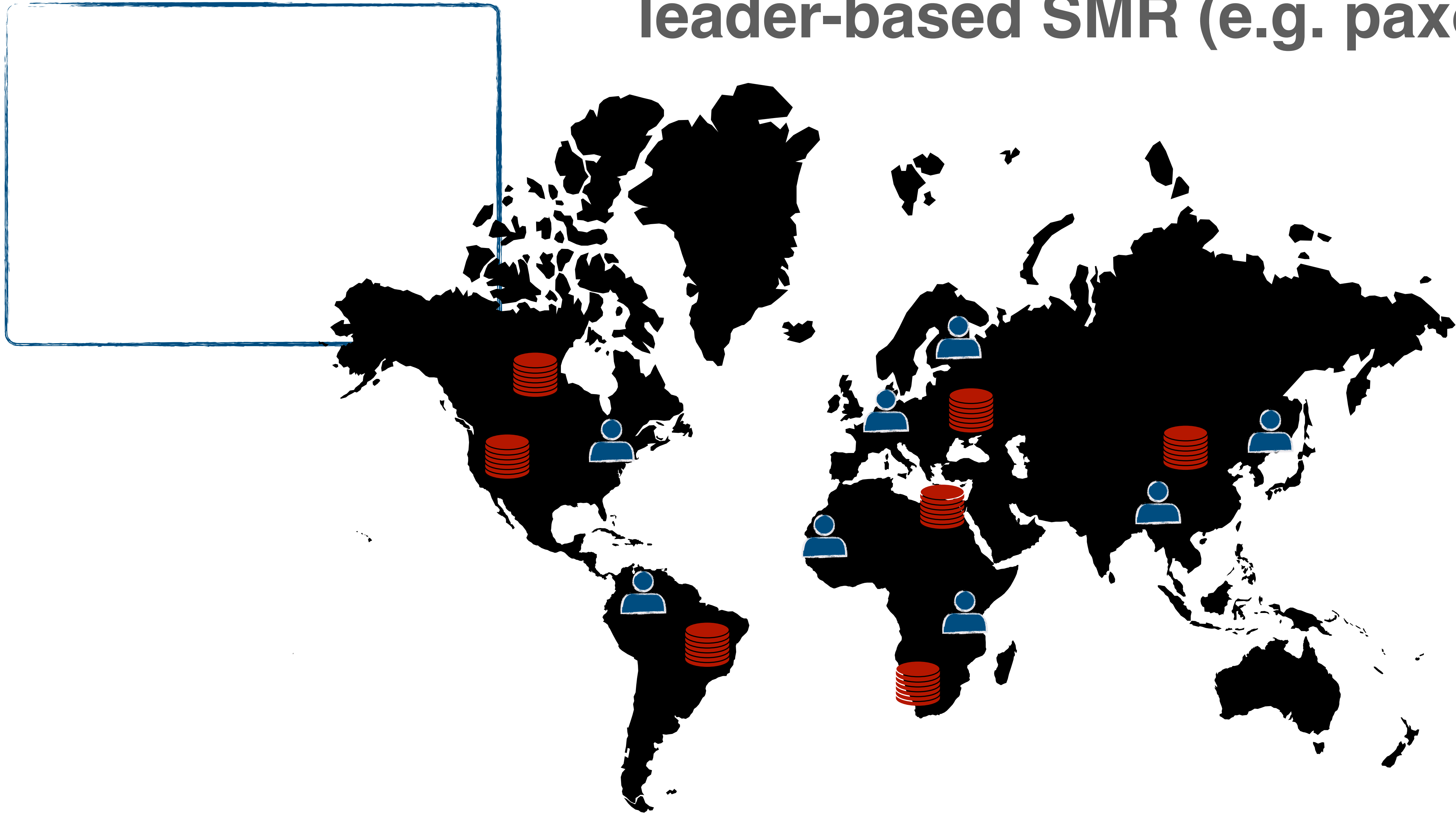
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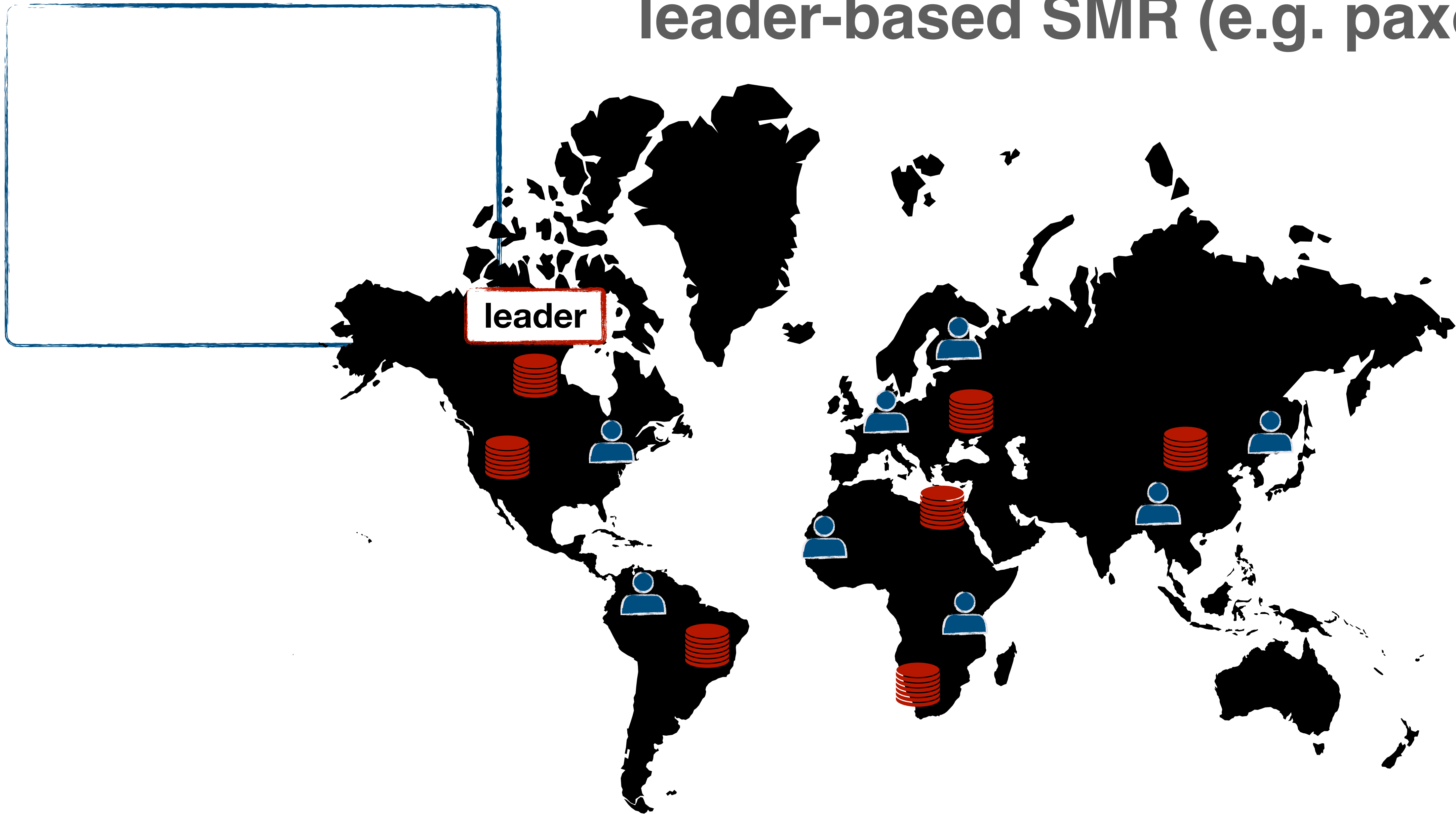
strong consistency
linearizability



leader-based SMR (e.g. paxos)

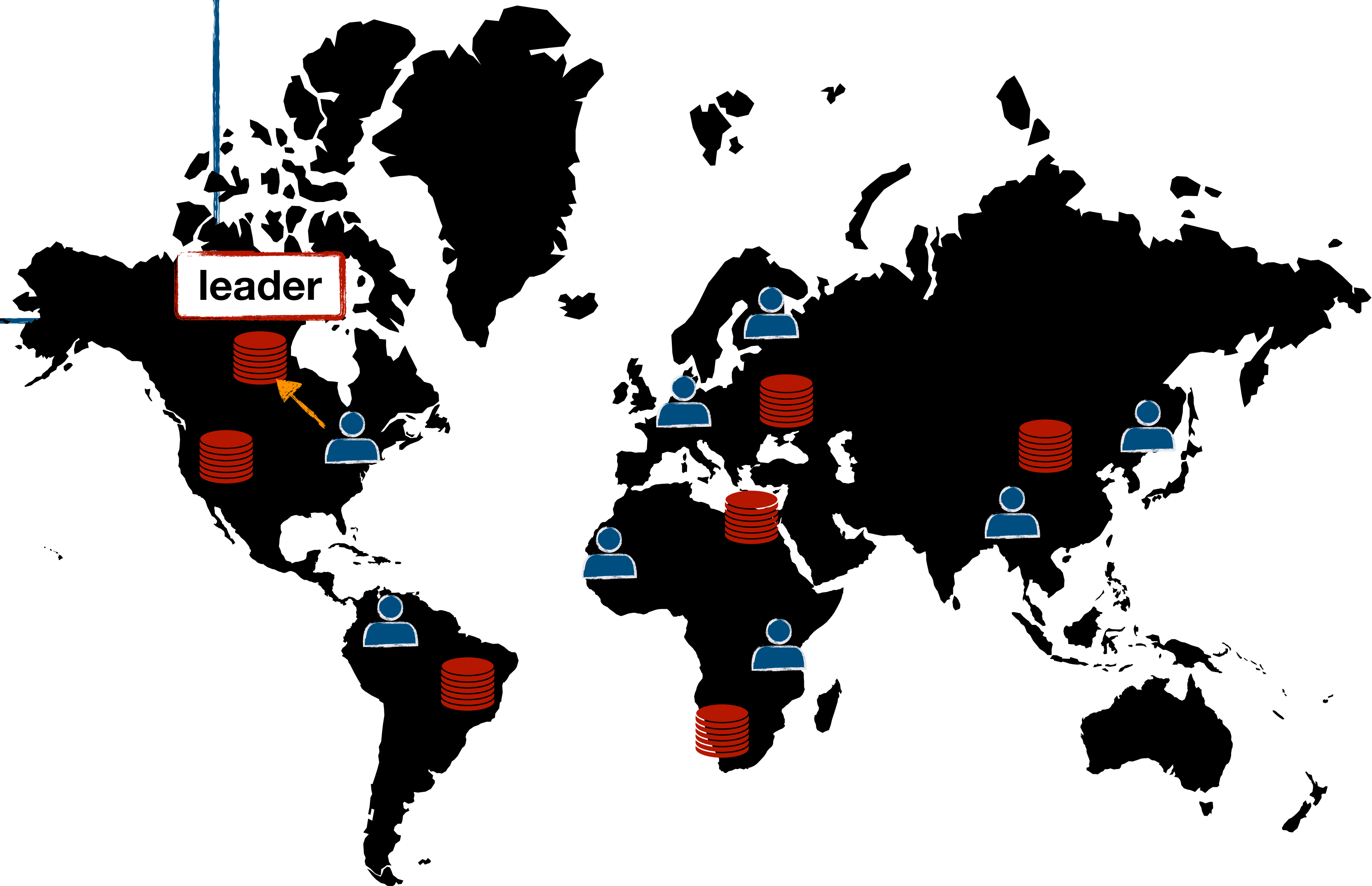


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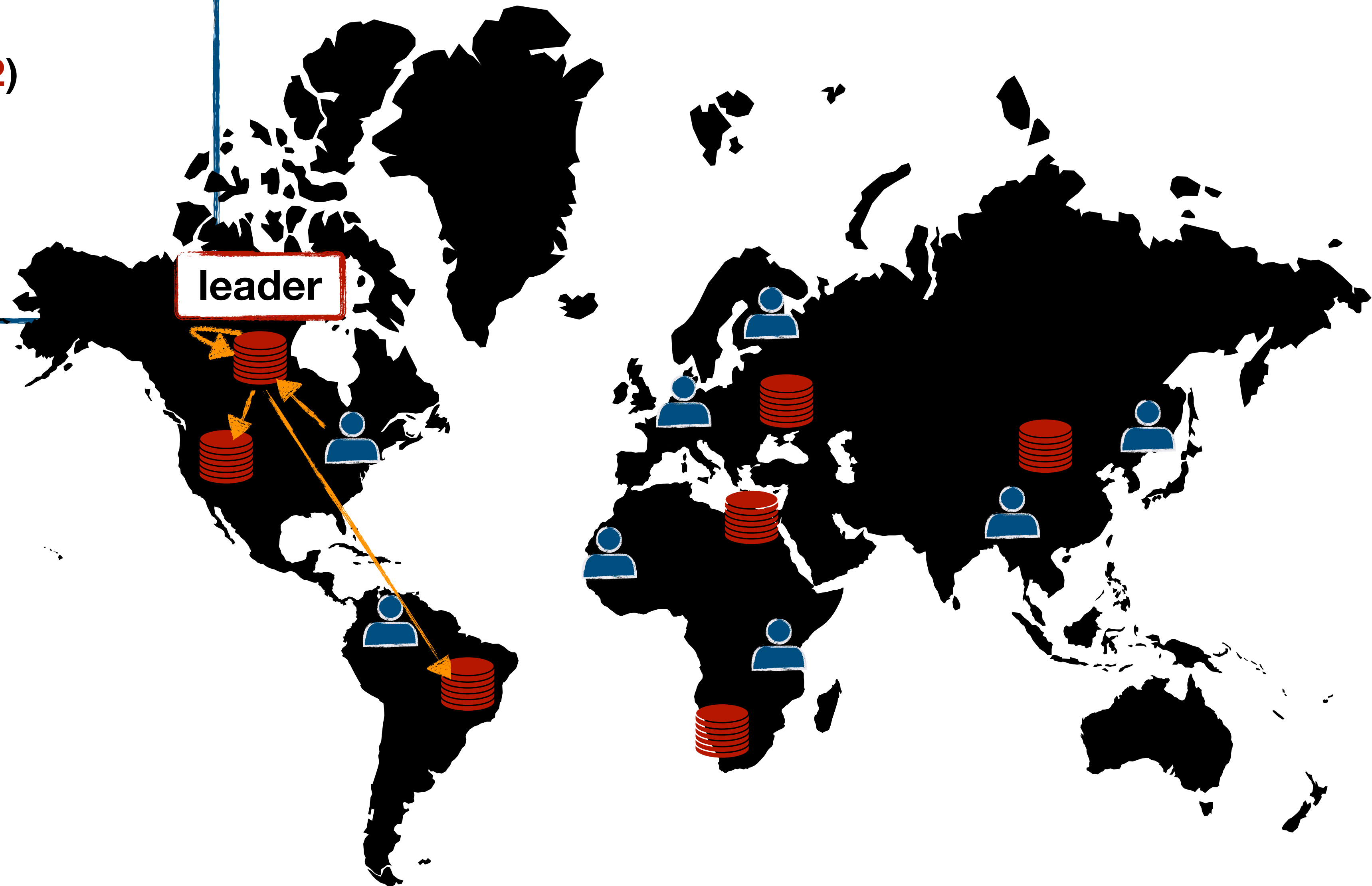
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- leader receives command



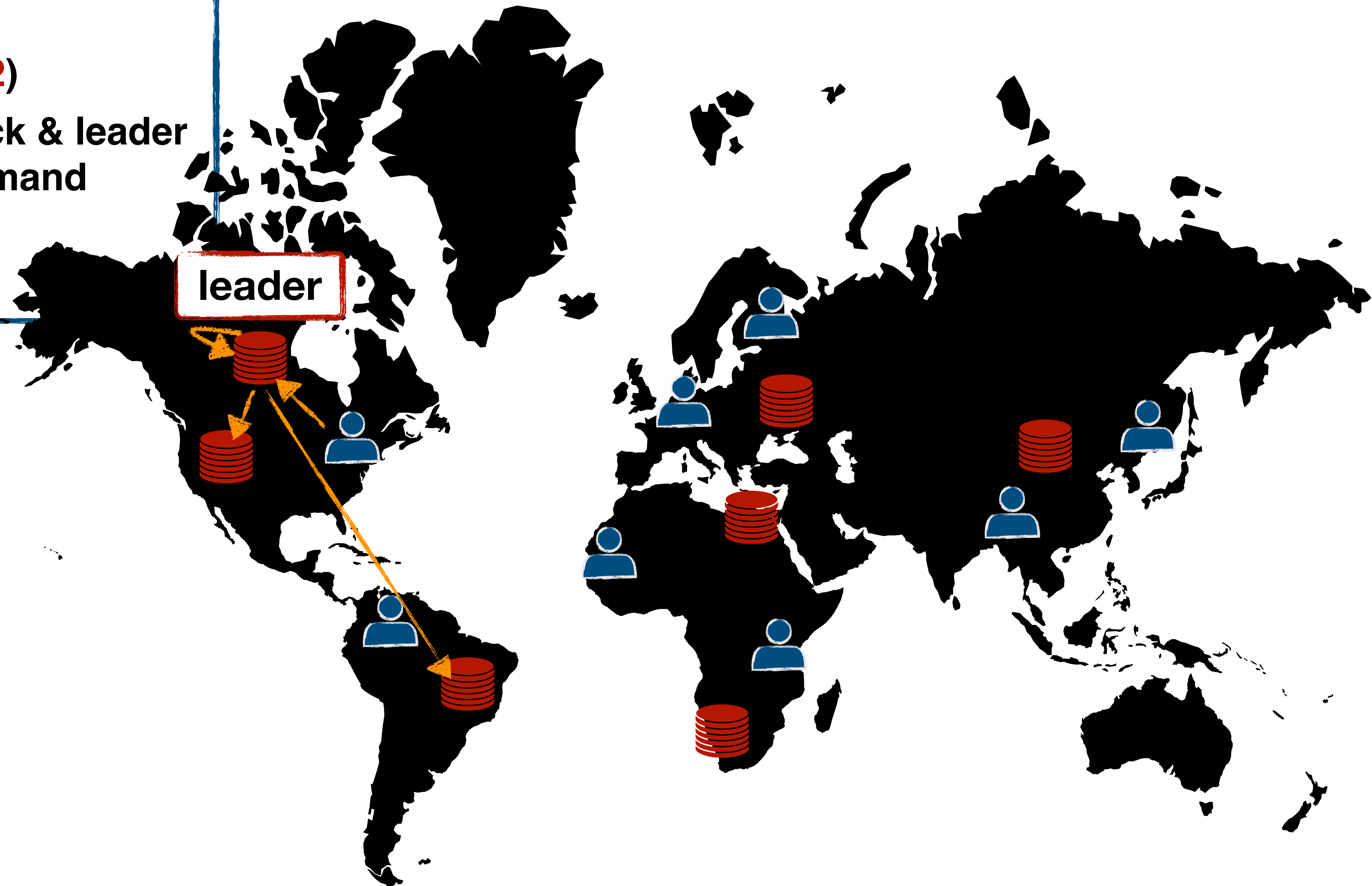
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- forwards it to $f+1$ acceptors (say $f=2$)



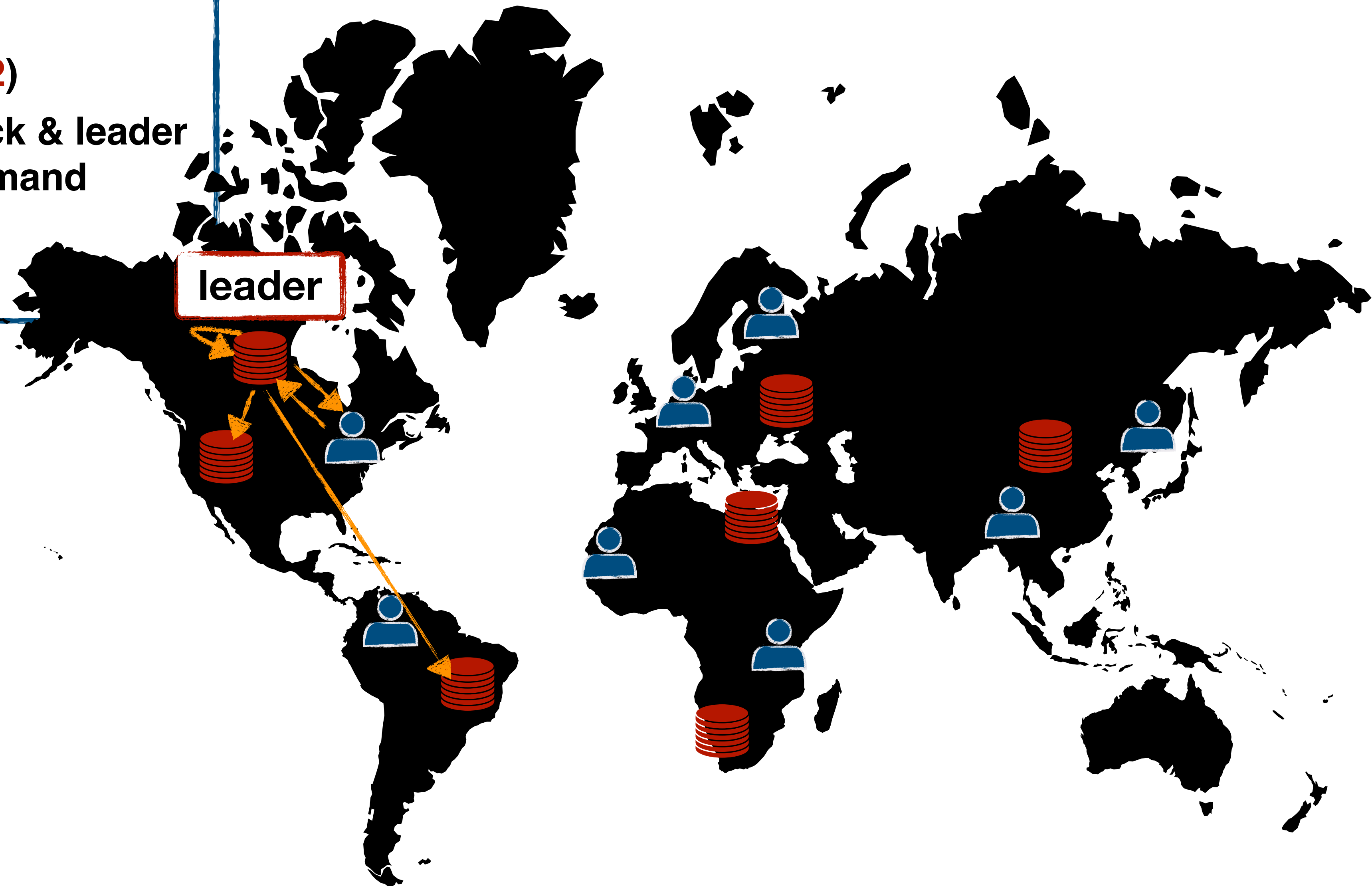
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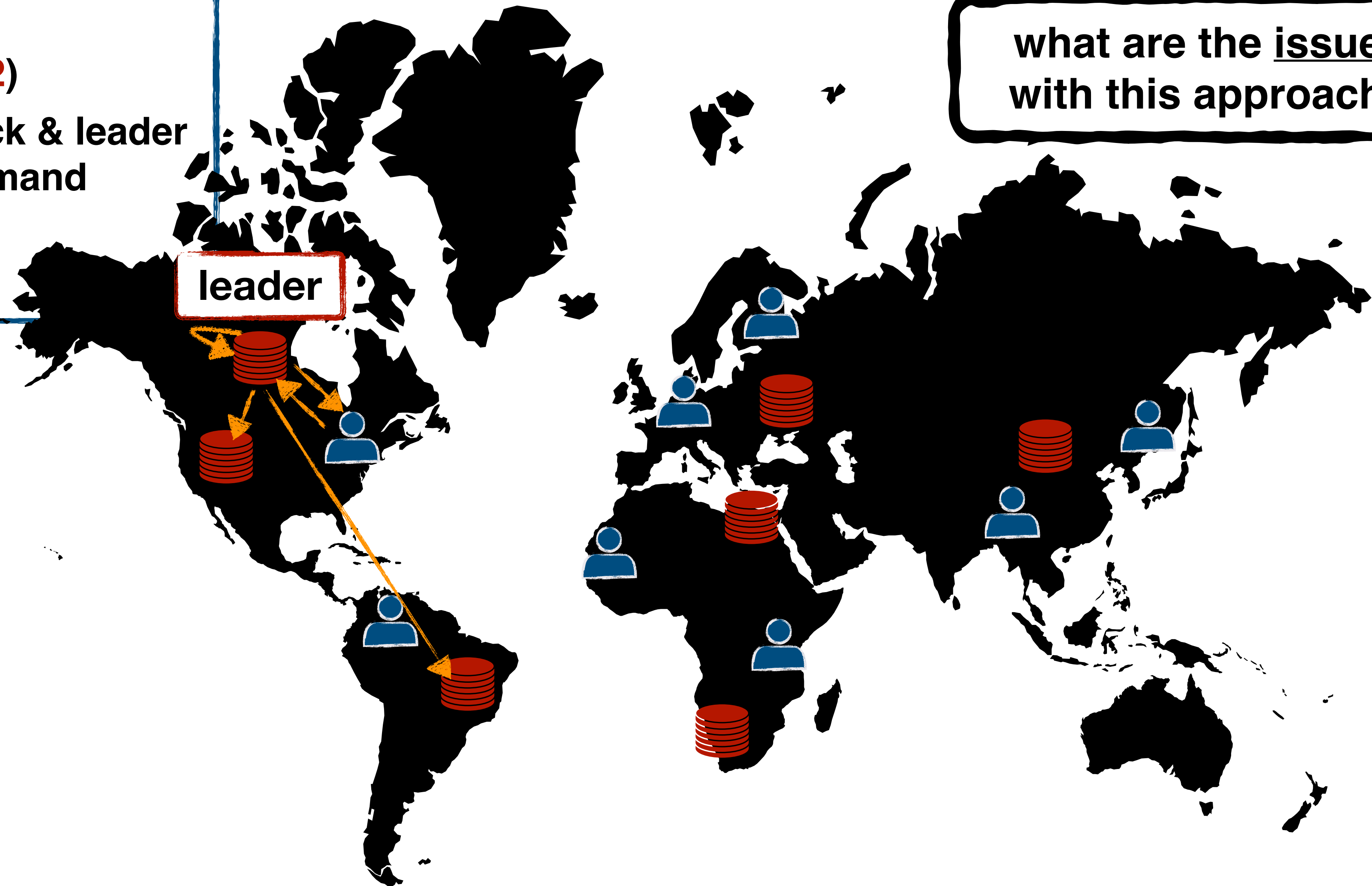
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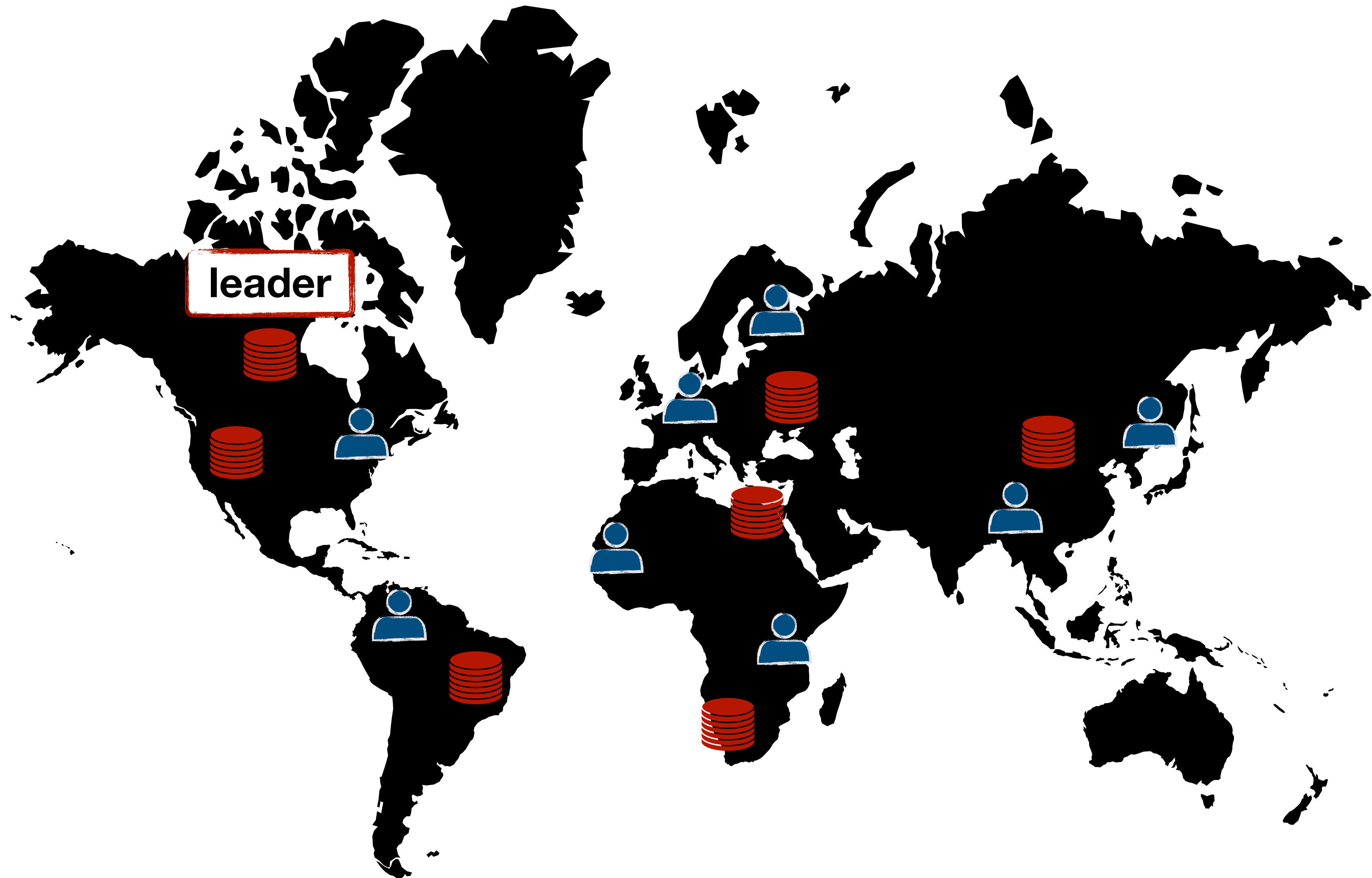
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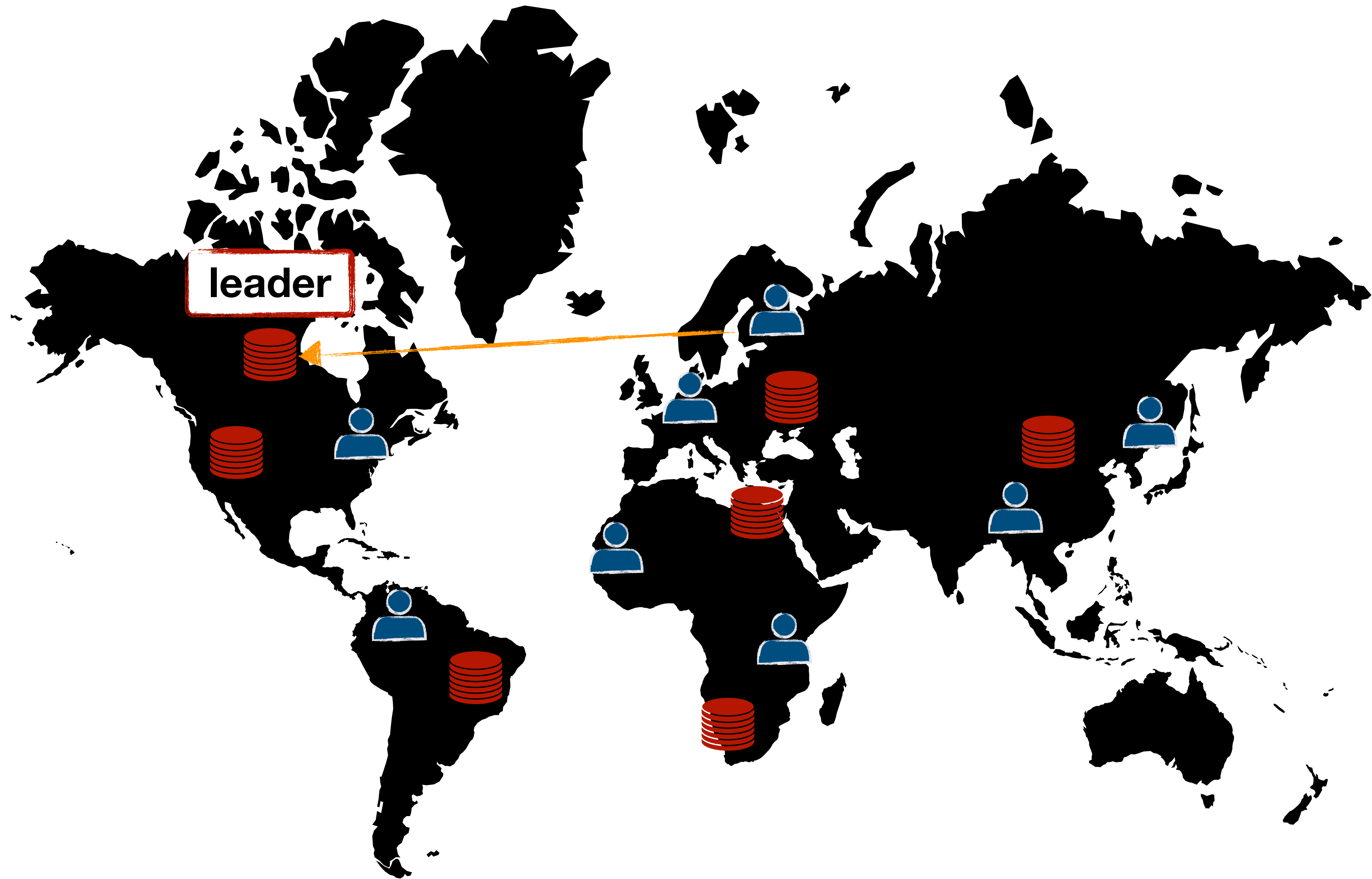
what are the issues with this approach?



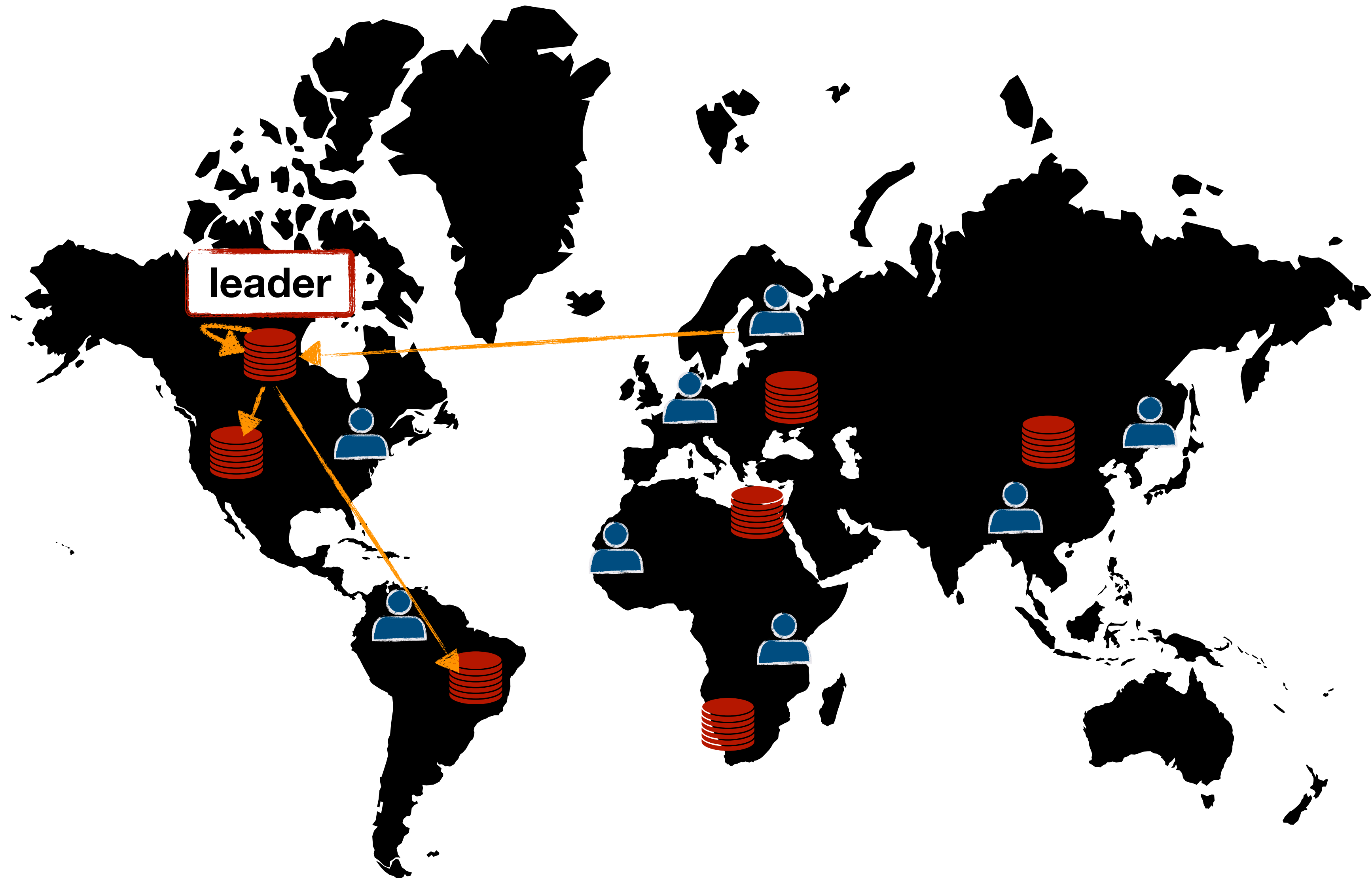
leader-based SMR pitfalls



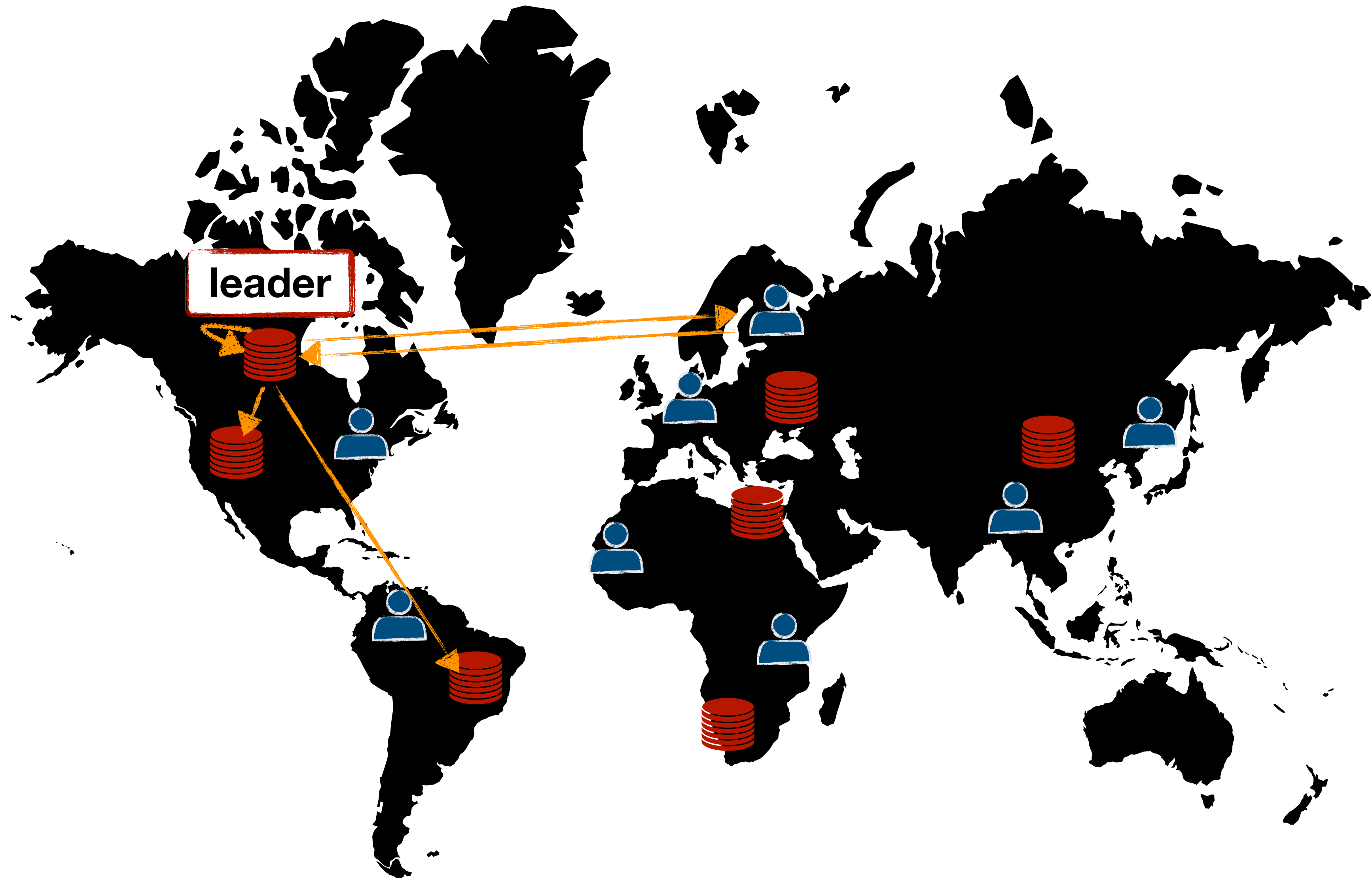
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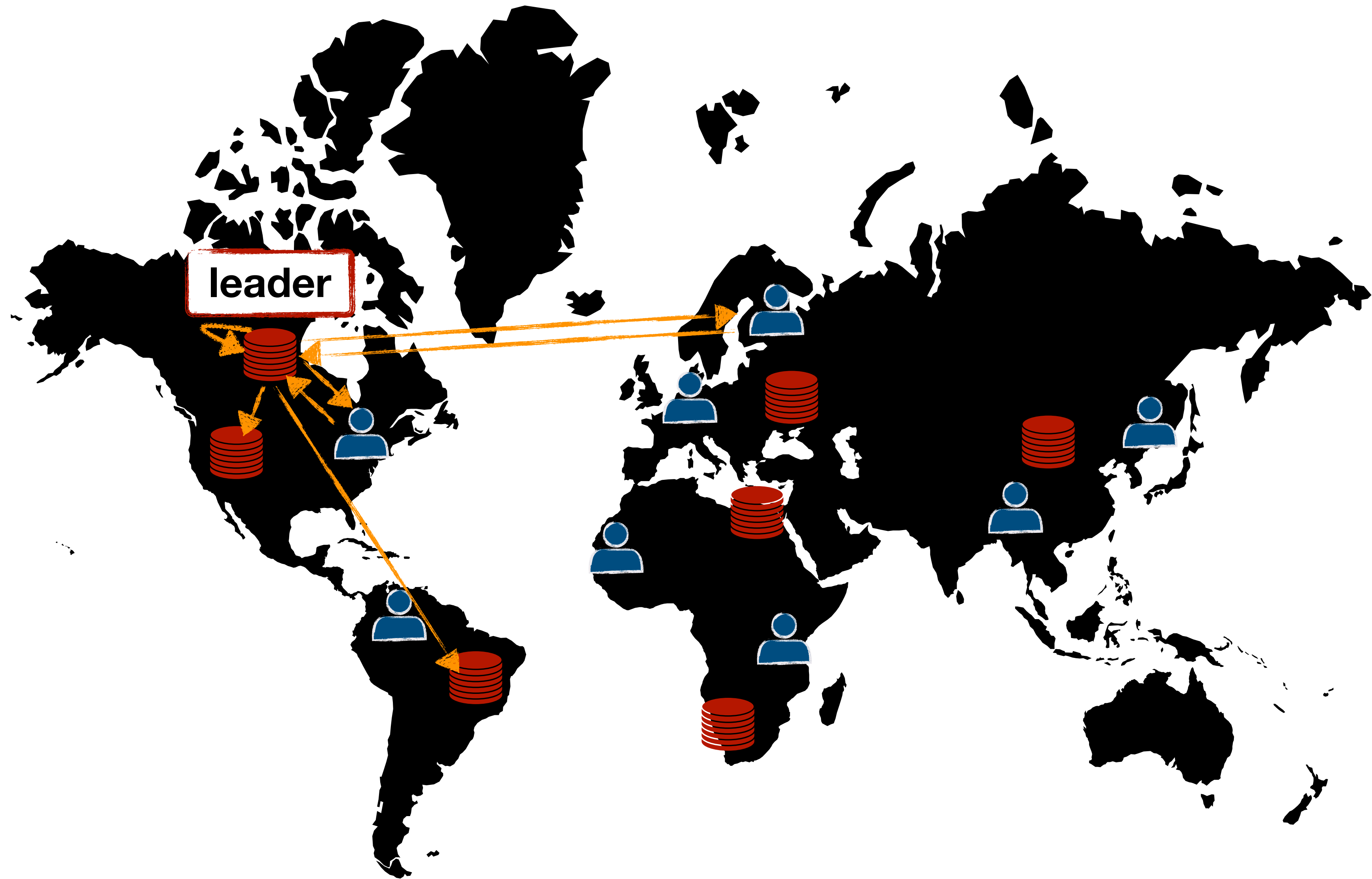
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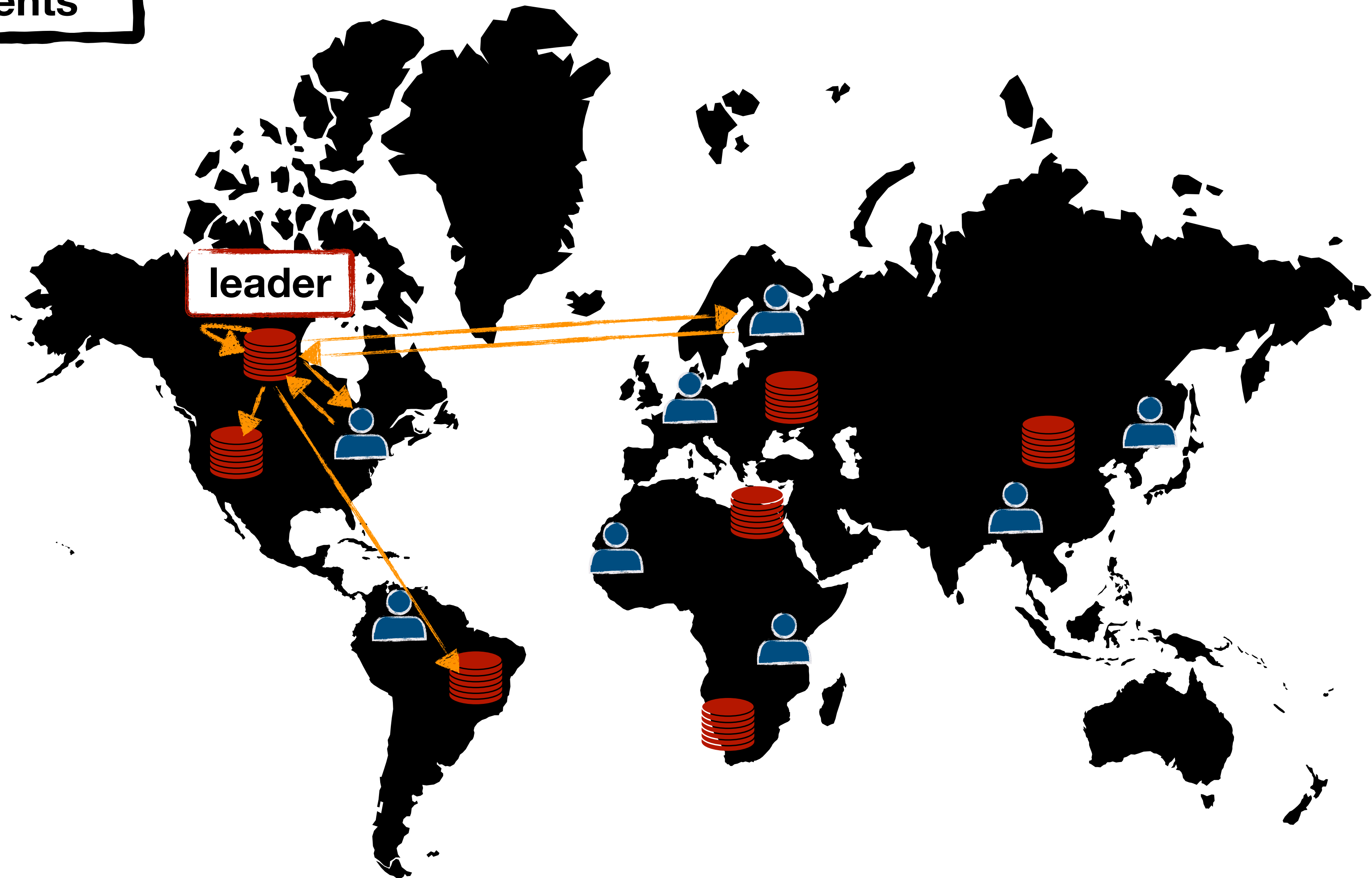


leader-based SMR pitfalls



✖
unfairness/high latency
for faraway clients

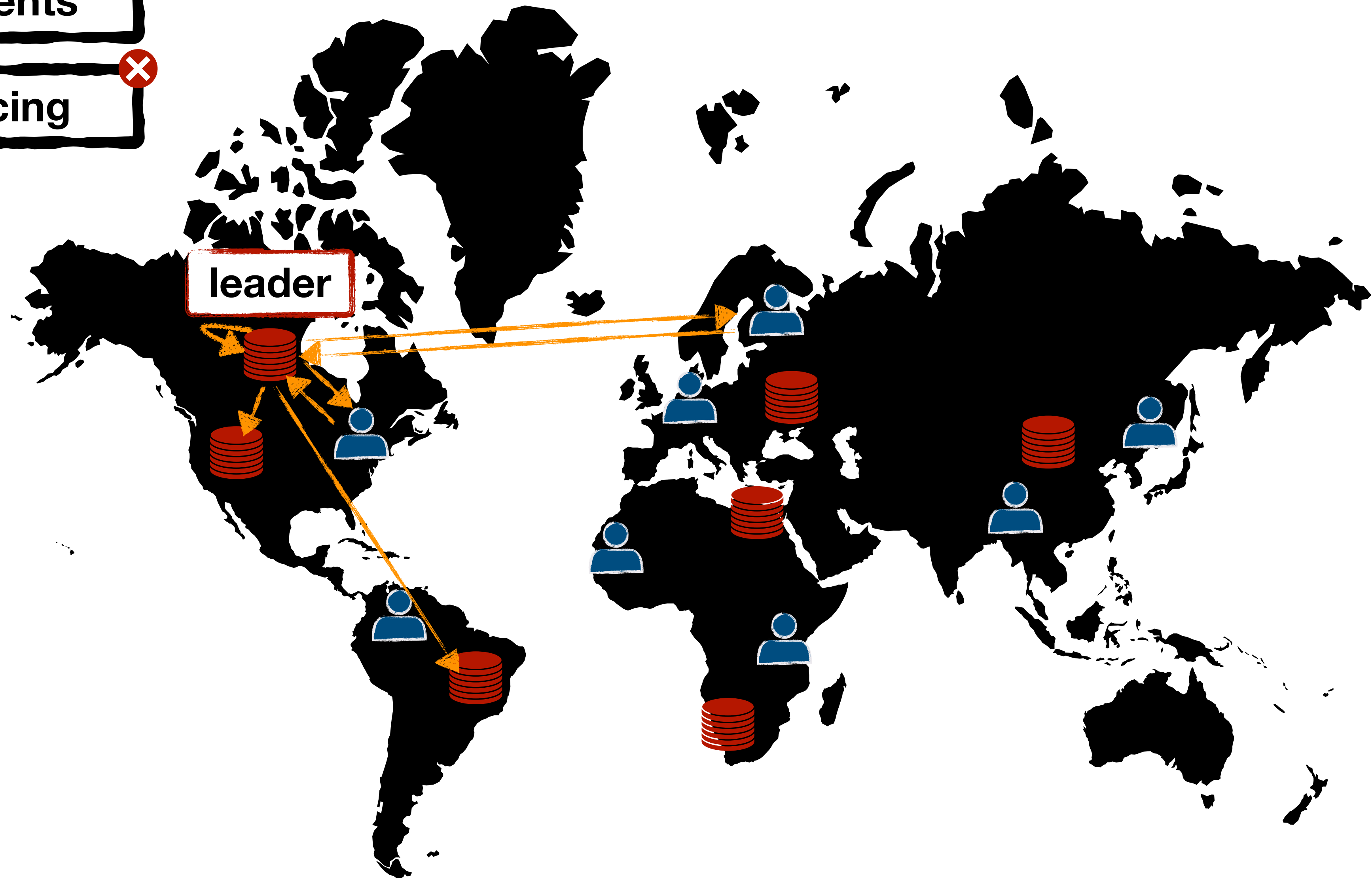
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leader-based SMR pitfalls

✗
unfairness/high latency
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✗
no load balancing

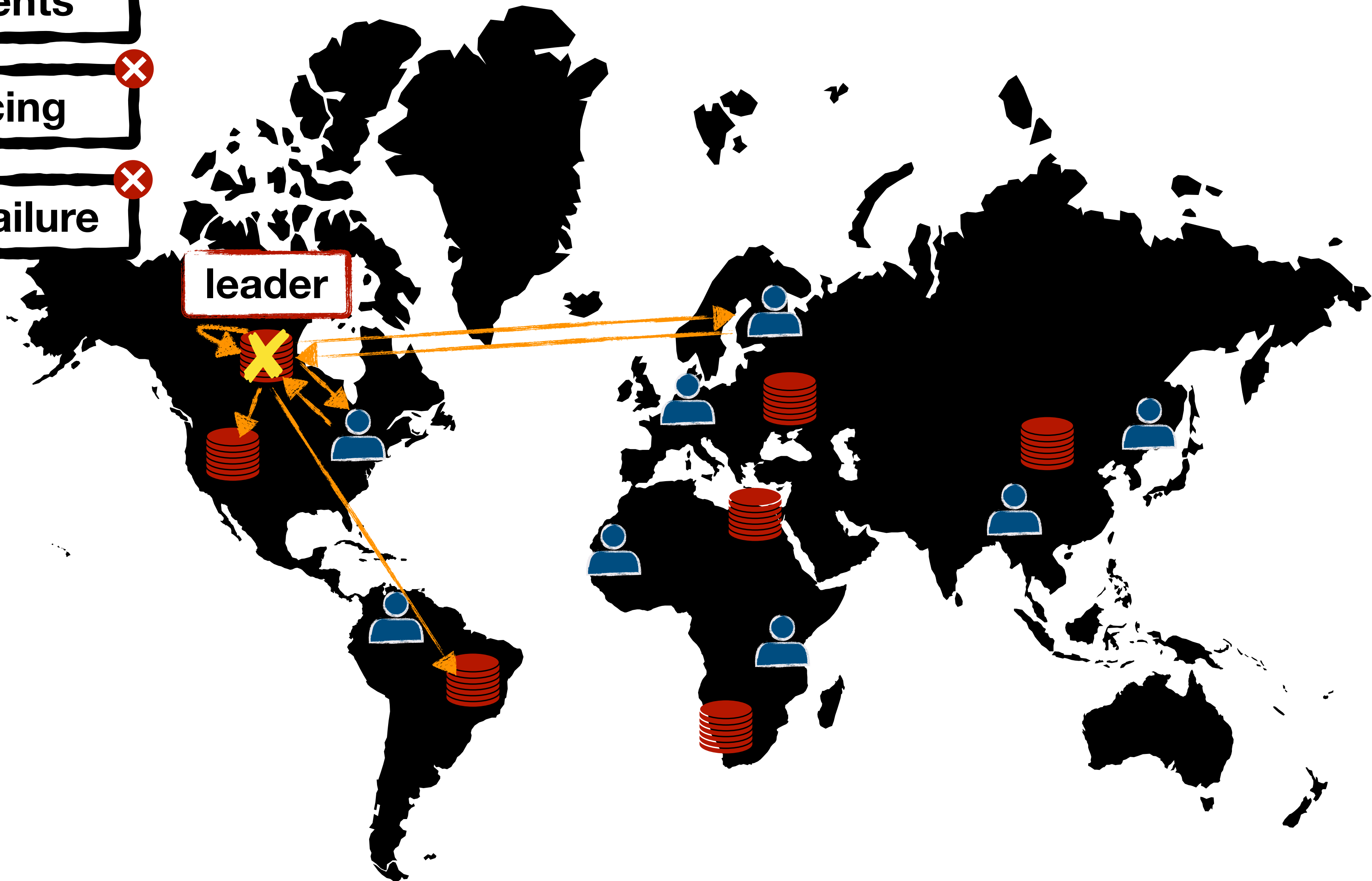


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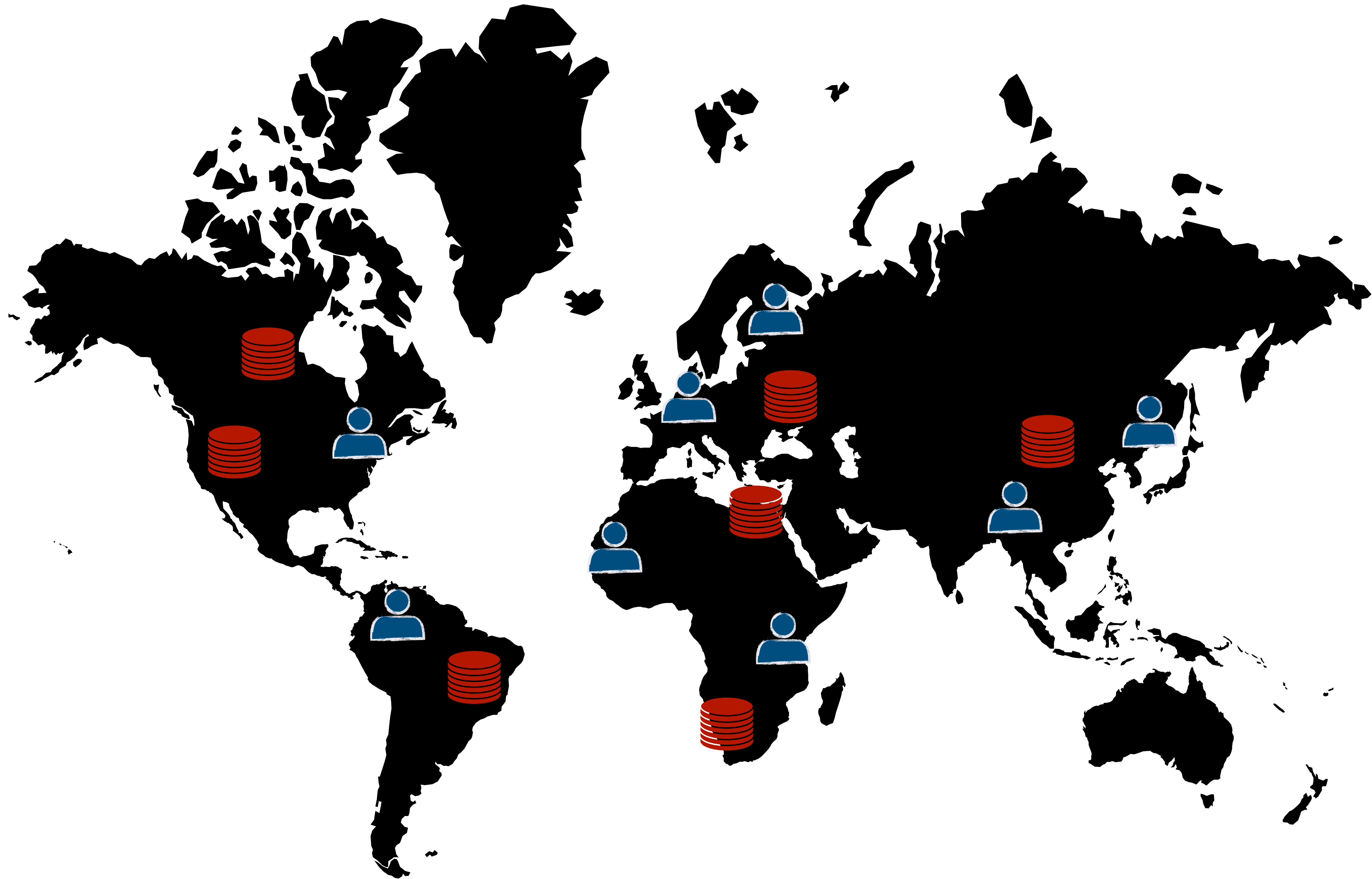
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unfairness/high latency
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✗
no load balancing

✗
single point of failure

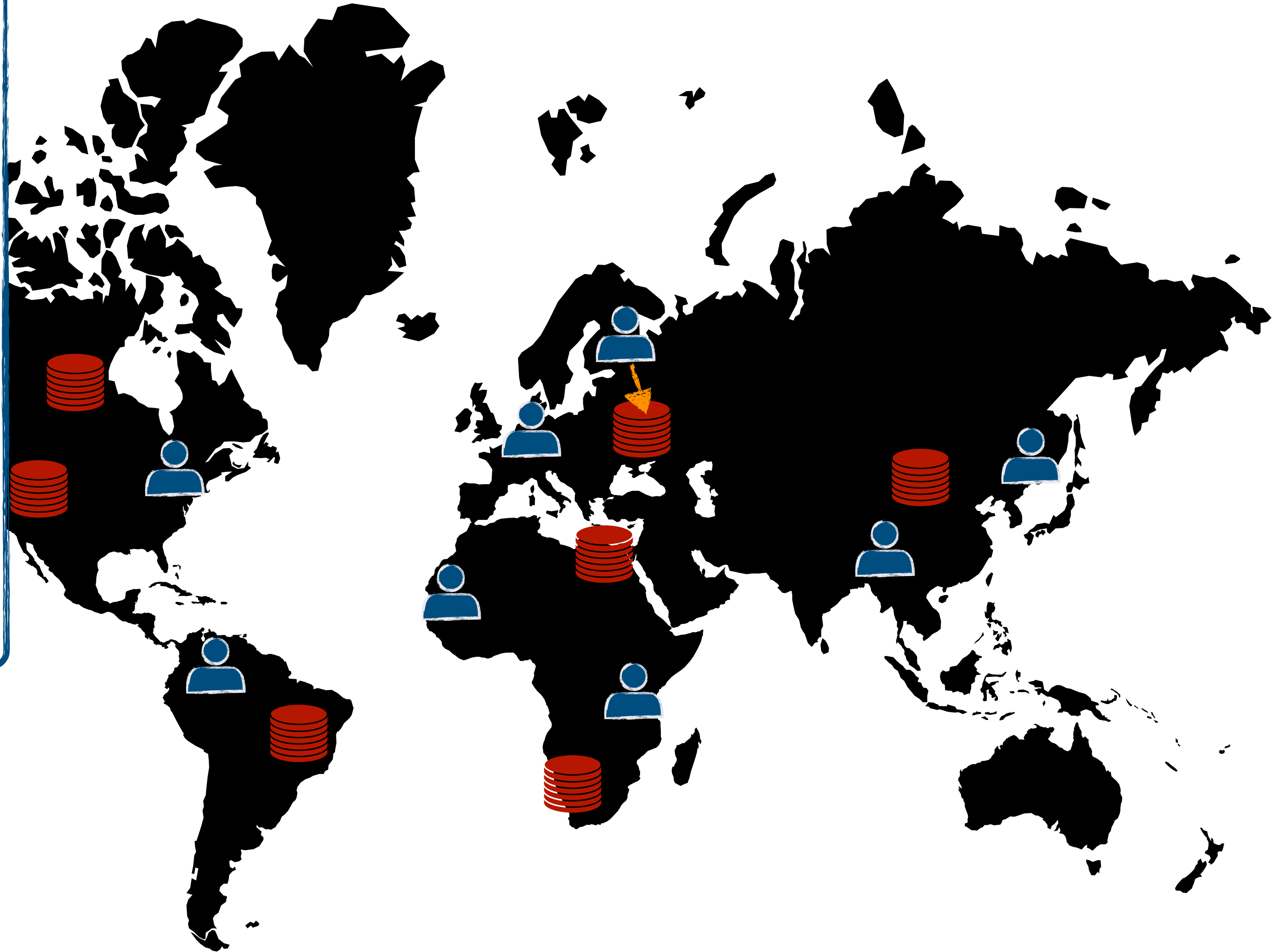


leaderless SMR (e.g. epaxos)



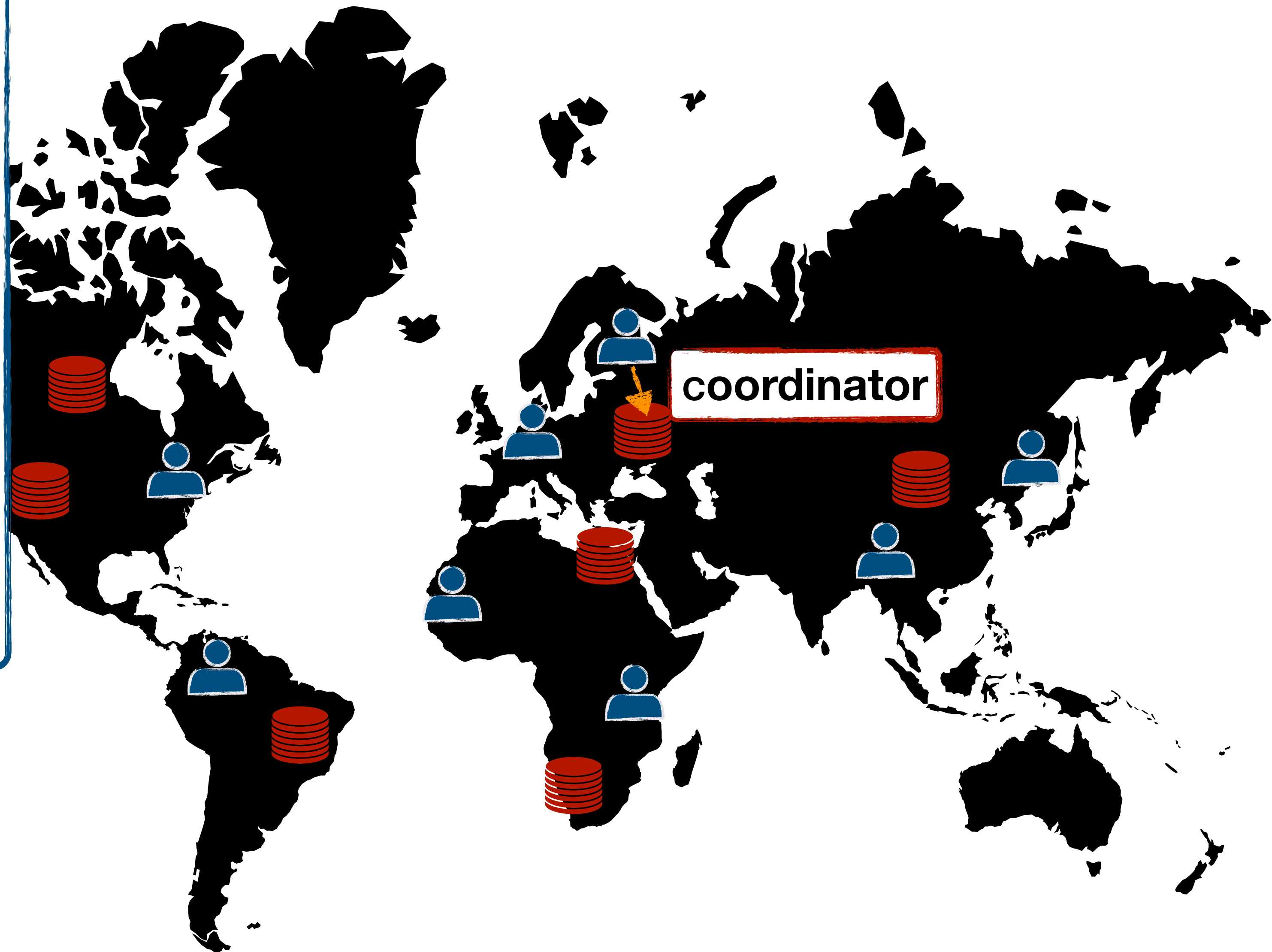
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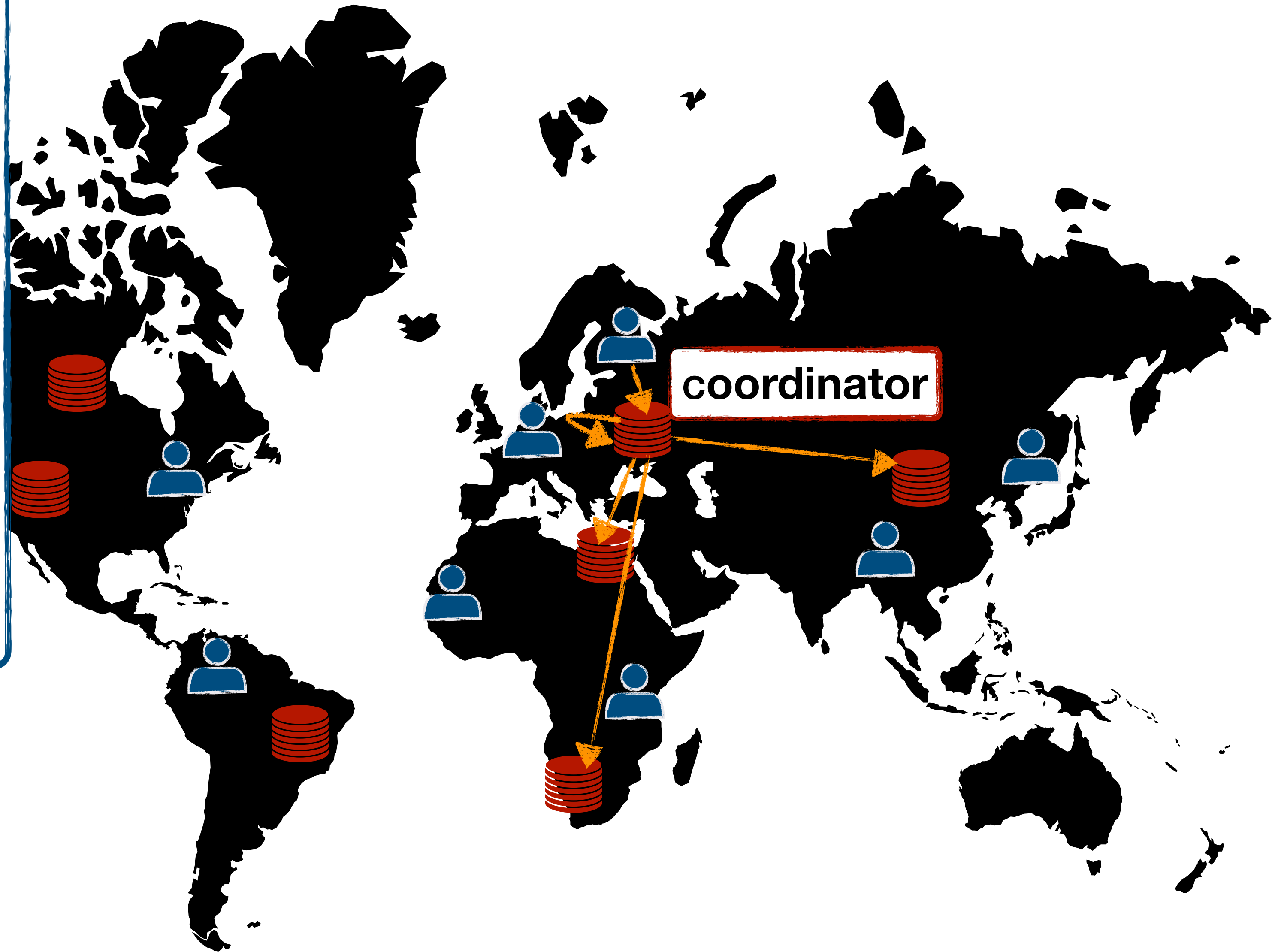
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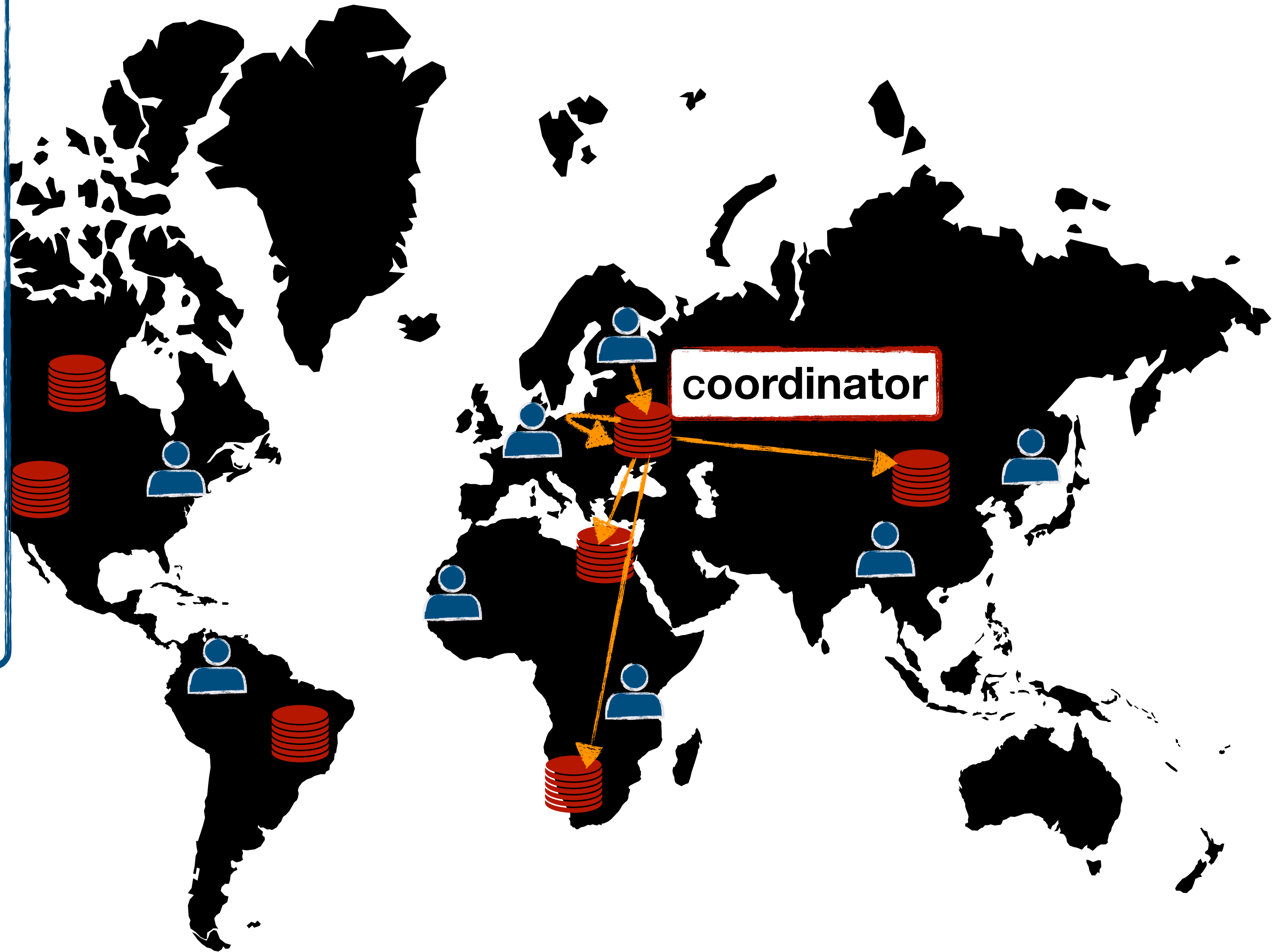
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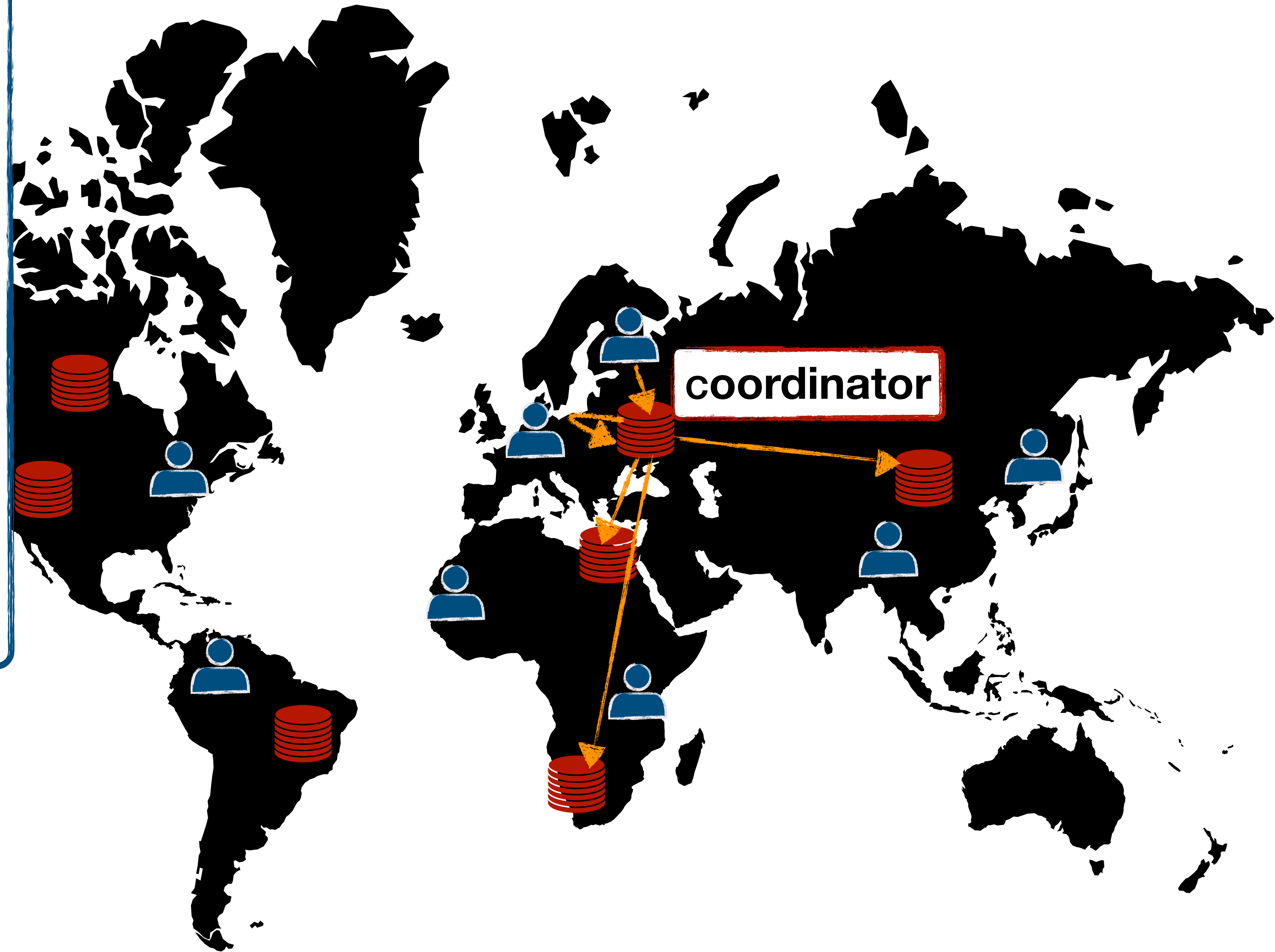
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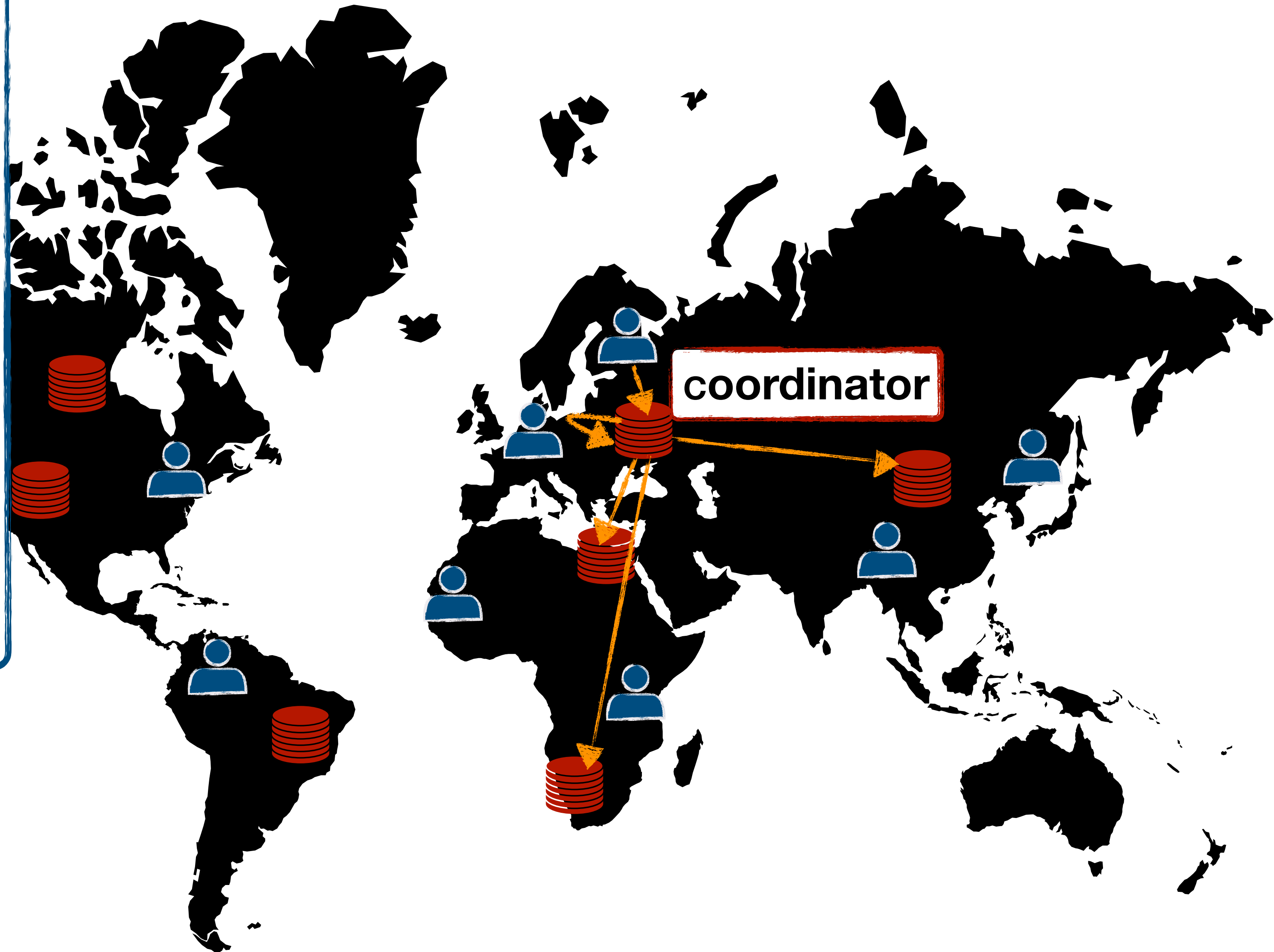
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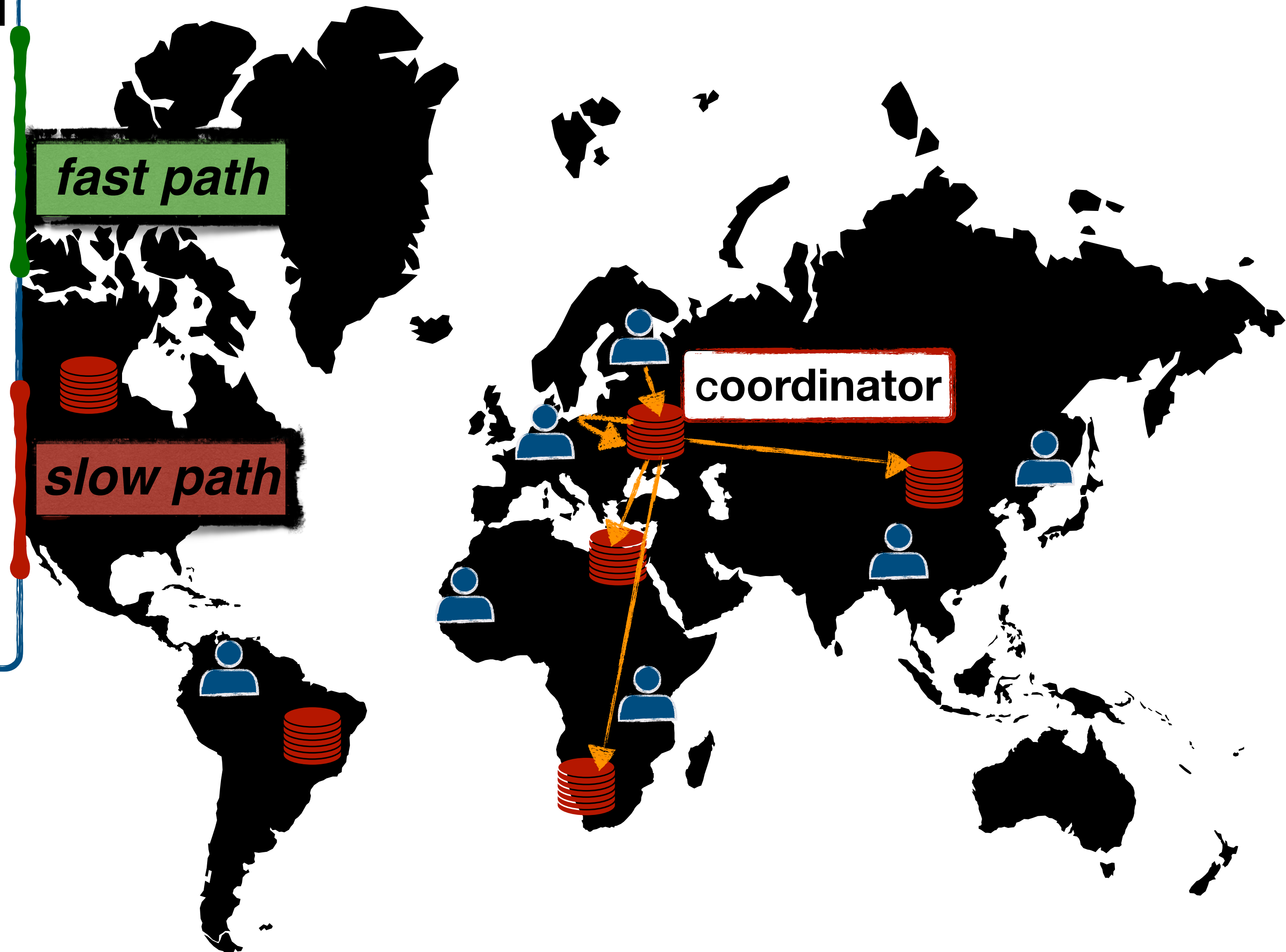
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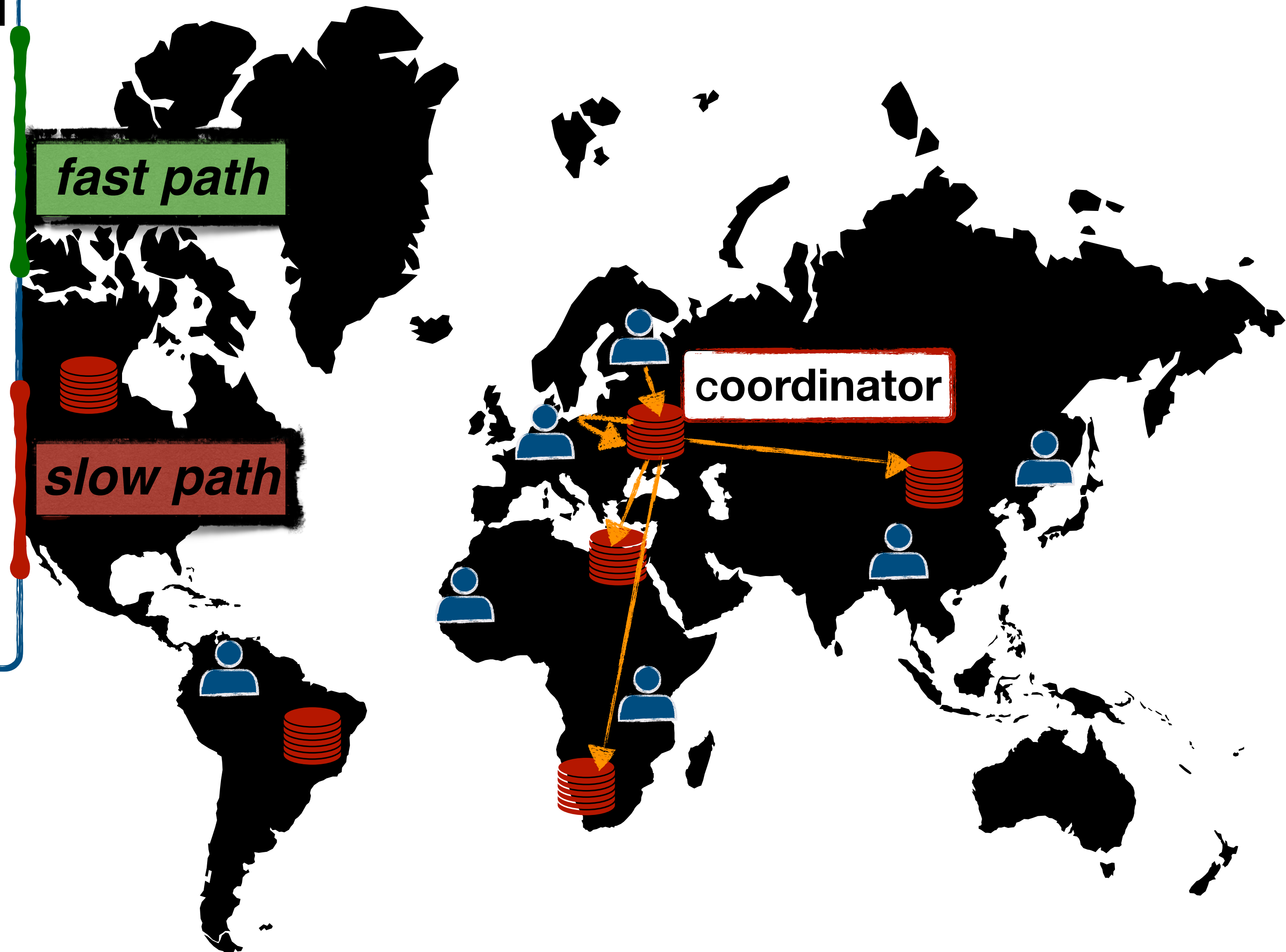
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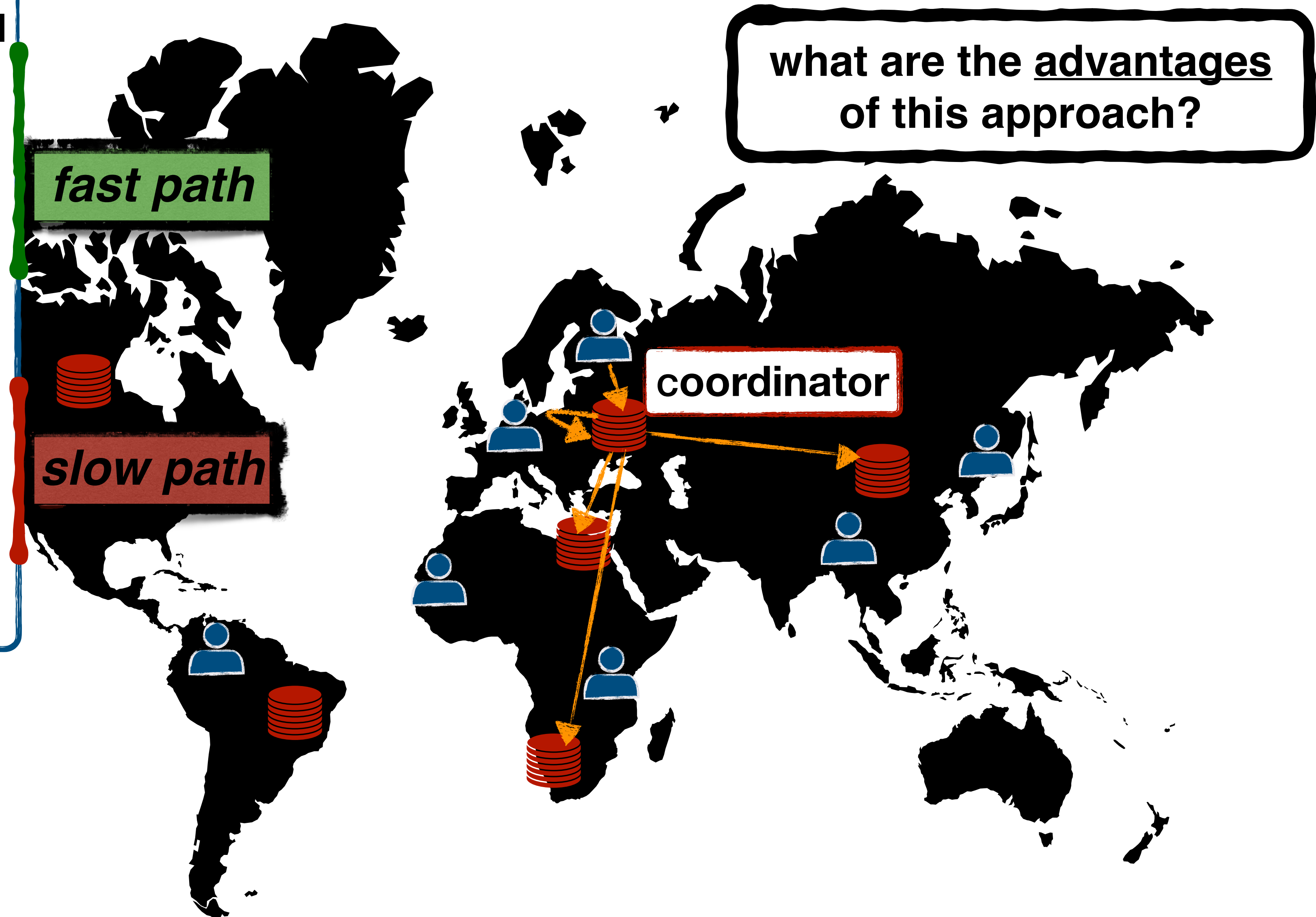
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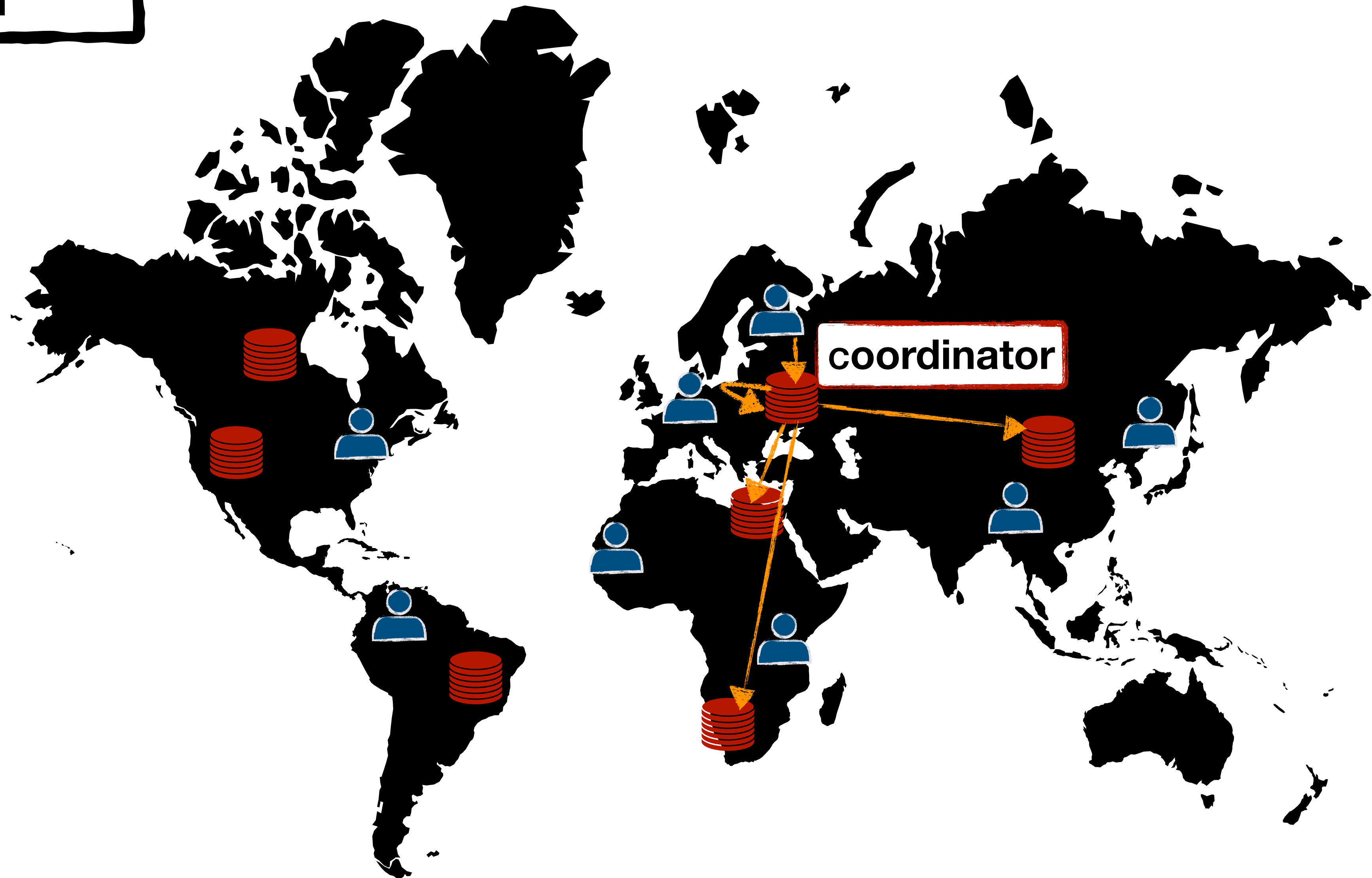
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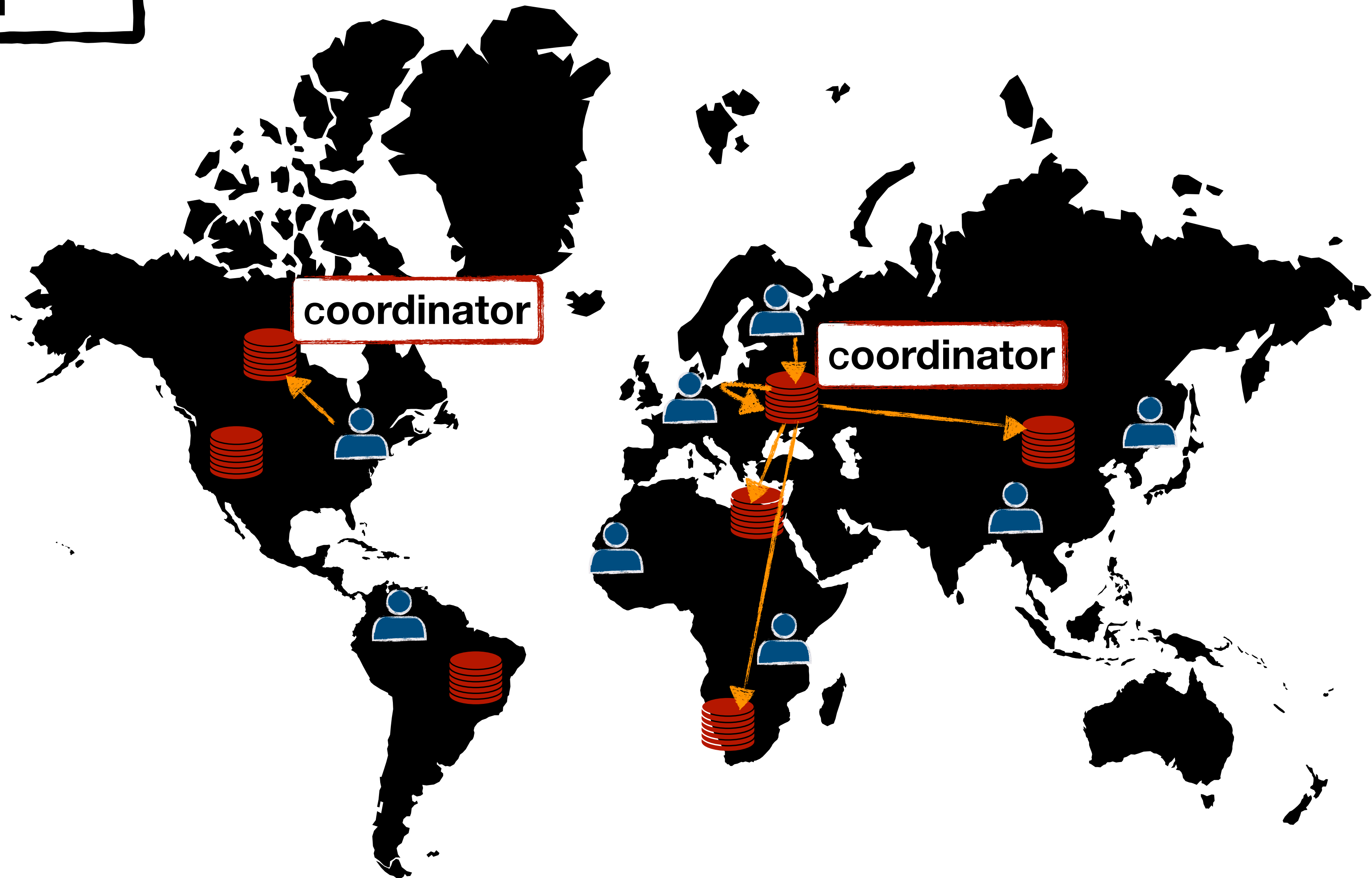
✓
fairer latency
distribution

leaderless SMR advantages



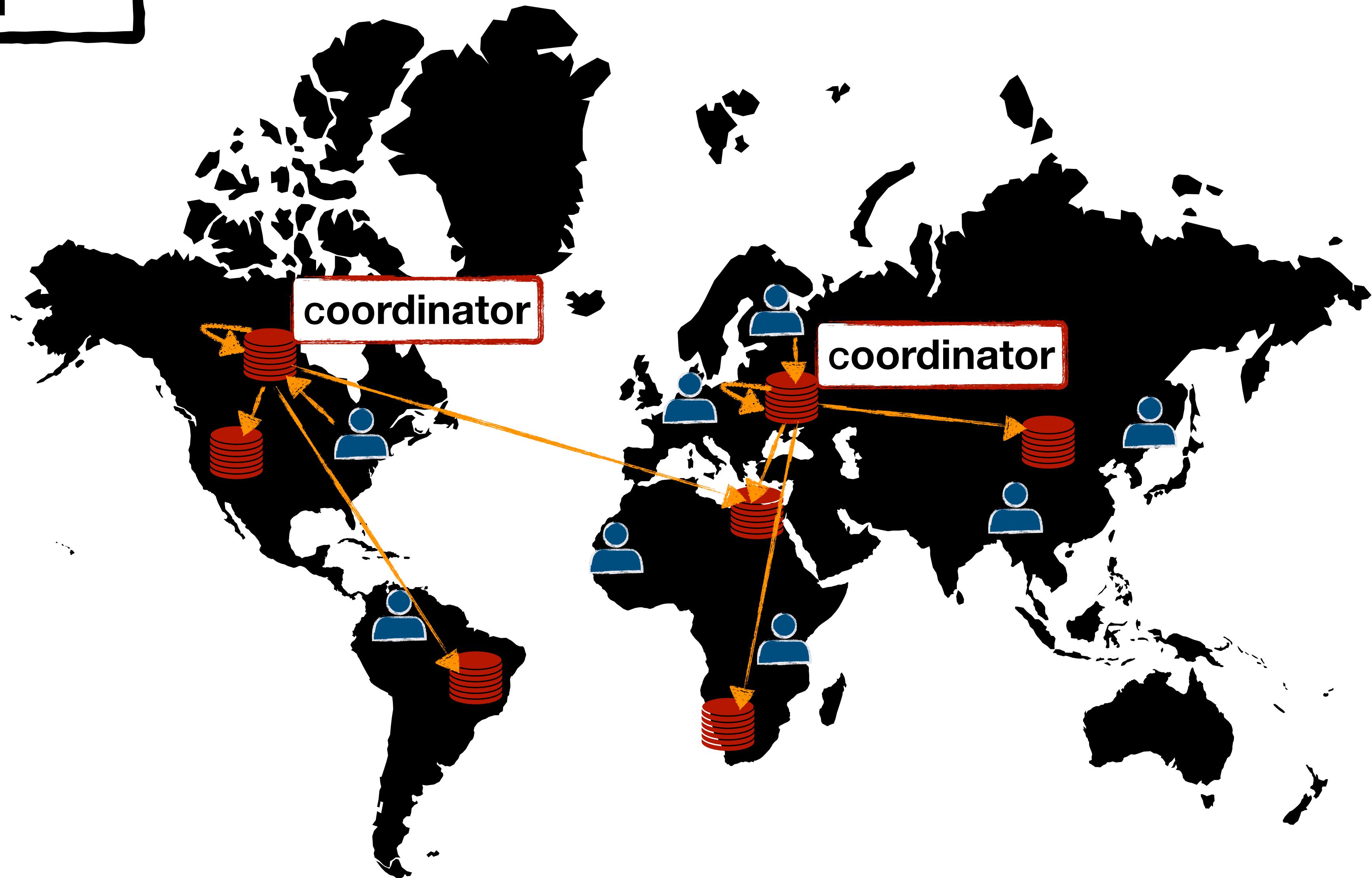
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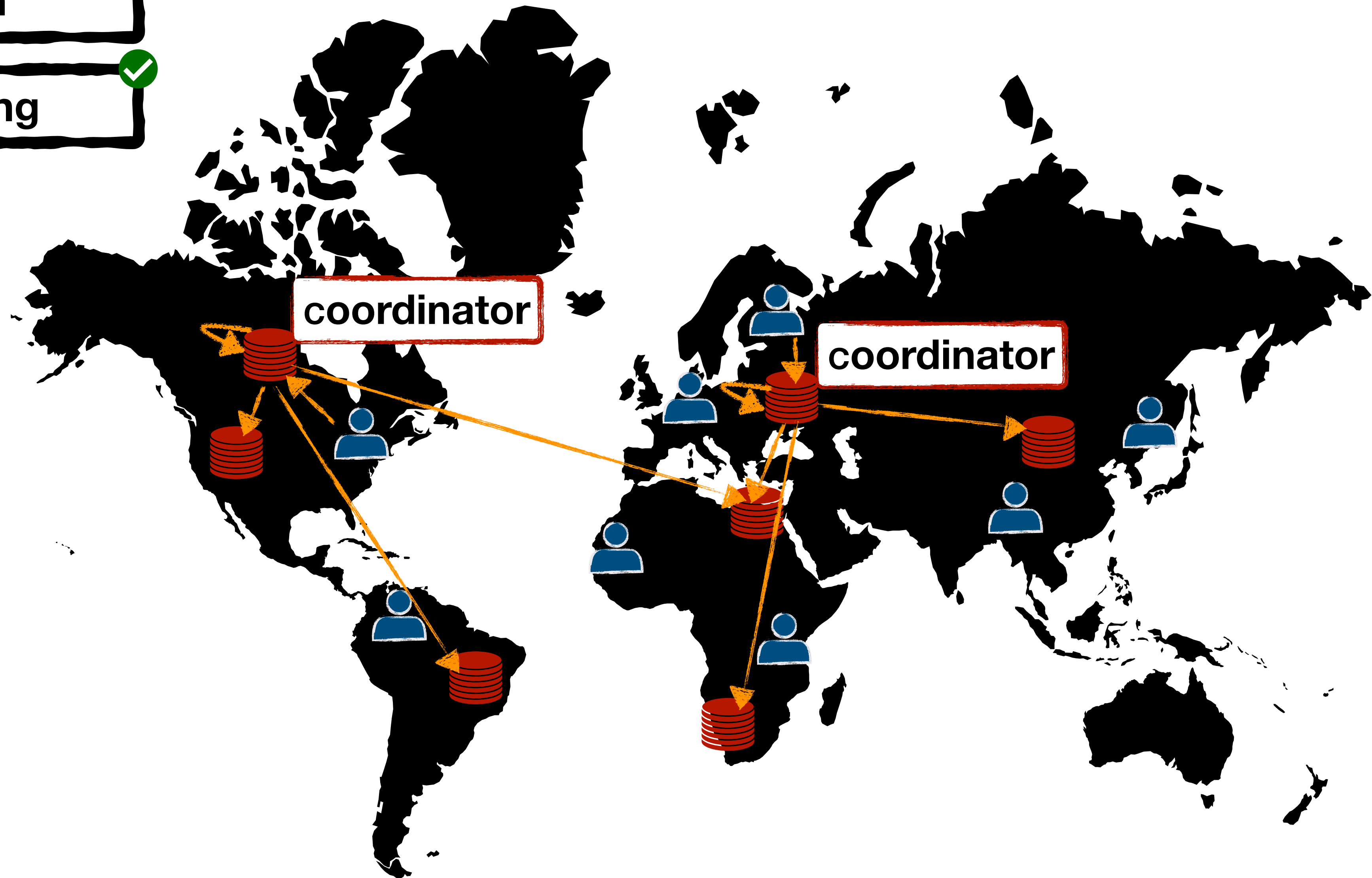
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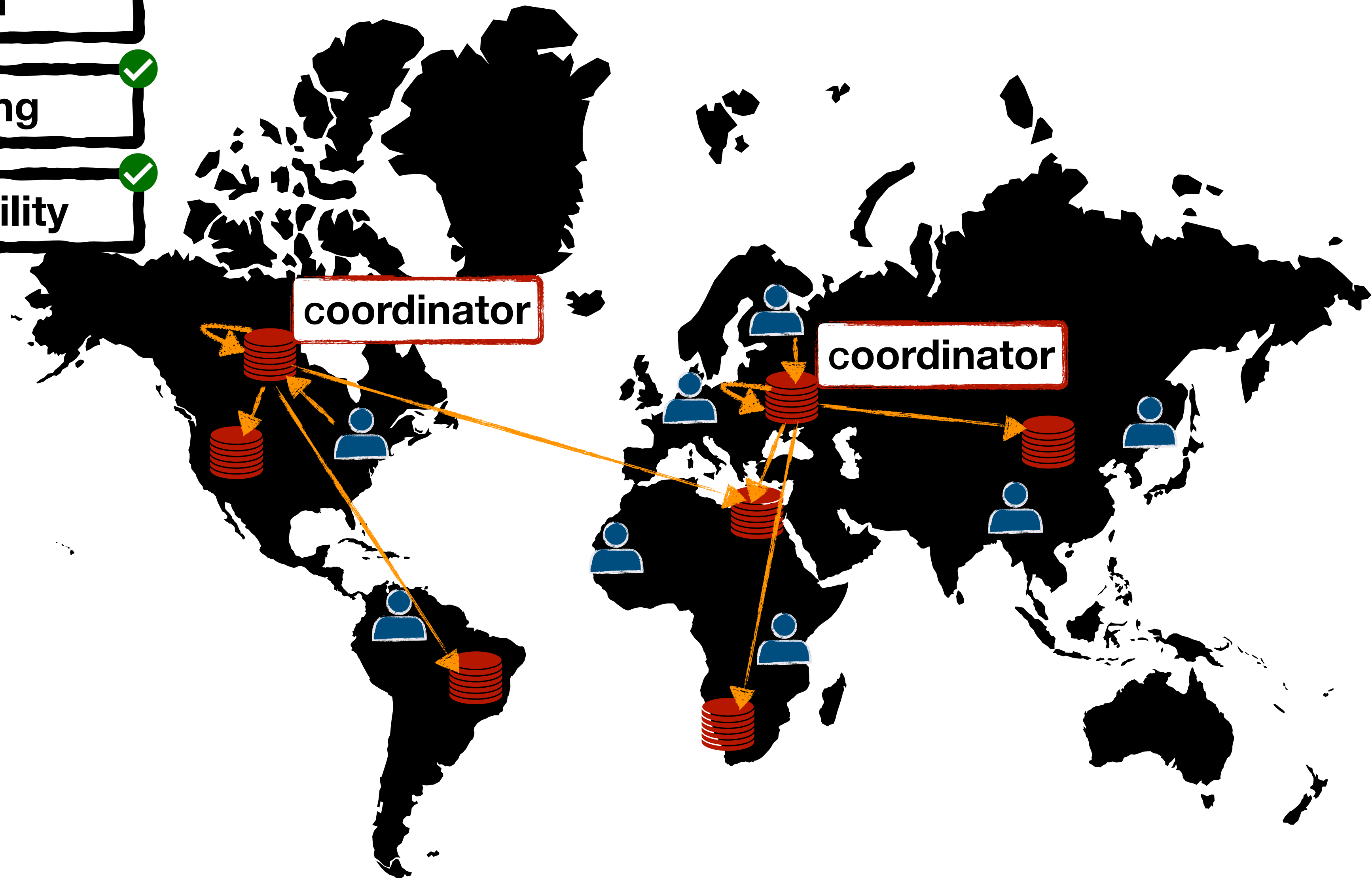


leaderless SMR advantages

fairer latency
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higher availability

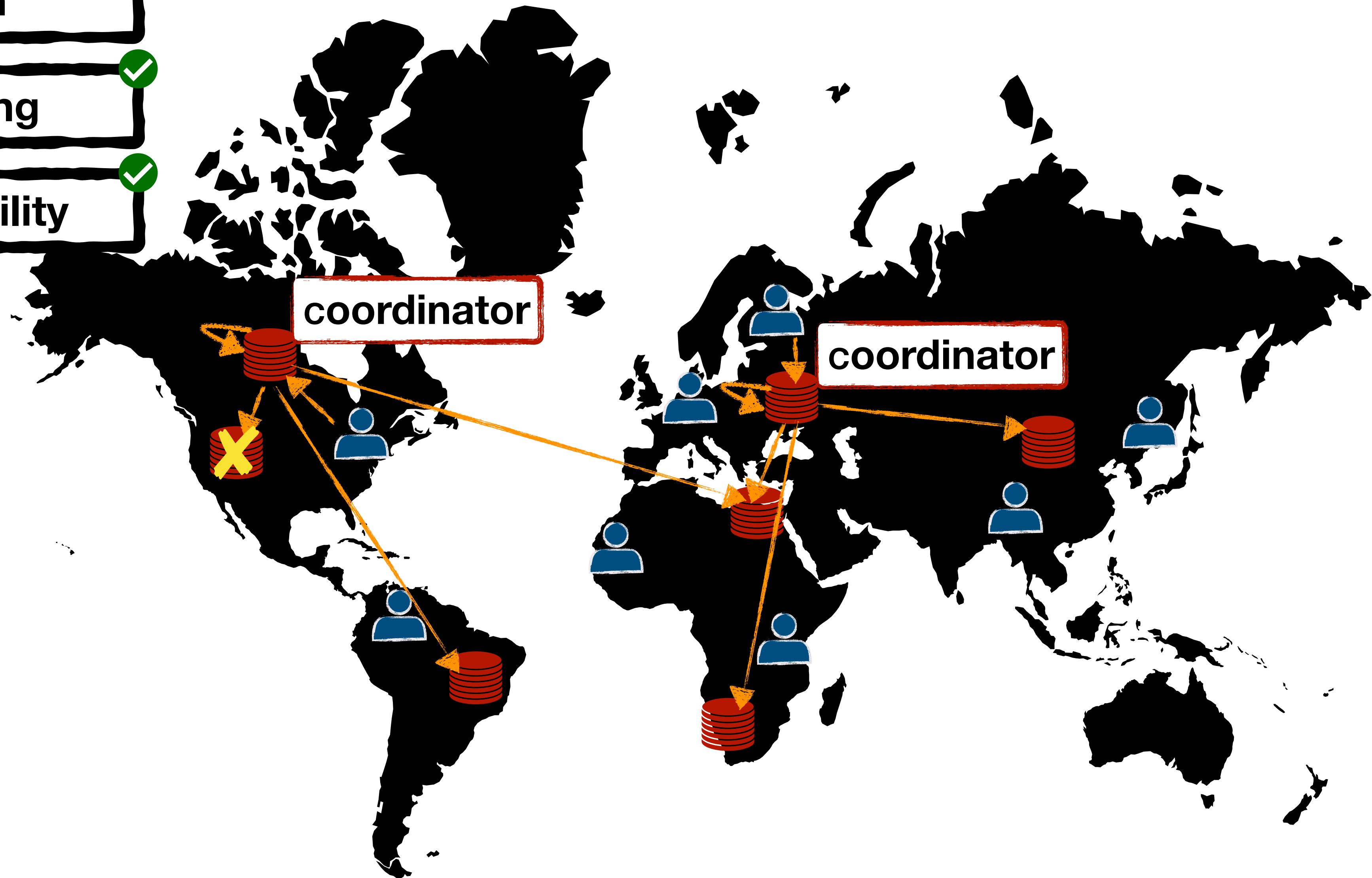


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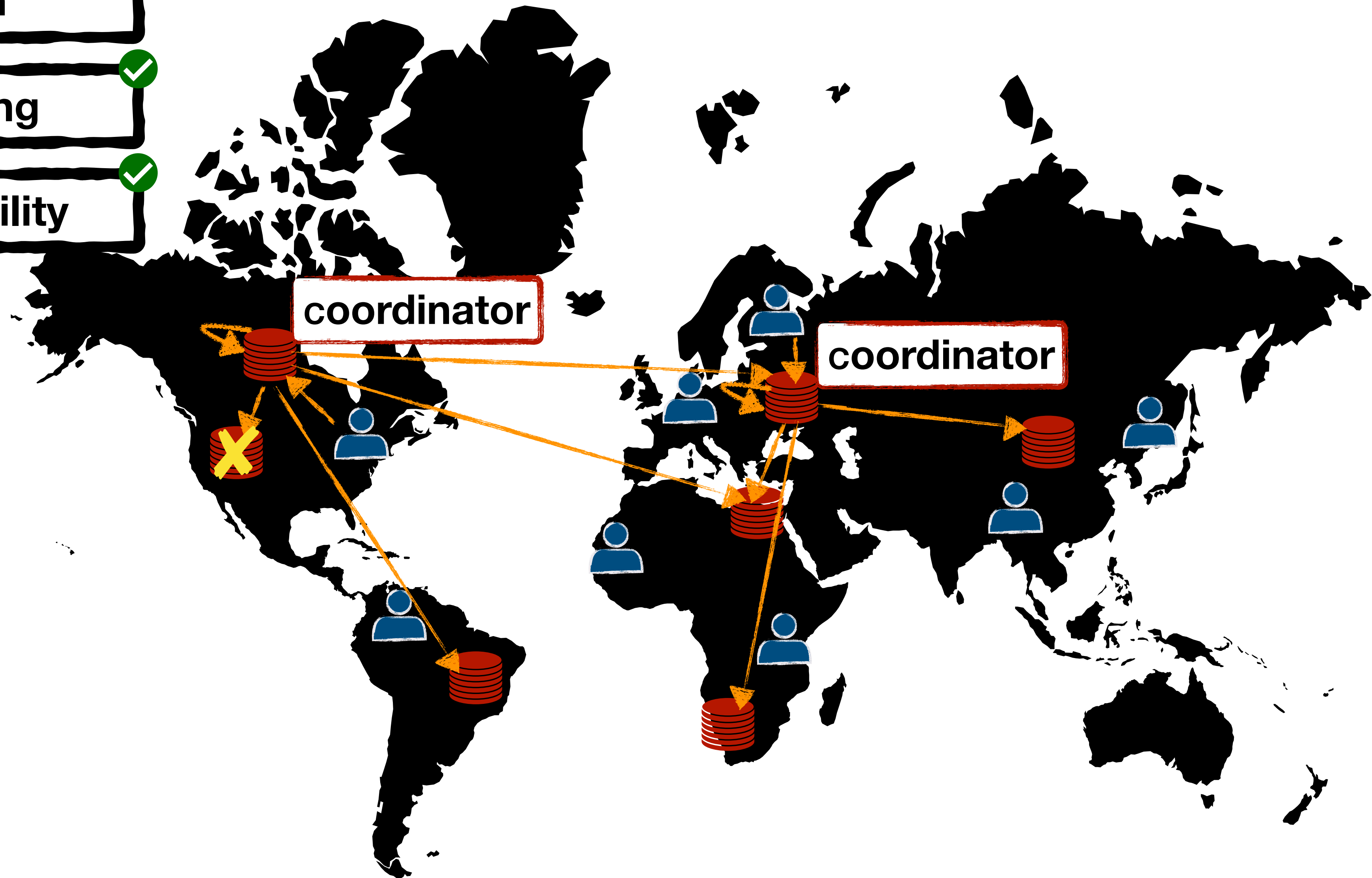


leaderless SMR advantages

fairer latency
distribution

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higher availability



leader-based SMR X leaderless SMR

unfairness/high latency
for faraway clients

no load balancing

single point of failure

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*why haven't
leaderless protocols
been adopted by industry?*

leader-based SMR X

unfairness/high latency
for faraway clients

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single point of failure

NOT PRACTICAL!!

fairer latency
distribution

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*why haven't
leaderless protocols
been adopted by industry?*

*can leaderless SMR
be **practical** for
planet-scale systems?*

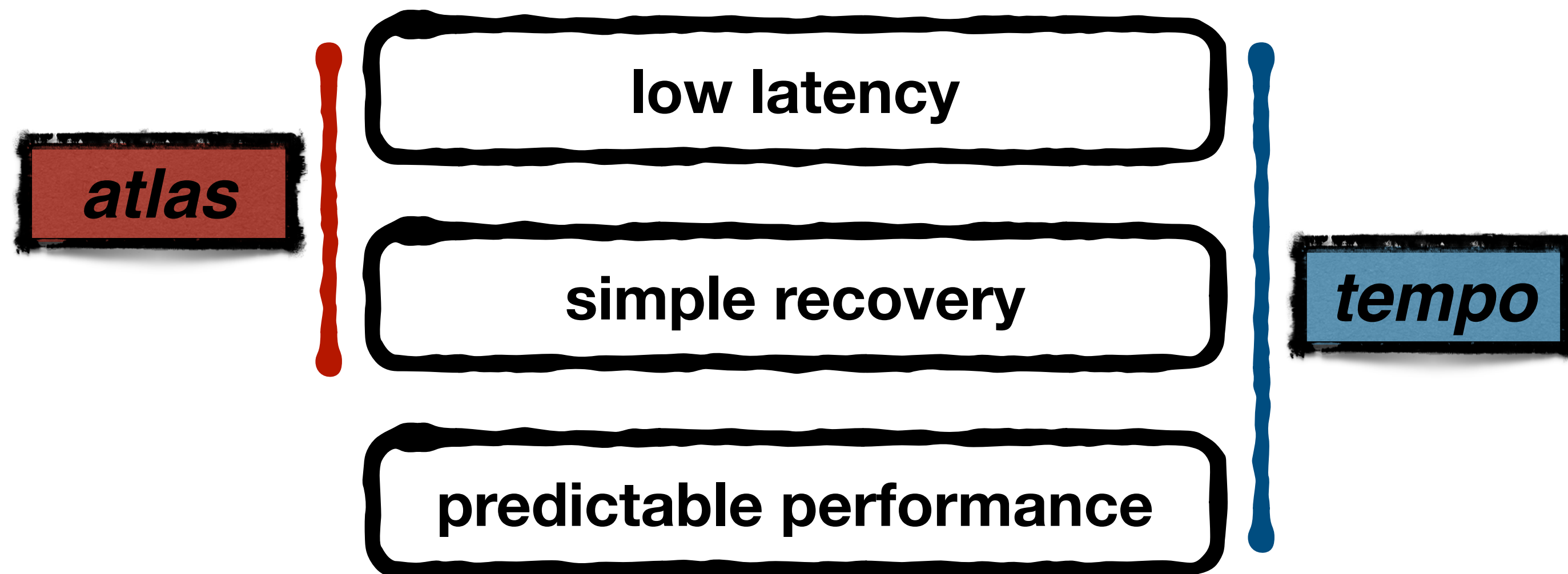
*can leaderless SMR
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low latency

simple recovery

predictable performance

*can leaderless SMR
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a note on commutativity

- leaderless protocols typically exploit the fact that **commands frequently commute**
 - and when they do, **commands don't have to be ordered** (improving performance)

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*we say that commands **conflict**
when they **do not commute***


low latency - SMR protocols



	small quorums	single round-trip
paxos		
epaxos		
<i>atlas</i>		
<i>tempo</i>		



low latency - SMR protocols



	small quorums	single round-trip
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low latency - SMR protocols



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f is always minority :(

low latency - bounds on failures

- existing leaderless protocols assume a minority for **f** (e.g. **f=3** out of **r=7**)

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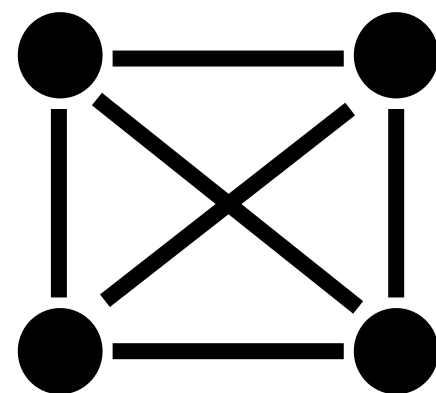
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 - 17 DCs where each DC periodically **pings** the remaining DCs

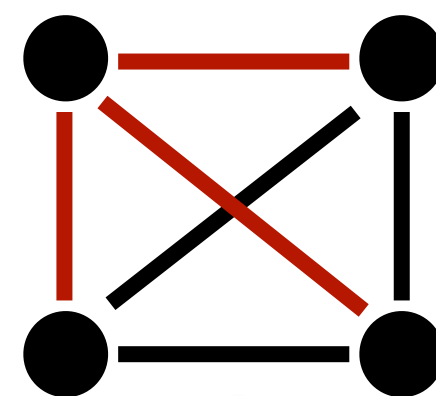
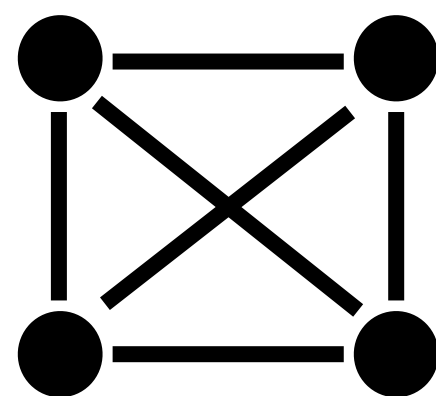


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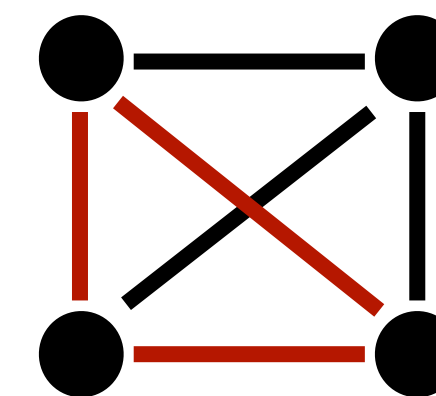
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 - they were **always incident to 1 DC**



always this!



never this!

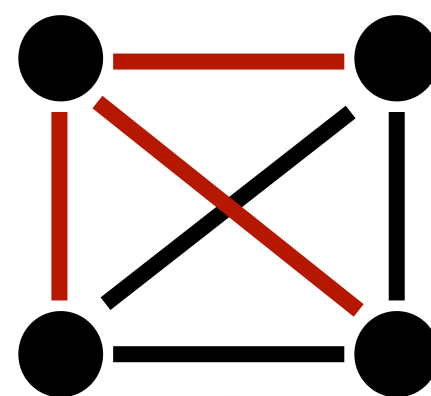
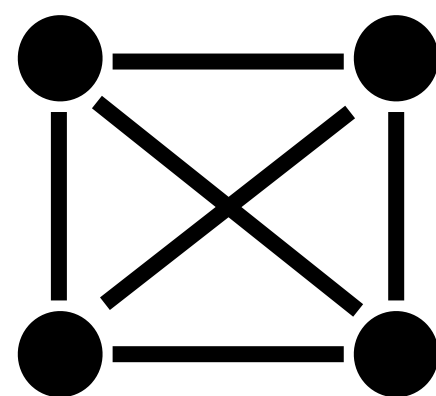
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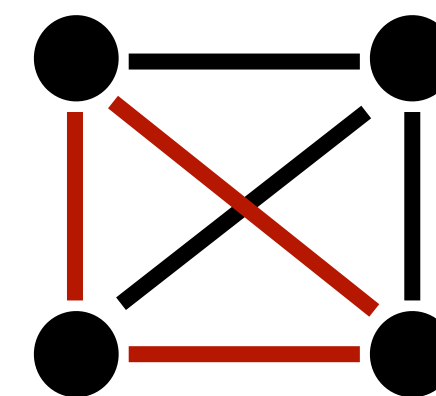
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***$f=1$ or $f=2$**
is acceptable*



always this!



never this!

low latency - SMR protocols








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<i>atlas</i>		
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low latency - SMR protocols

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small for small
values of f

low latency - SMR protocols

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small for small
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flexible fast-path condition!

atlas

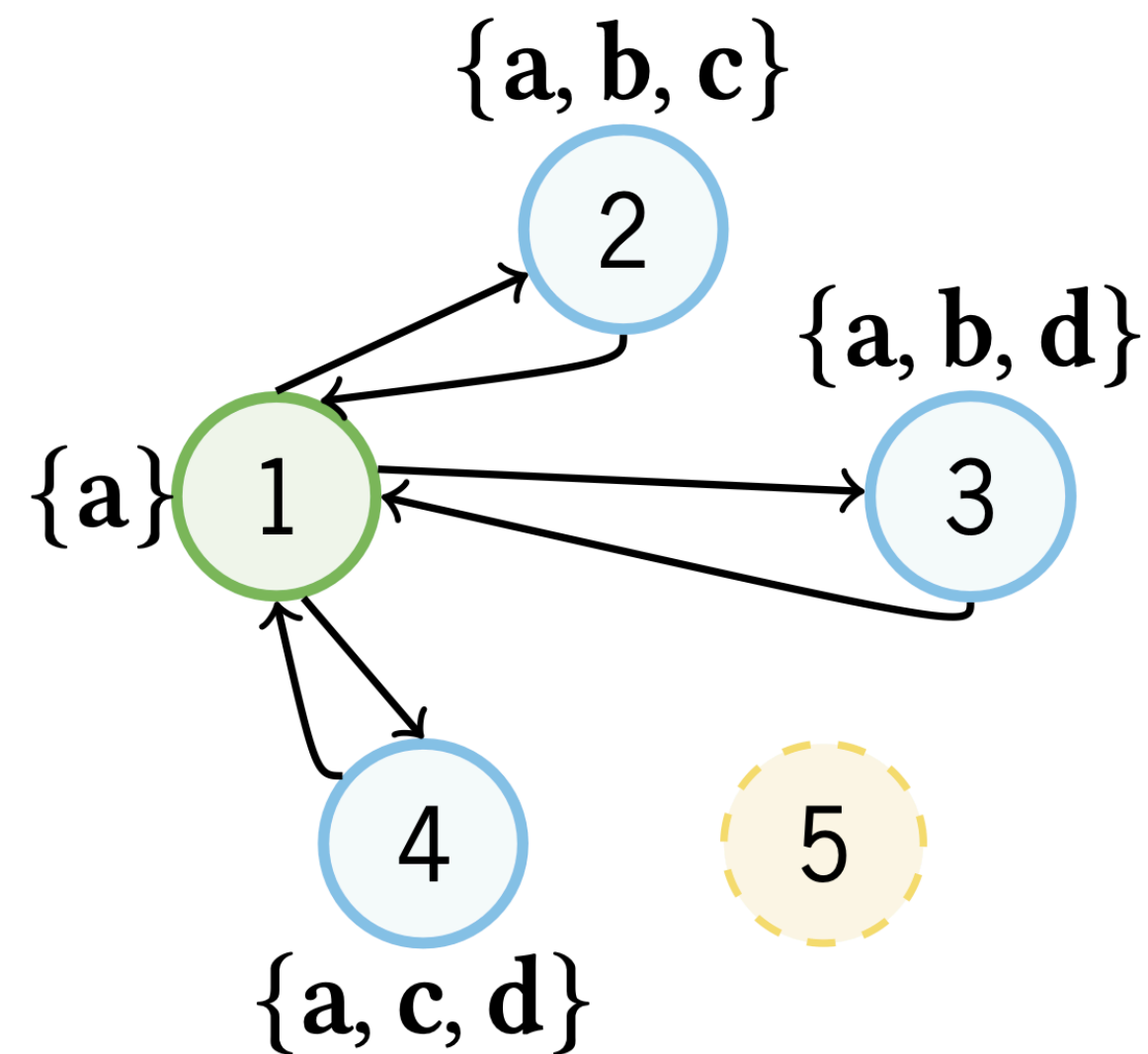
low latency - flexible fast path condition

fast path condition: each conflict was reported by at least **f** processes

atlas

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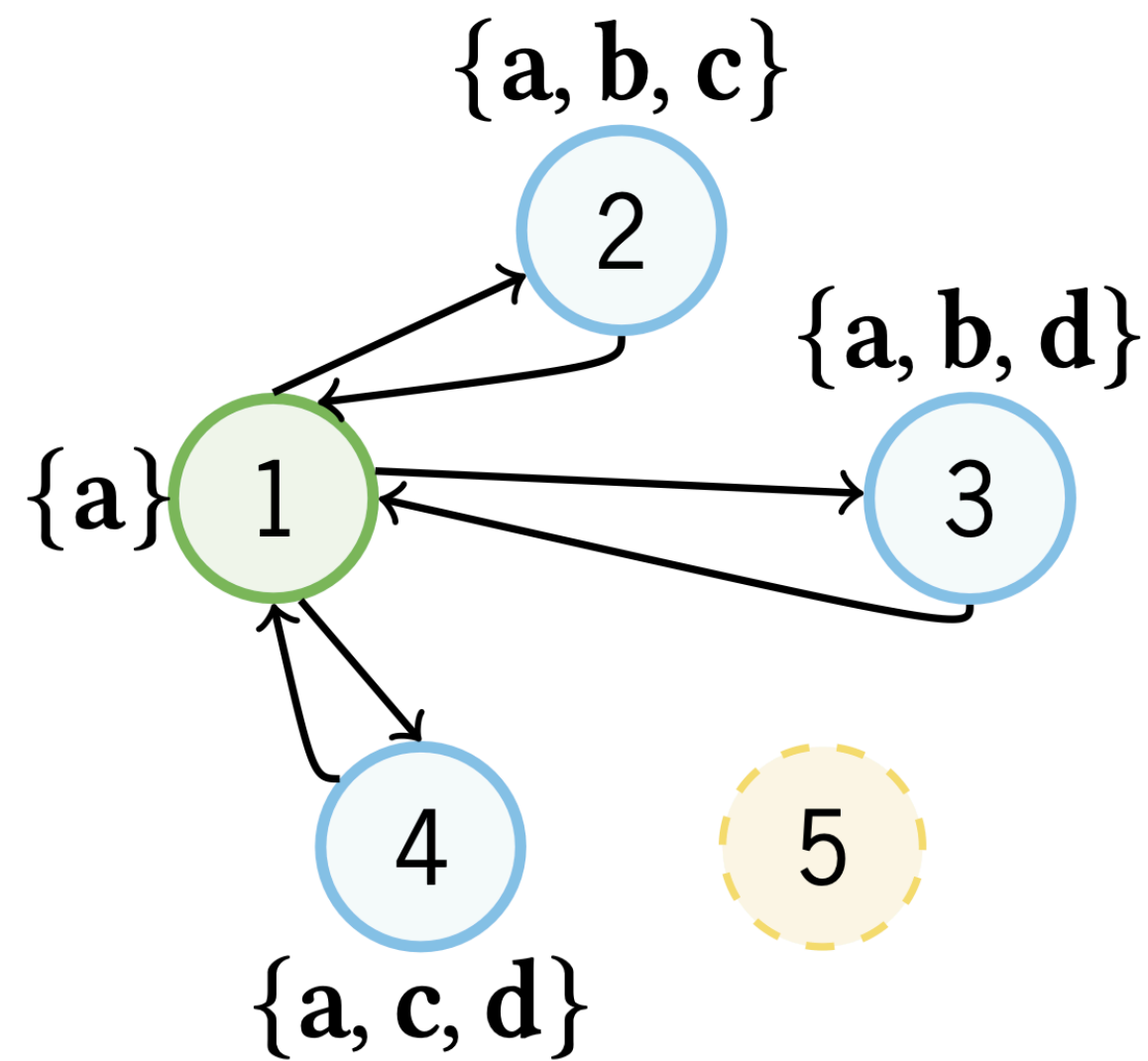


- (a) ✓ Atlas $f = 2$
✗ matching replies

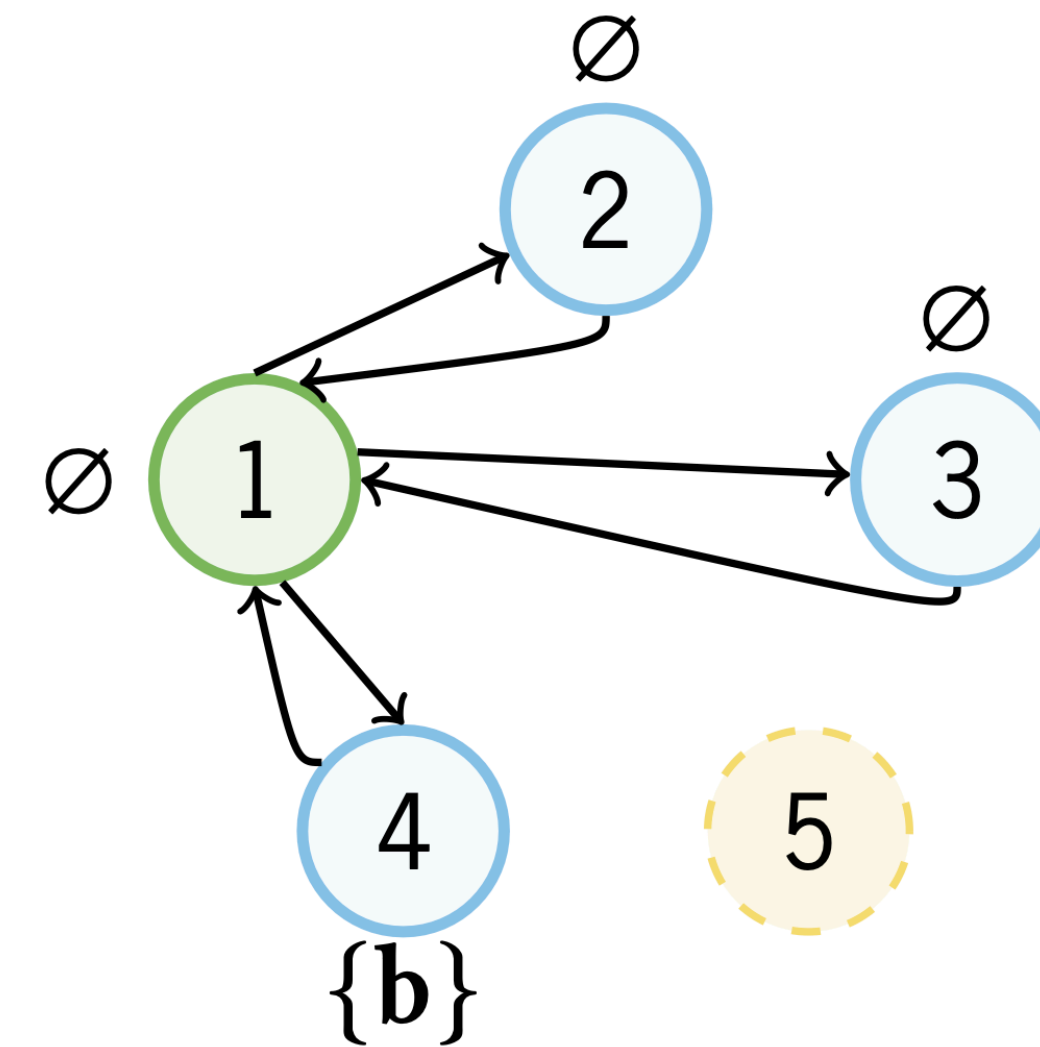
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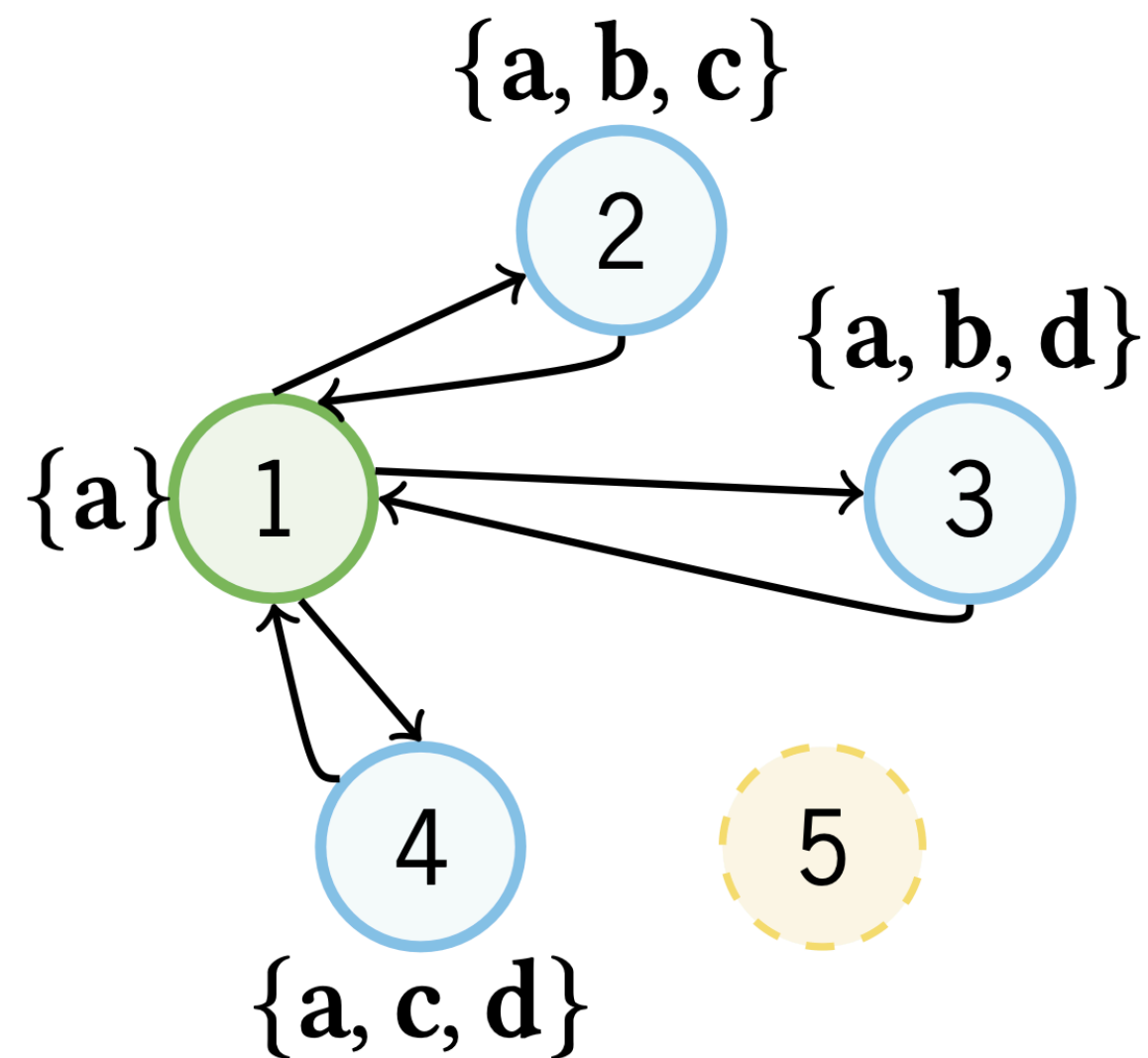


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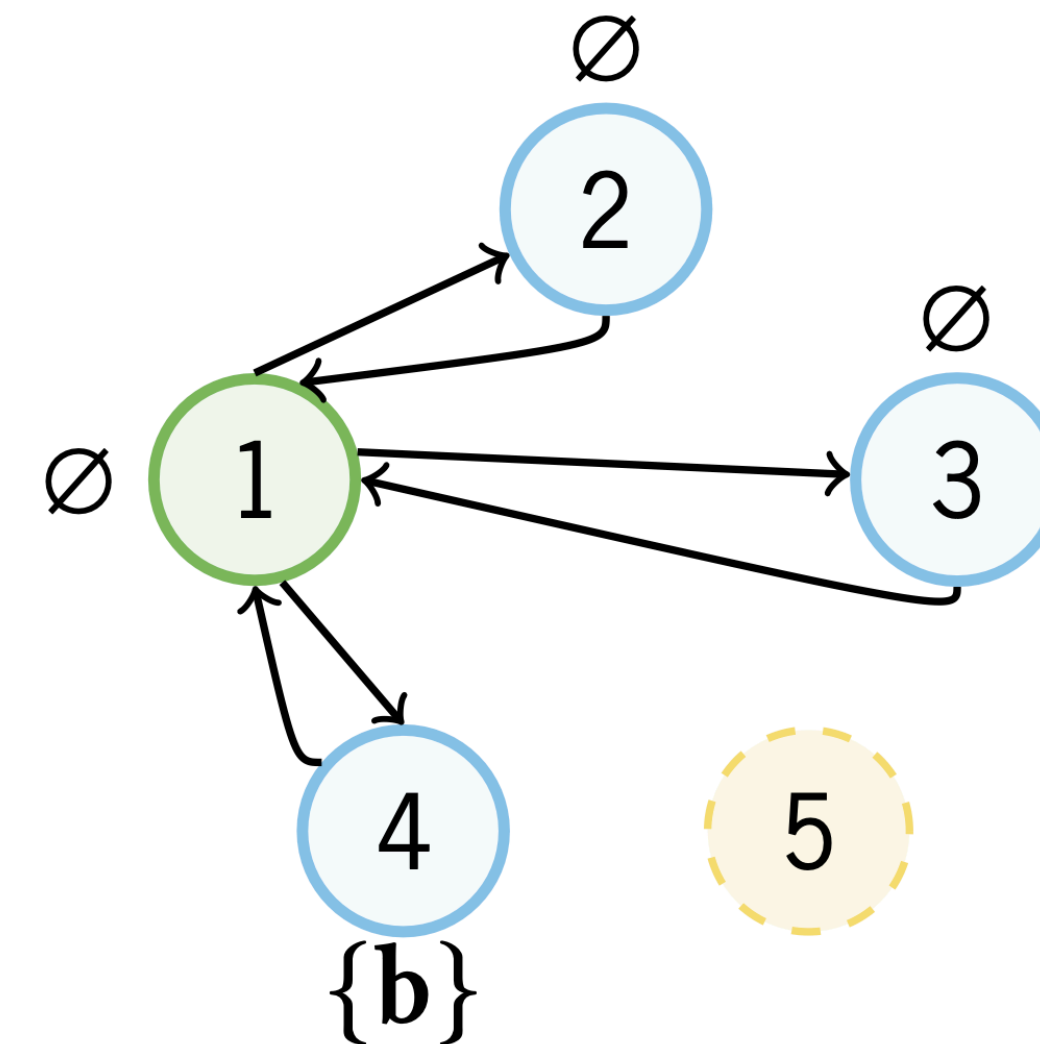
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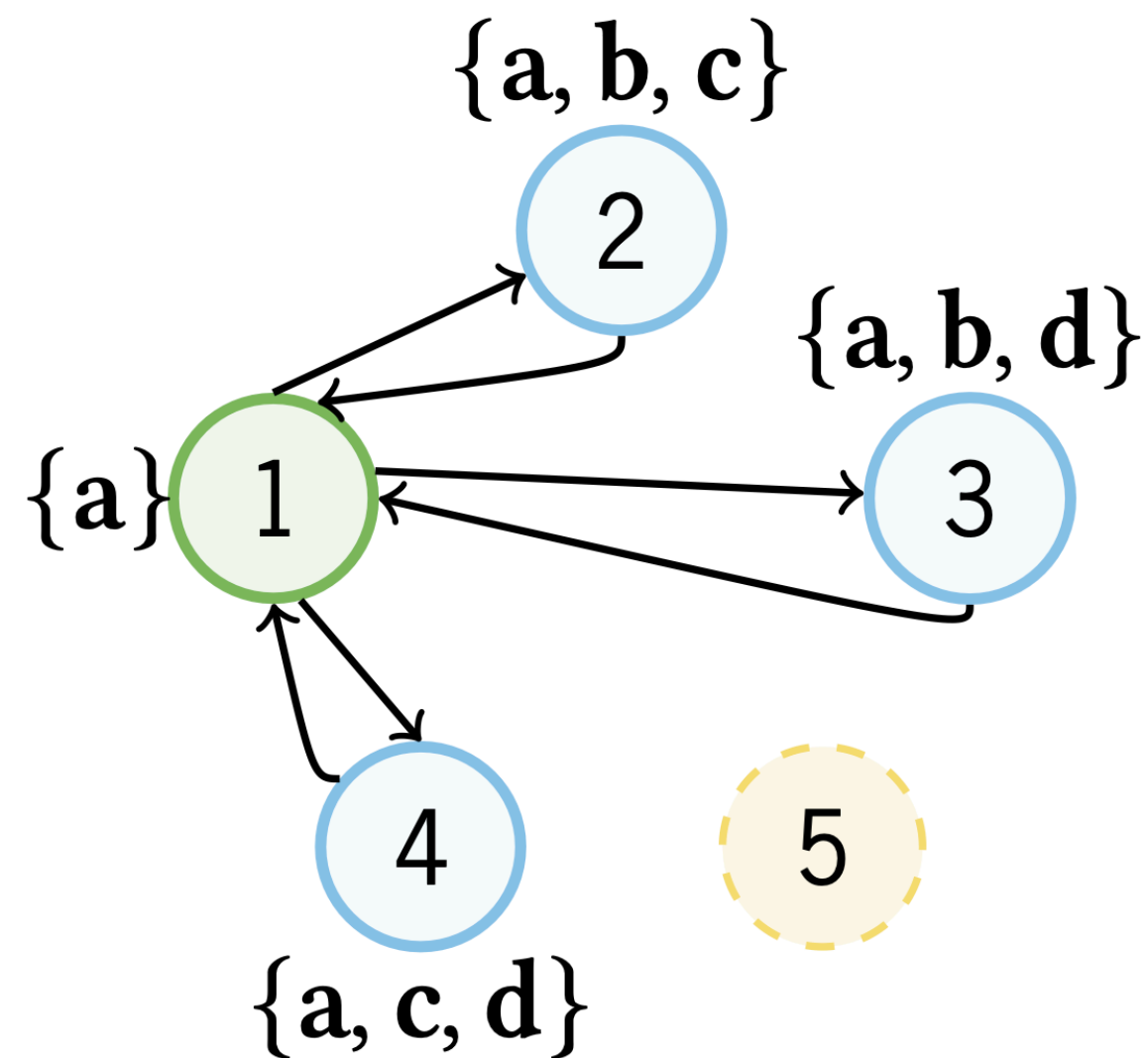
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b reported only
by $1 < f$ process

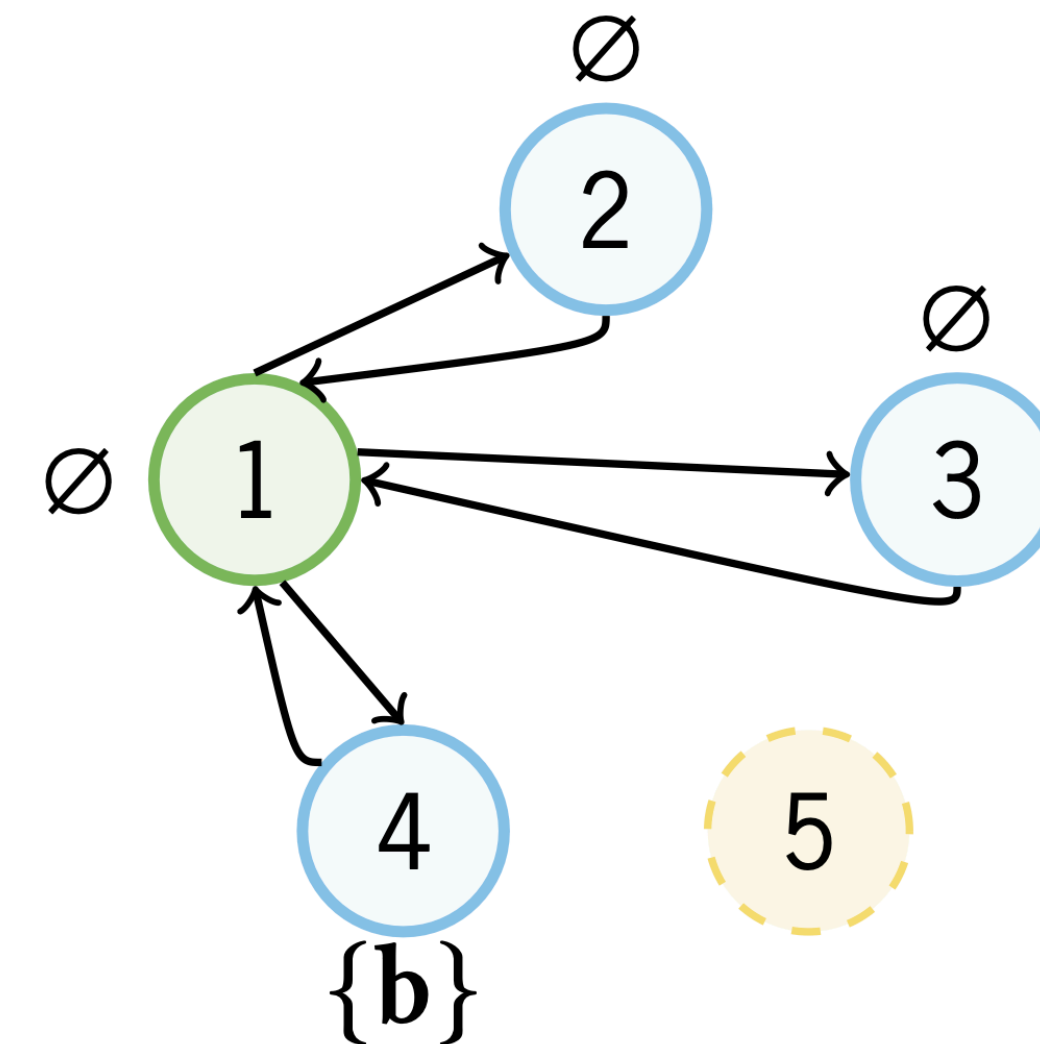
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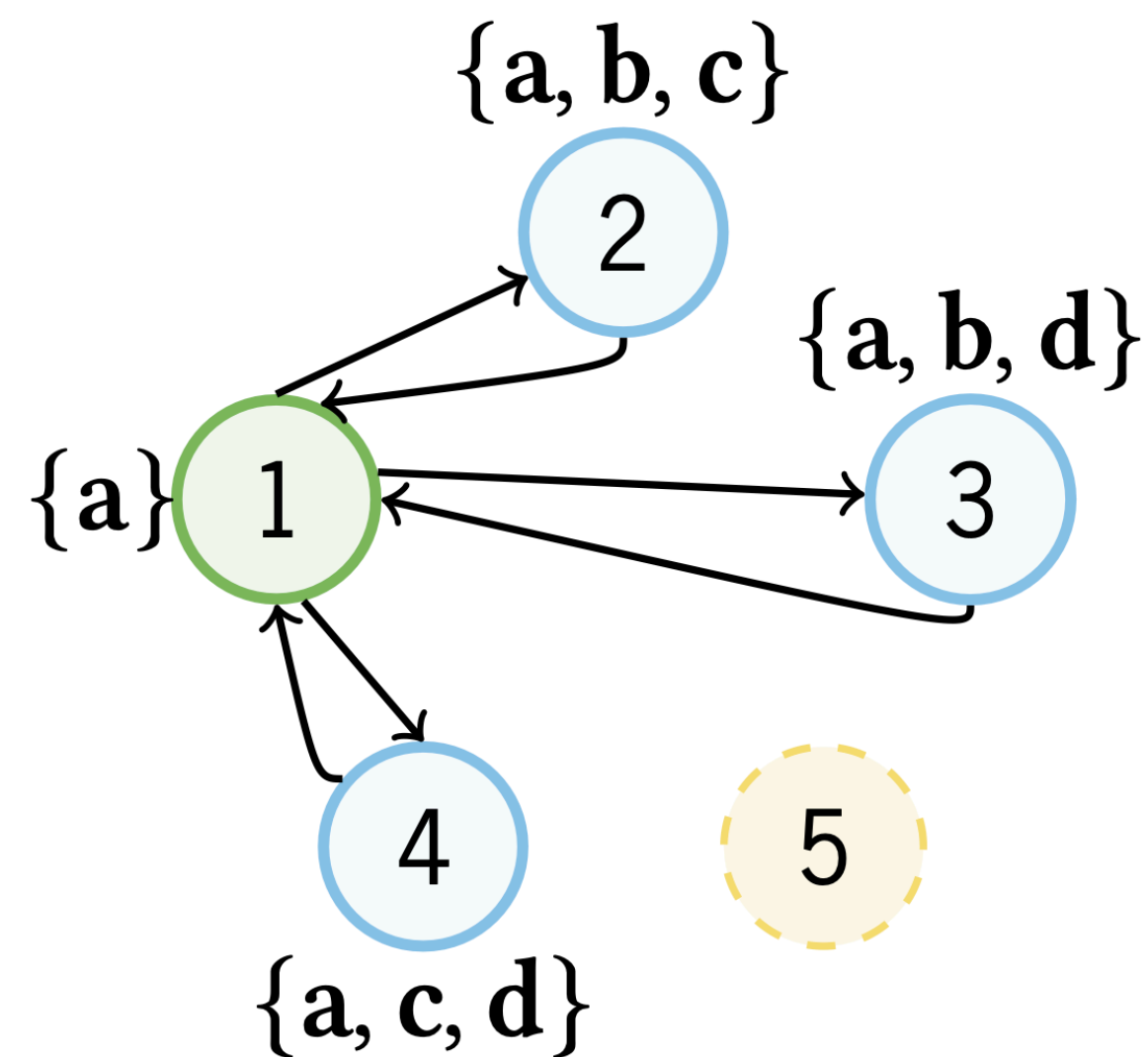
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epaxos would take the slow path in both examples

atlas

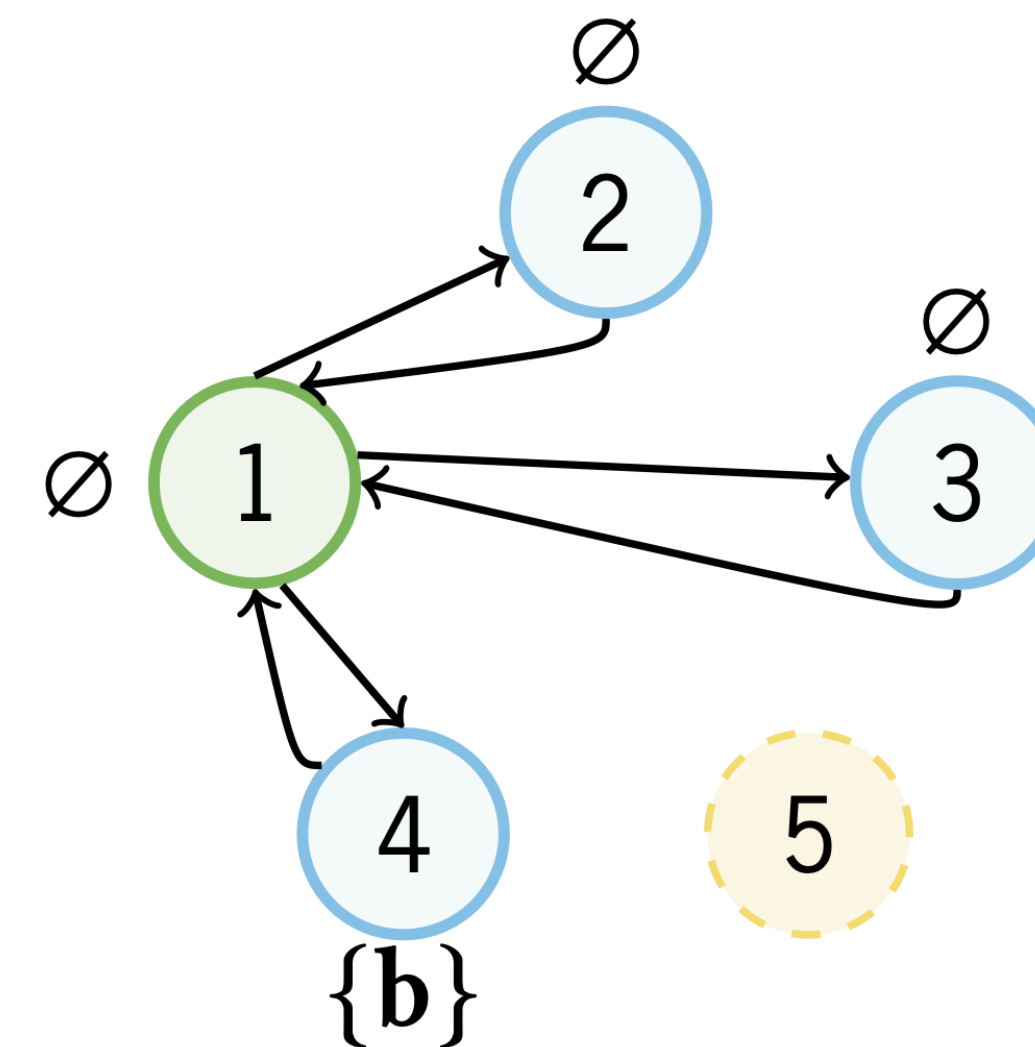
low latency - flexible fast path condition

fast path condition: each conflict was reported by at least **f** processes



- (a) ✓ Atlas $f = 2$
✗ matching replies

commit
dep = {a, b, c, d}



- (b) ✗ Atlas $f = 2$
✗ matching replies

commit
dep = {b}

b reported only
by $1 < f$ process

epaxos would take the slow path in both examples

command execution

atlas

epaxos
introduced
this idea

***committed dependencies (and arbitration)
determine command execution order***

command execution

atlas

dep[a] = { }
dep[b] = {a, c}
dep[c] = {a, b}

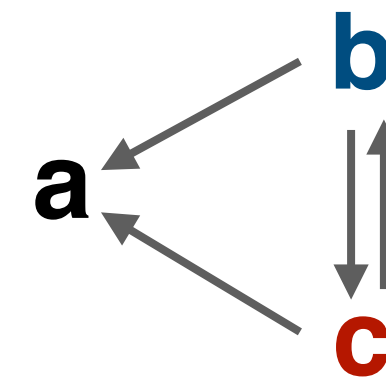
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command execution

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dep[a] = { }
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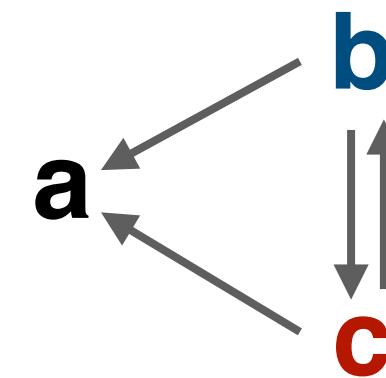
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command execution

atlas

dep[a] = { }
dep[b] = {a, c}
dep[c] = {a, b}



-
1. execute(a) ;
 2. execute(a) ;

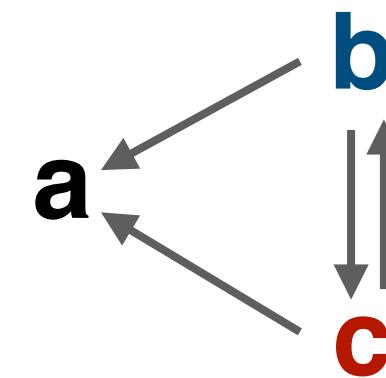
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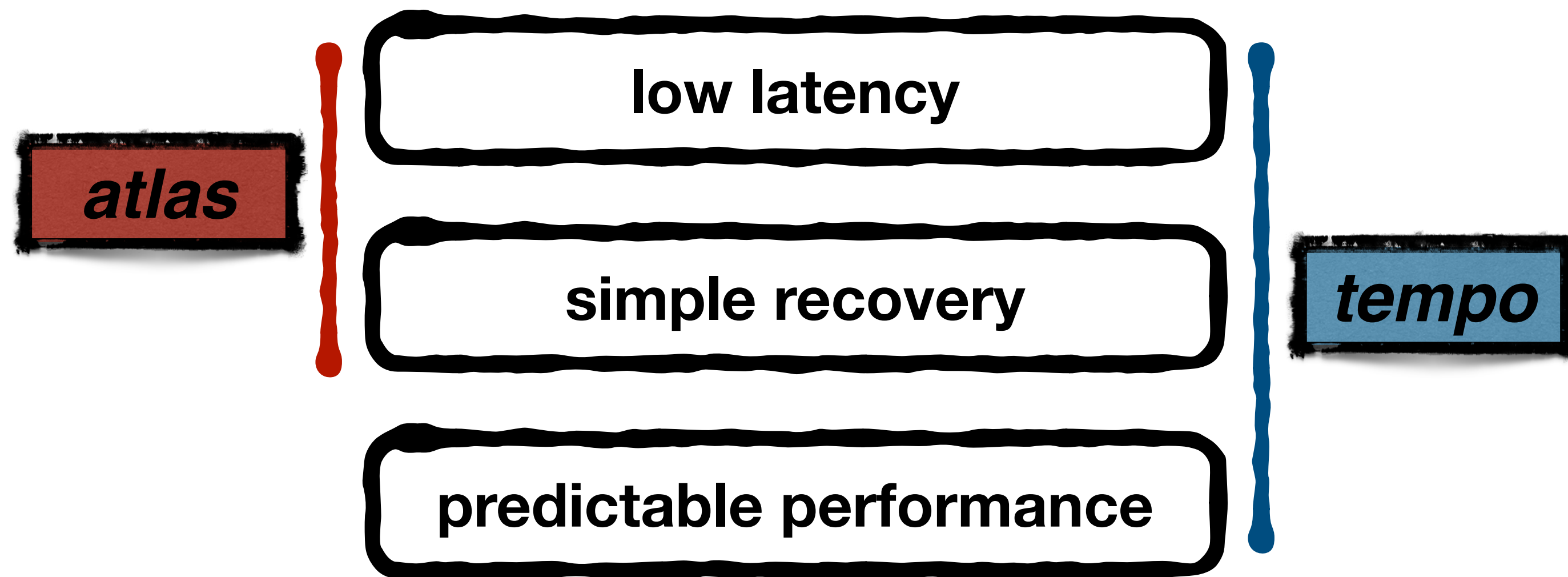


epaxos
introduced
this idea

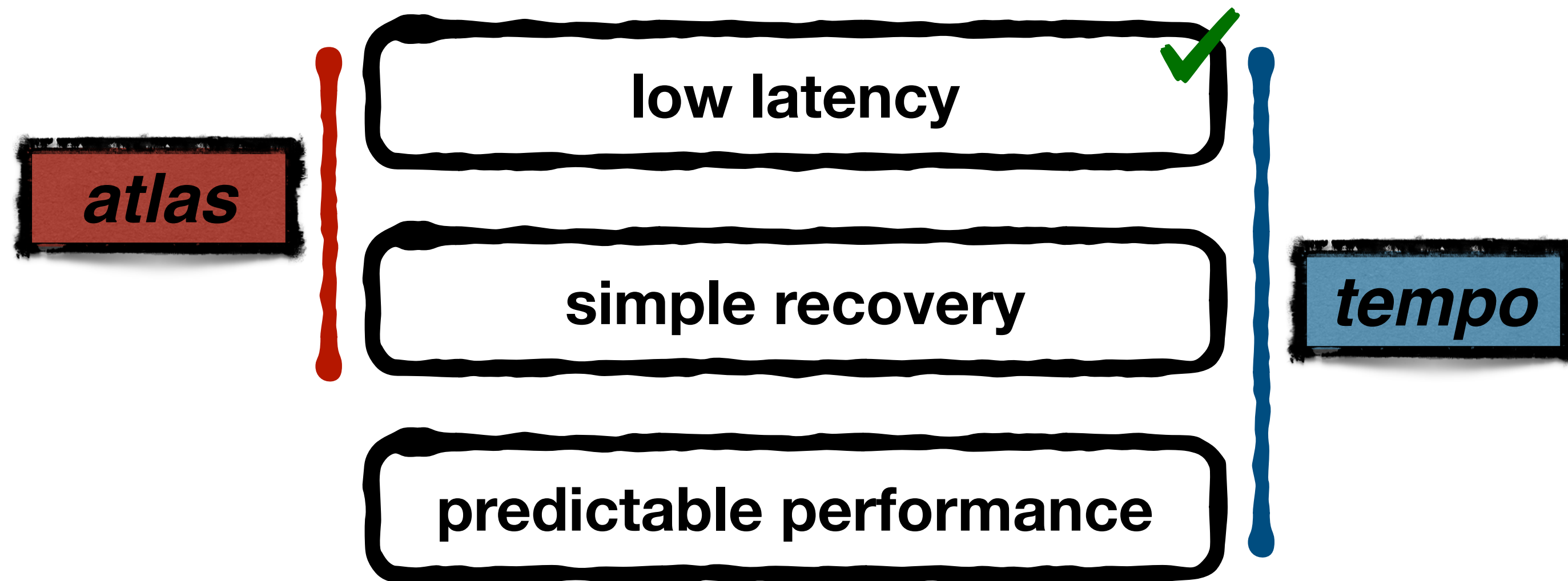
1. execute(a) ; execute(b) ; execute(c) if $b < c$
2. execute(a) ; execute(c) ; execute(b) if $b > c$

***committed dependencies (and arbitration)
determine command execution order***

*can leaderless SMR
be **practical** for
planet-scale systems?*



*can leaderless SMR
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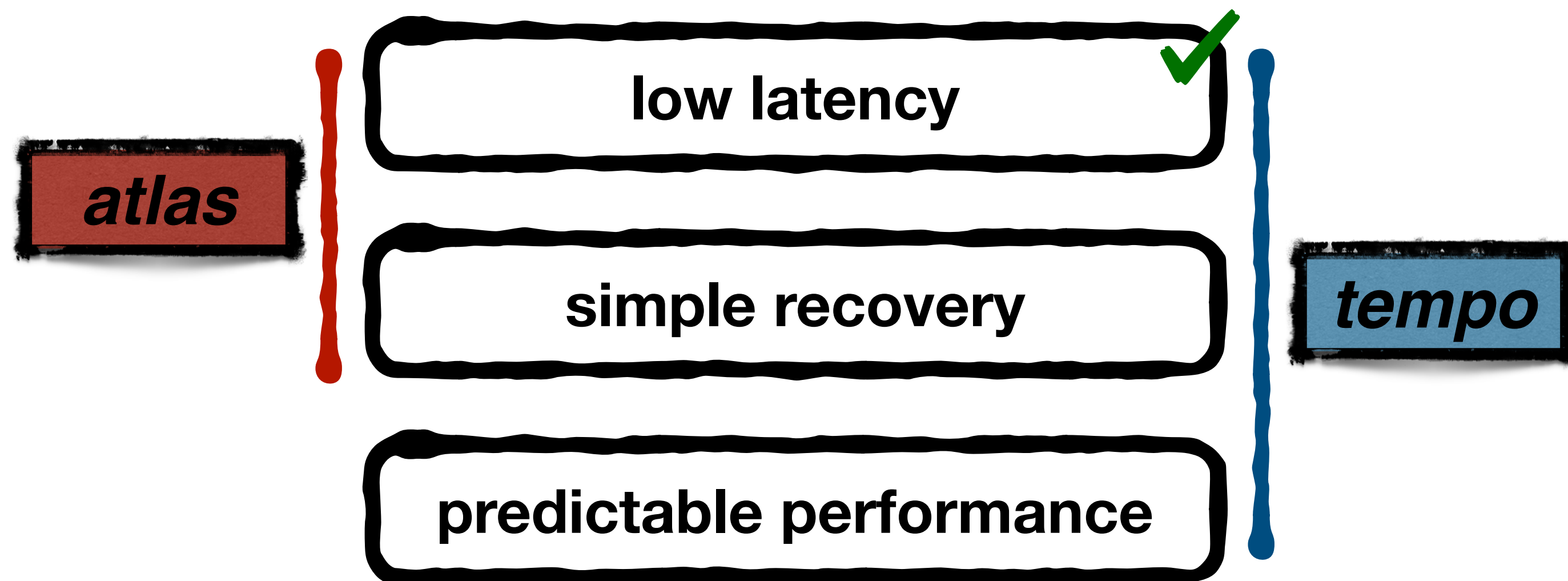


simple recovery

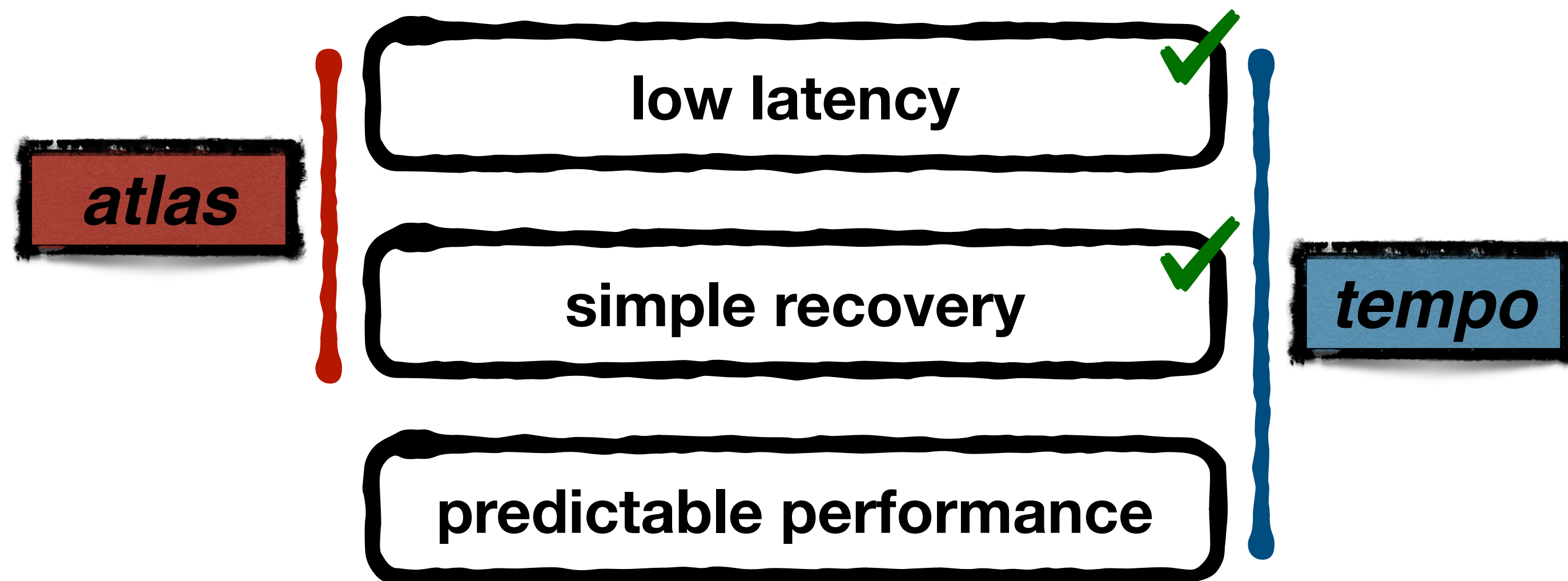


- when a command is submitted, **the coordinator fixes the fast quorum**
- **recovery procedure reconstructs the committed value from *within* the fast quorum**
 - **epaxos** tries to recover from any quorum, which **makes recovery very complex**

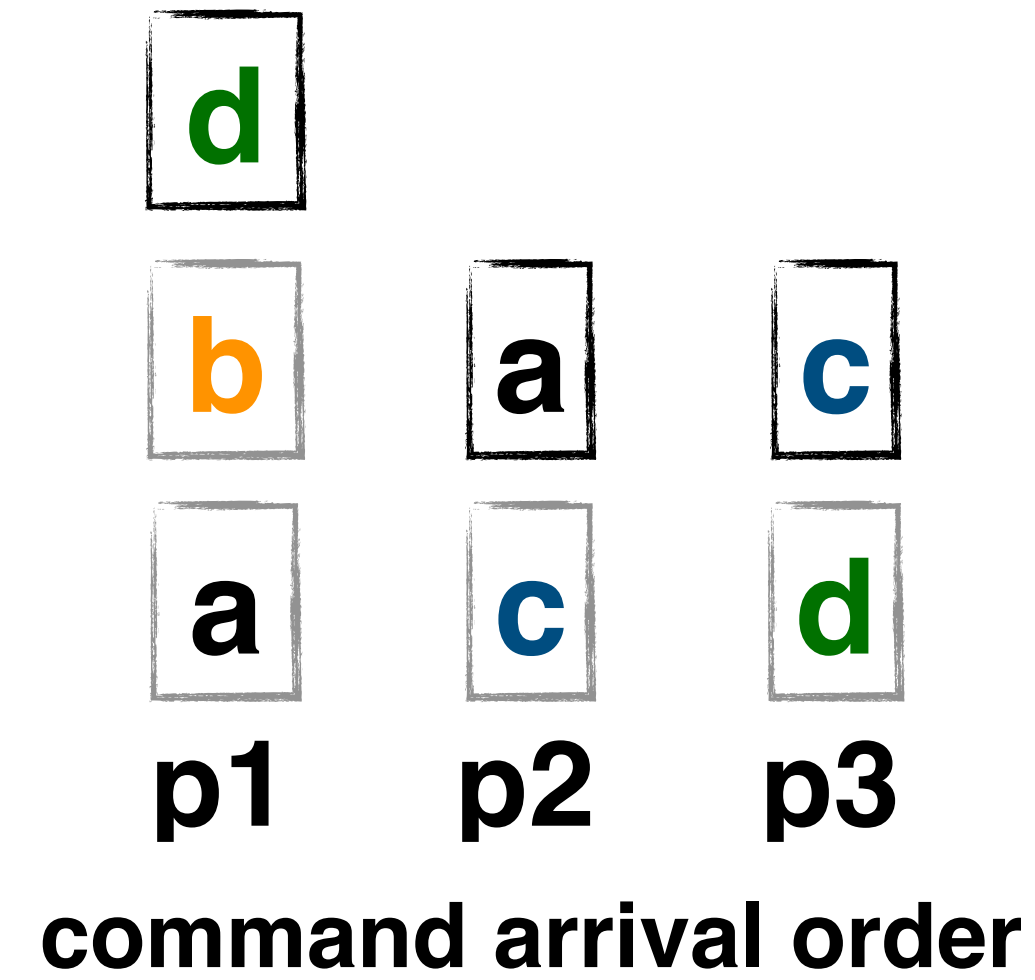
*can leaderless SMR
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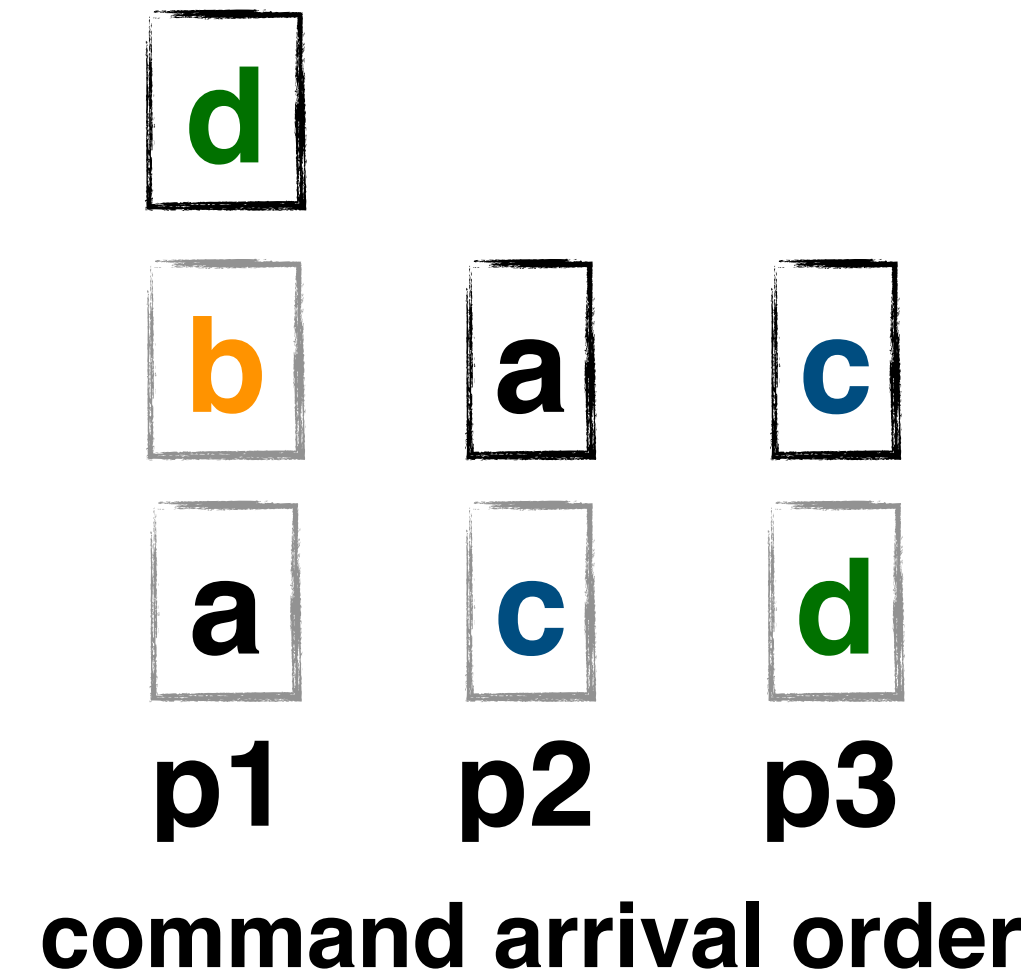
lack of predictable performance



atlas

&
epaxos

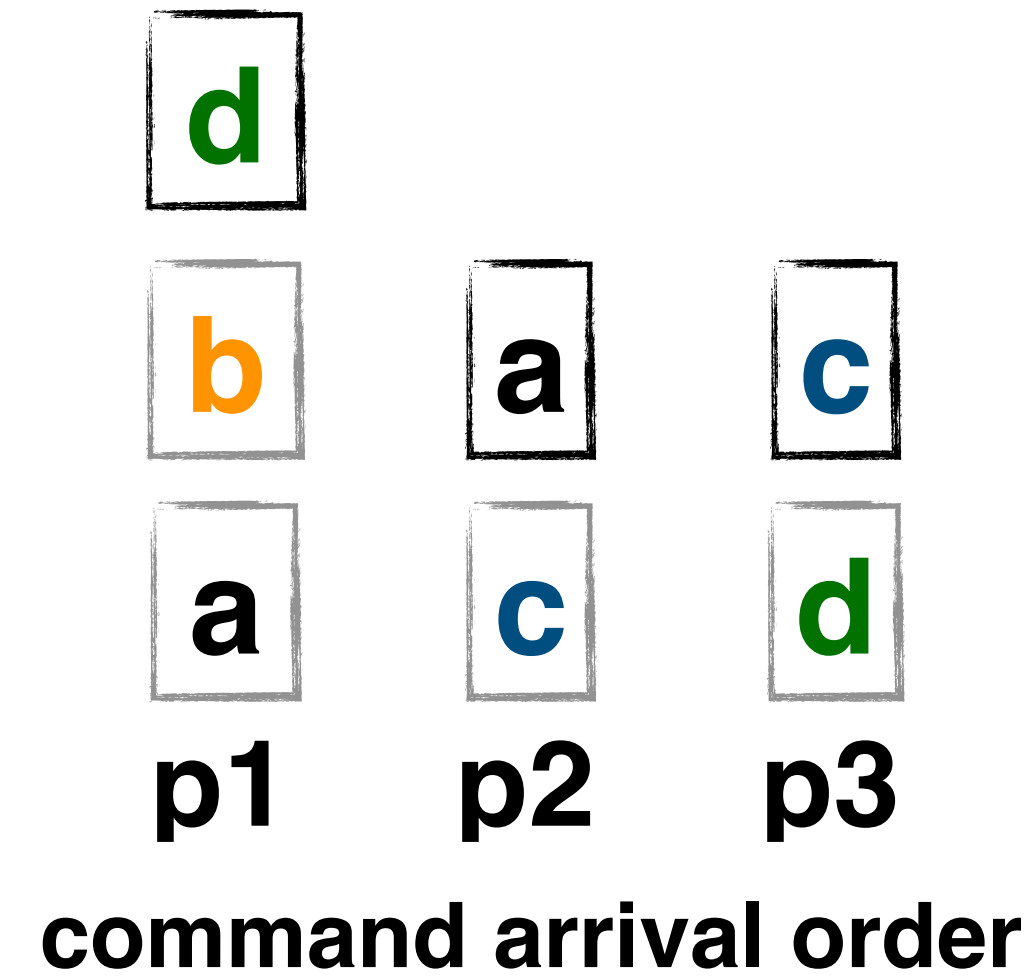
lack of predictable performance



all commands but **b** are committed

atlas
&
epaxos

lack of predictable performance



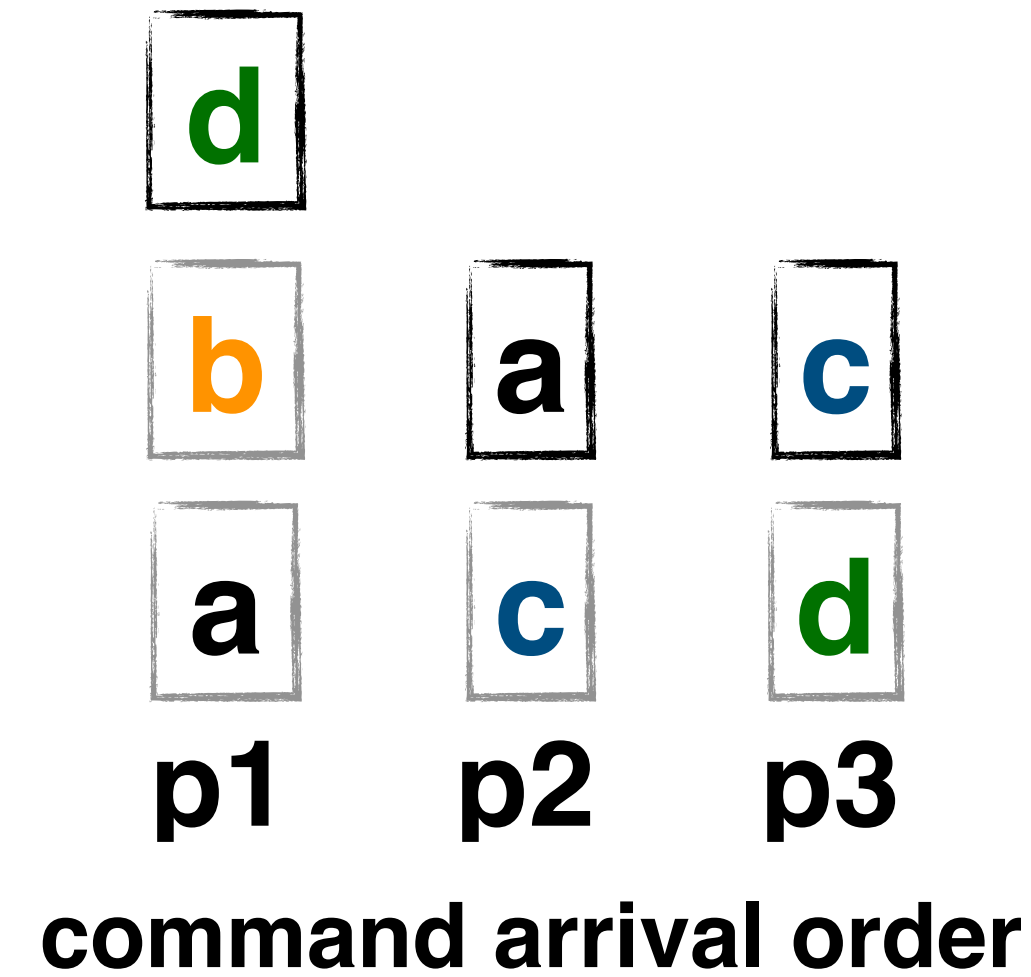
all commands but **b** are committed

atlas

&
epaxos



lack of predictable performance



all commands but **b** are committed

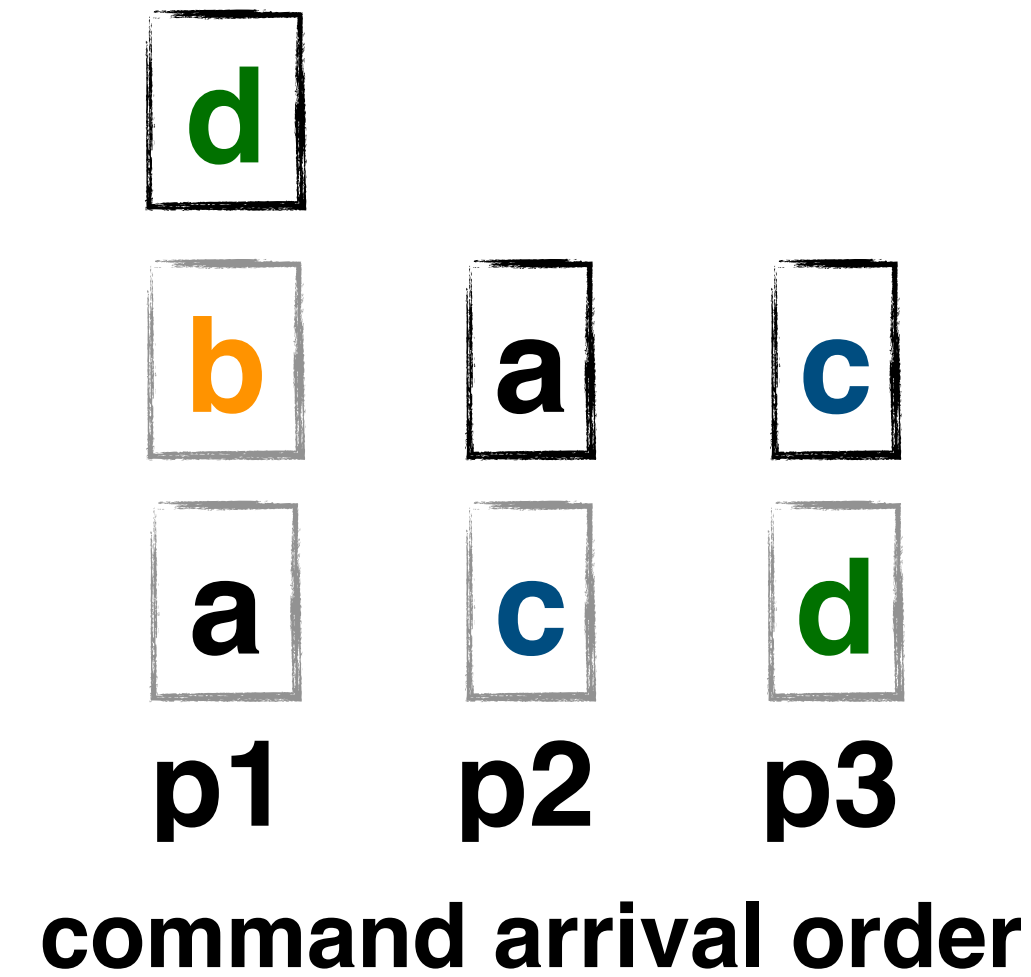
atlas

&
epaxos



no command is executed!

lack of predictable performance



all commands but **b** are committed

atlas

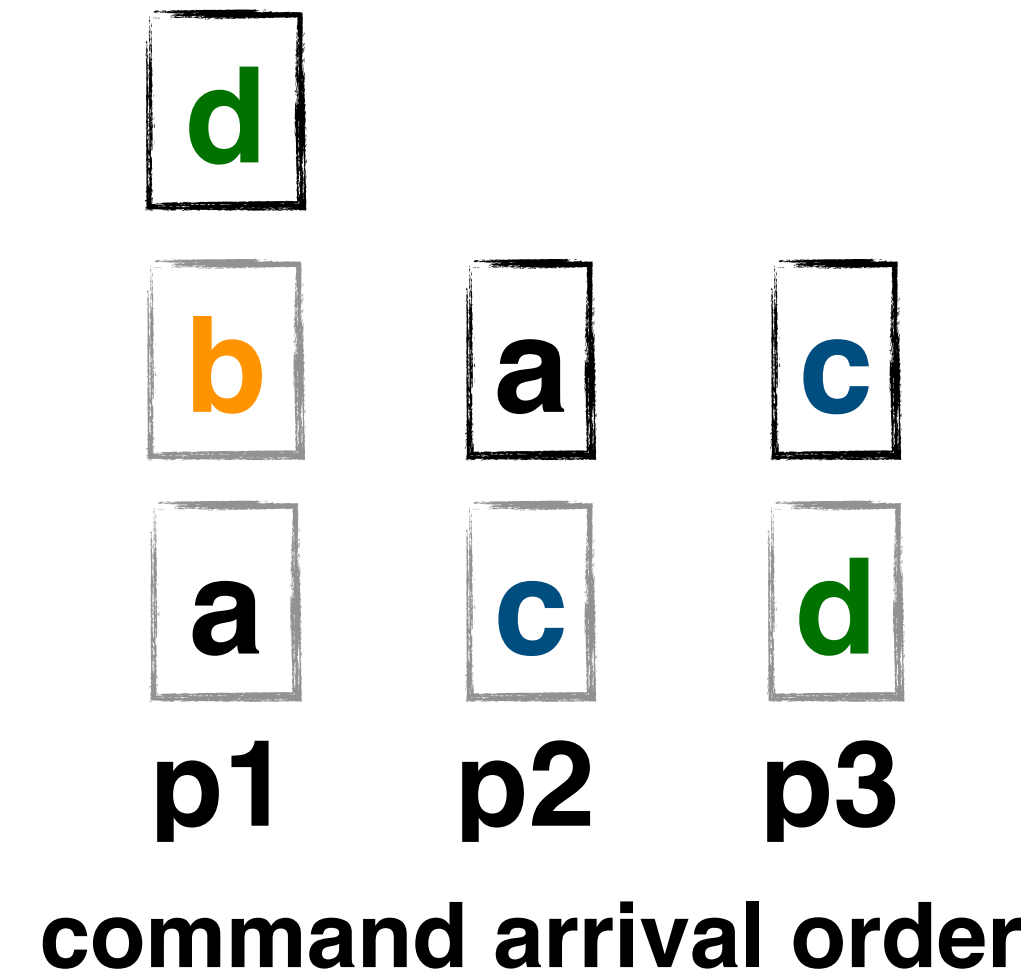
&
epaxos



no command is executed!

theory: don't terminate
practice: high tail latency

lack of predictable performance



all commands but **b** are committed

tempo

atlas

&
epaxos



no command is executed!

theory: don't terminate
practice: high tail latency

timestamping

tempo

- fast quorum processes propose a **timestamp** for the command

timestamping

tempo

- fast quorum processes propose a **timestamp** for the command
- the committed timestamp is the **highest** proposal

timestamping

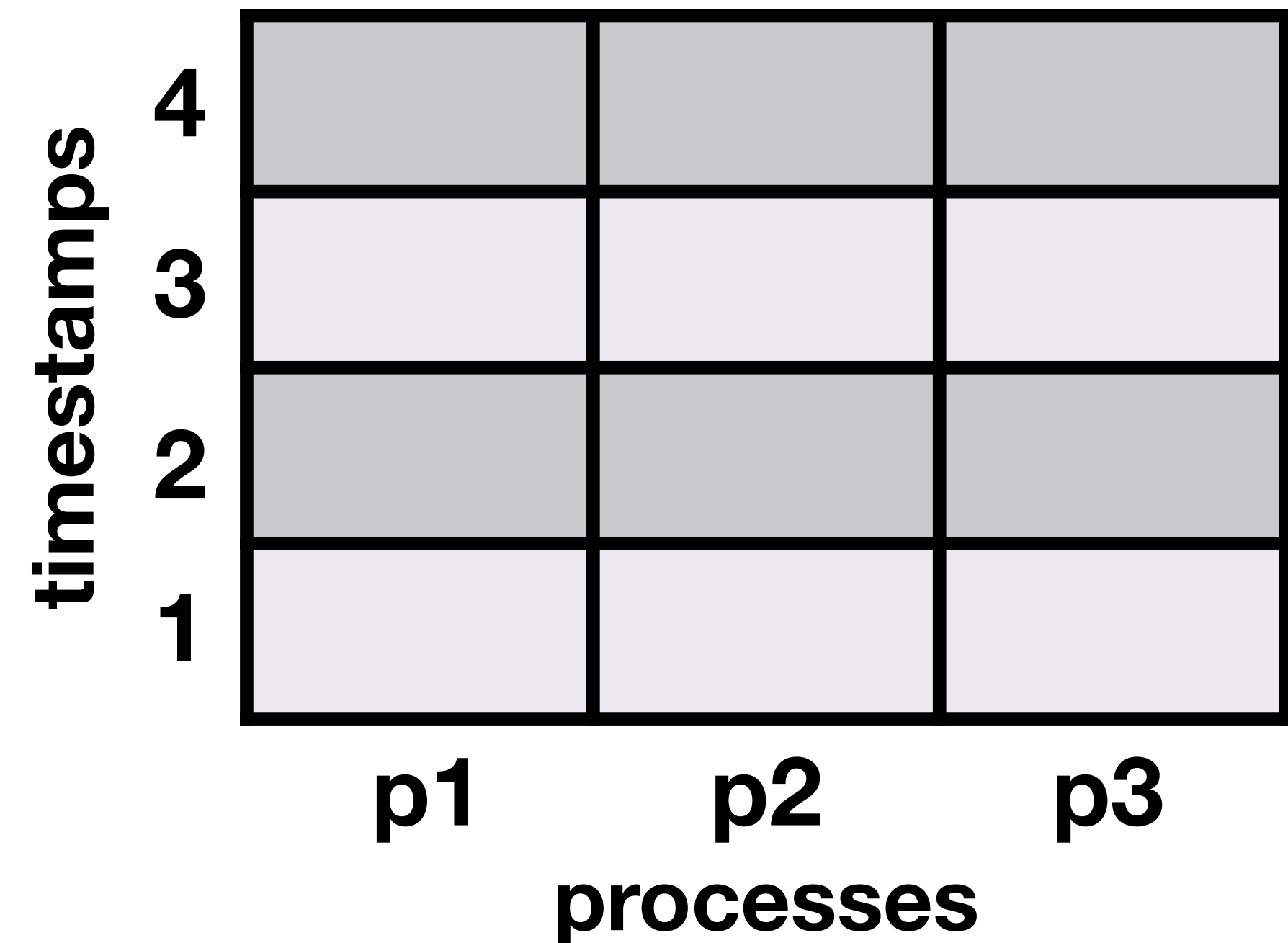
tempo

- fast quorum processes propose a **timestamp** for the command
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timestamping

tempo

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- the committed timestamp is the **highest** proposal
- commands are executed in timestamp order

timestamps	4			
	3			
	2			
	1	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>	
		p1	p2	p3
		processes		

ts[*a*] = 1

timestamping

tempo

- fast quorum processes propose a **timestamp** for the command
- the committed timestamp is the **highest** proposal
- commands are executed in timestamp order

timestamps	4			
	3			
	2	<i>b</i>		
	1	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>
		p1	p2	p3
processes				

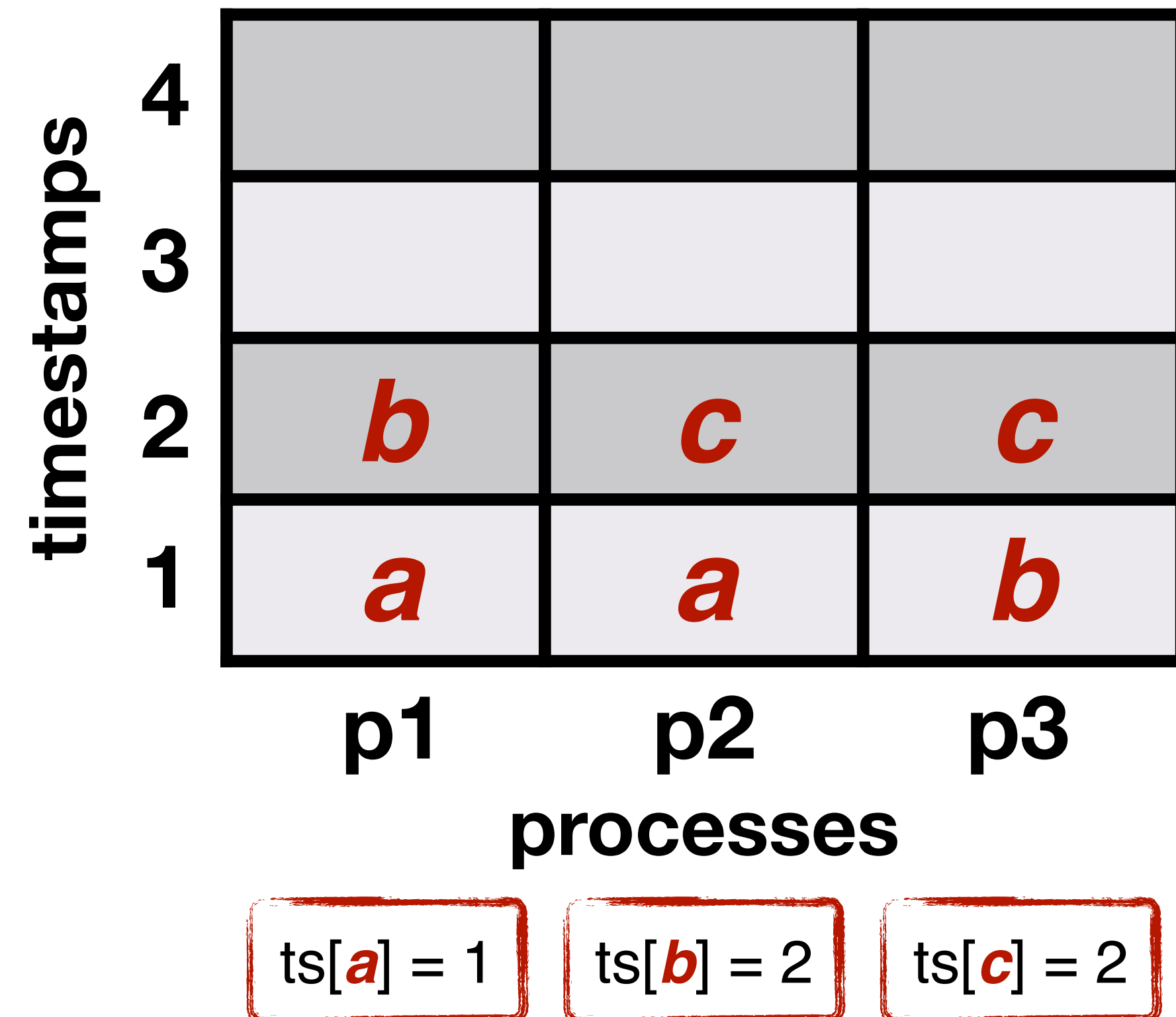
ts[*a*] = 1

ts[*b*] = 2

timestamping

tempo

- fast quorum processes propose a **timestamp** for the command
- the committed timestamp is the **highest** proposal
- commands are executed in timestamp order



timestamping

tempo

- fast quorum processes propose a **timestamp** for the command
- the committed timestamp is the **highest** proposal
- commands are executed in timestamp order

timestamps	4			
	3			
	2	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>c</i>
	1	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>
		p1	p2	p3
		processes		

ts[***a***] = 1

ts[***b***] = 2

ts[***c***] = 2

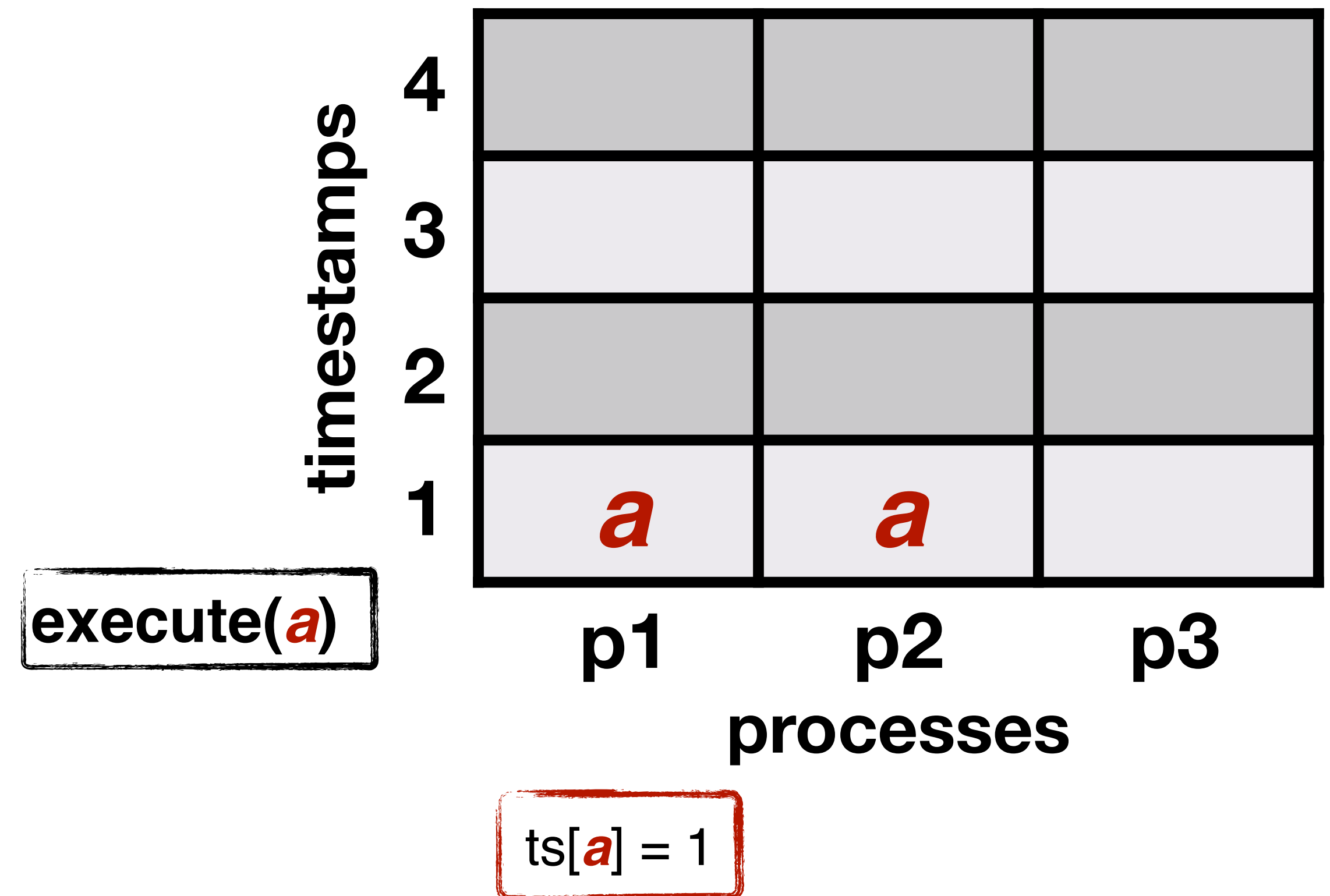
question: when is it safe to execute a committed command?

command execution

**a process can only execute a command committed with
timestamp t once it knows all proposals up to t by any majority**

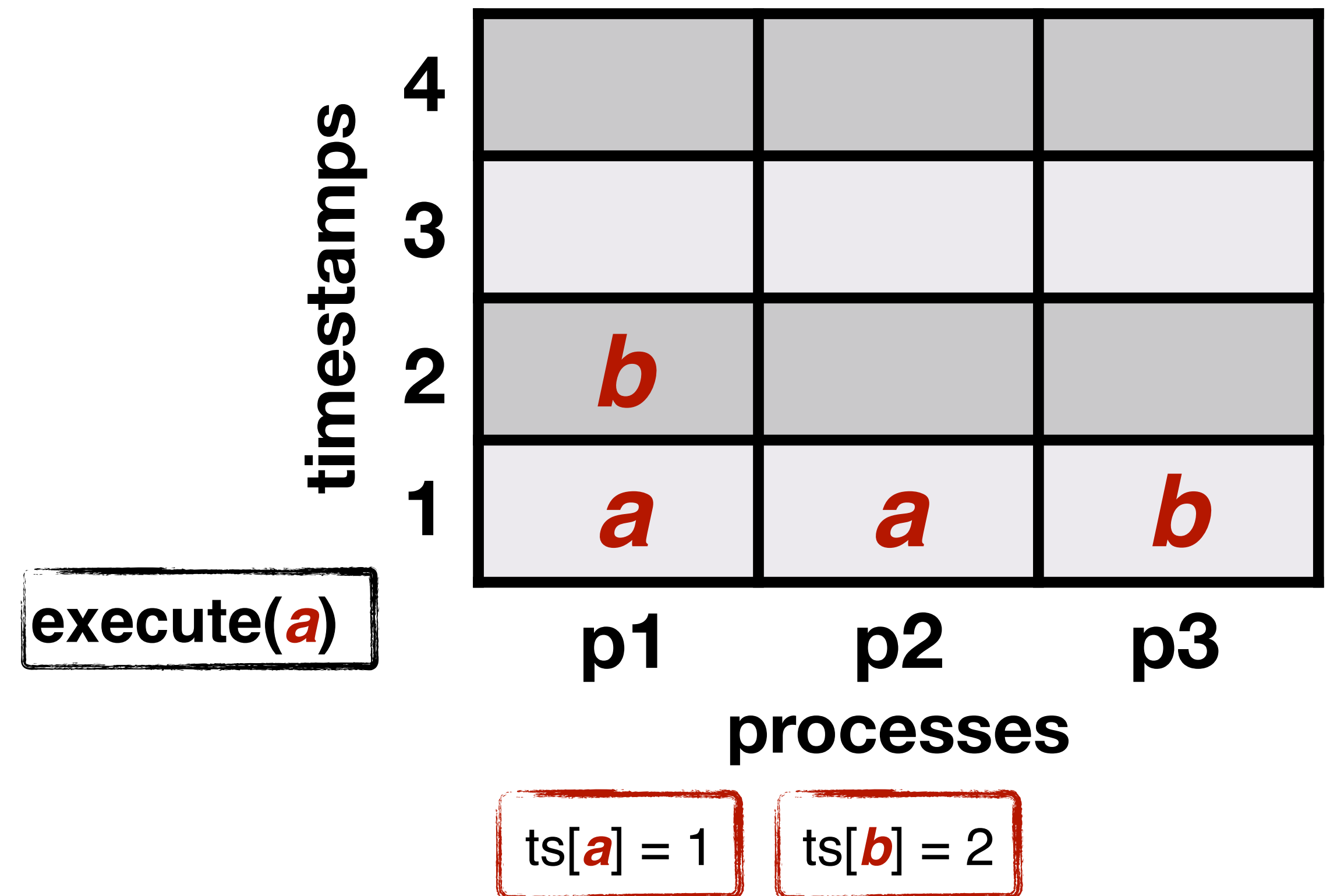
command execution

a process can only execute a command committed with
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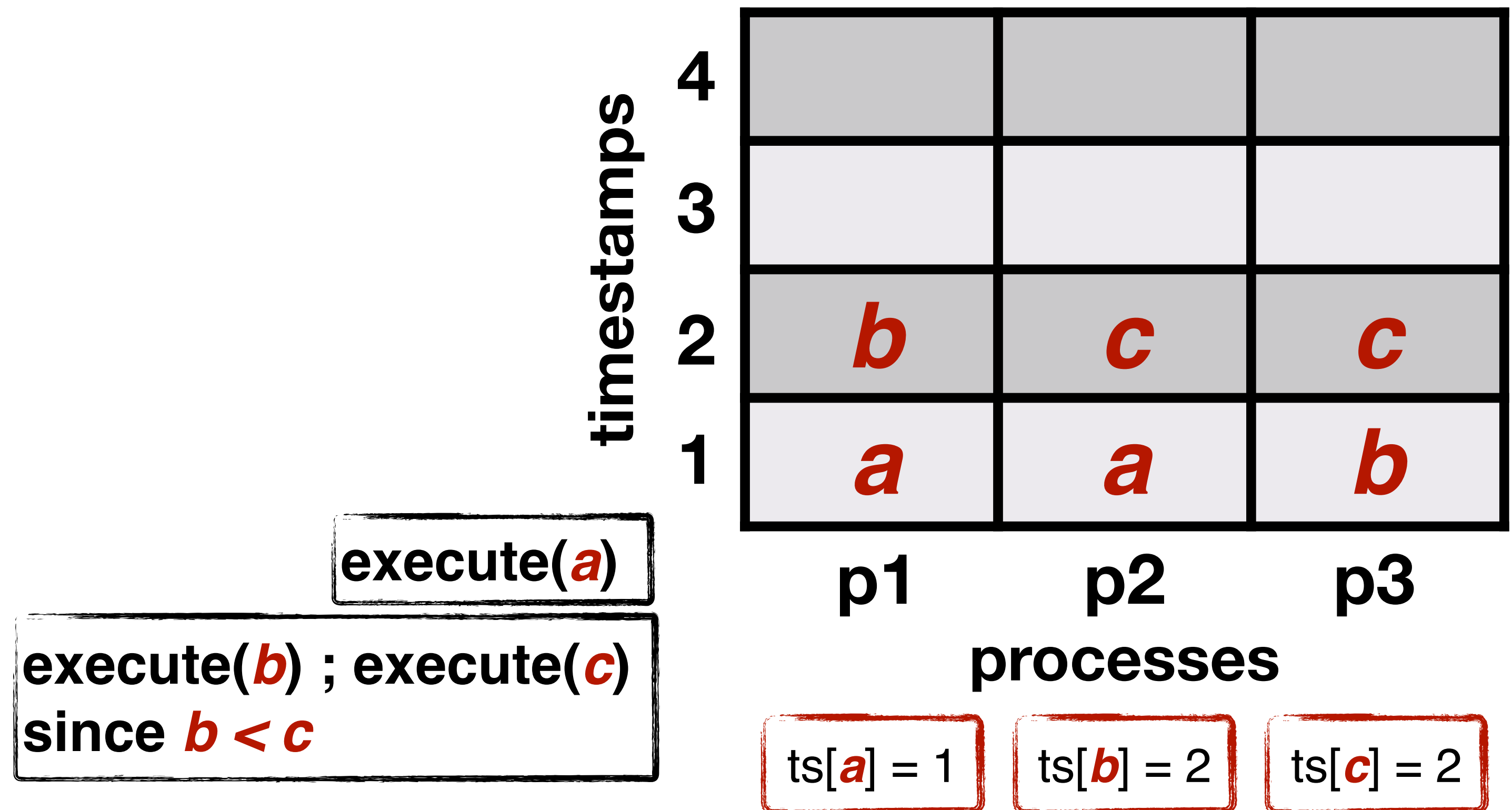
command execution

a process can only execute a command committed with
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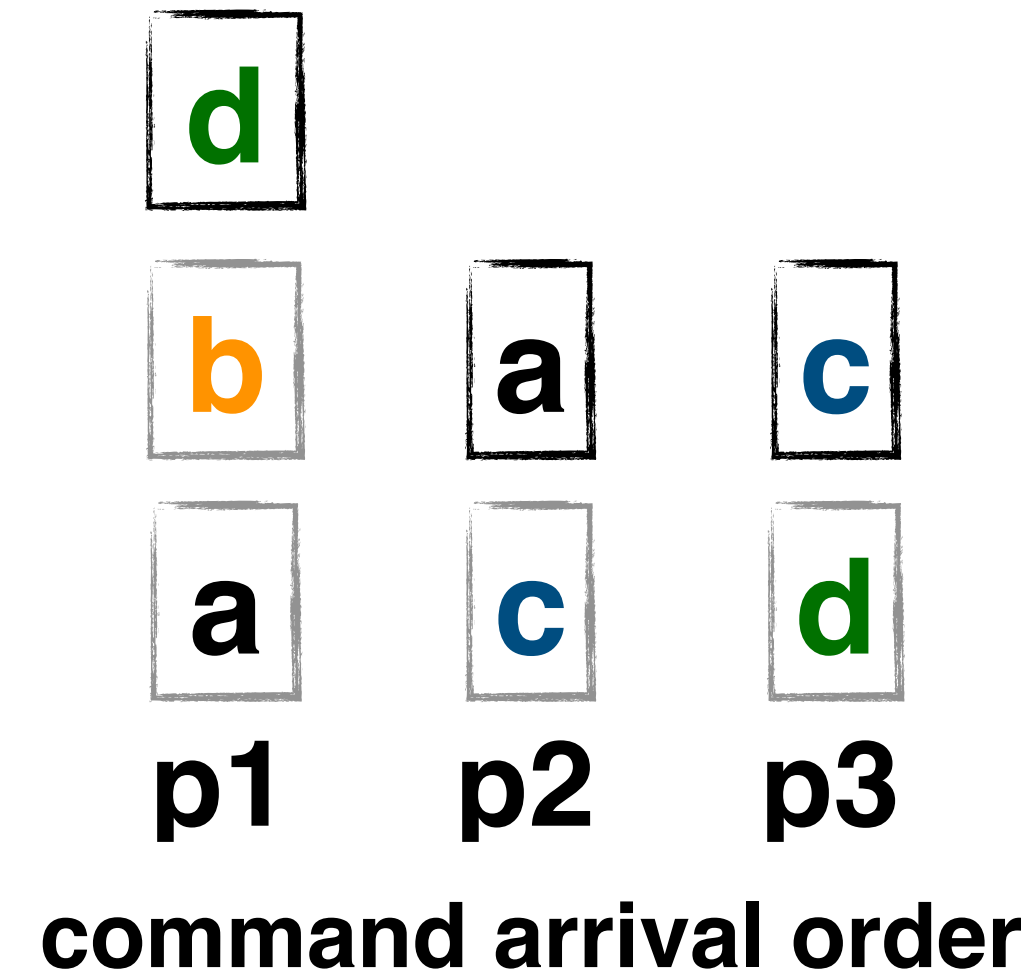


command execution

a process can only execute a command committed with
timestamp t once it knows **all proposals up to t by any majority**



predictable performance



all commands but **b** are committed

tempo

atlas

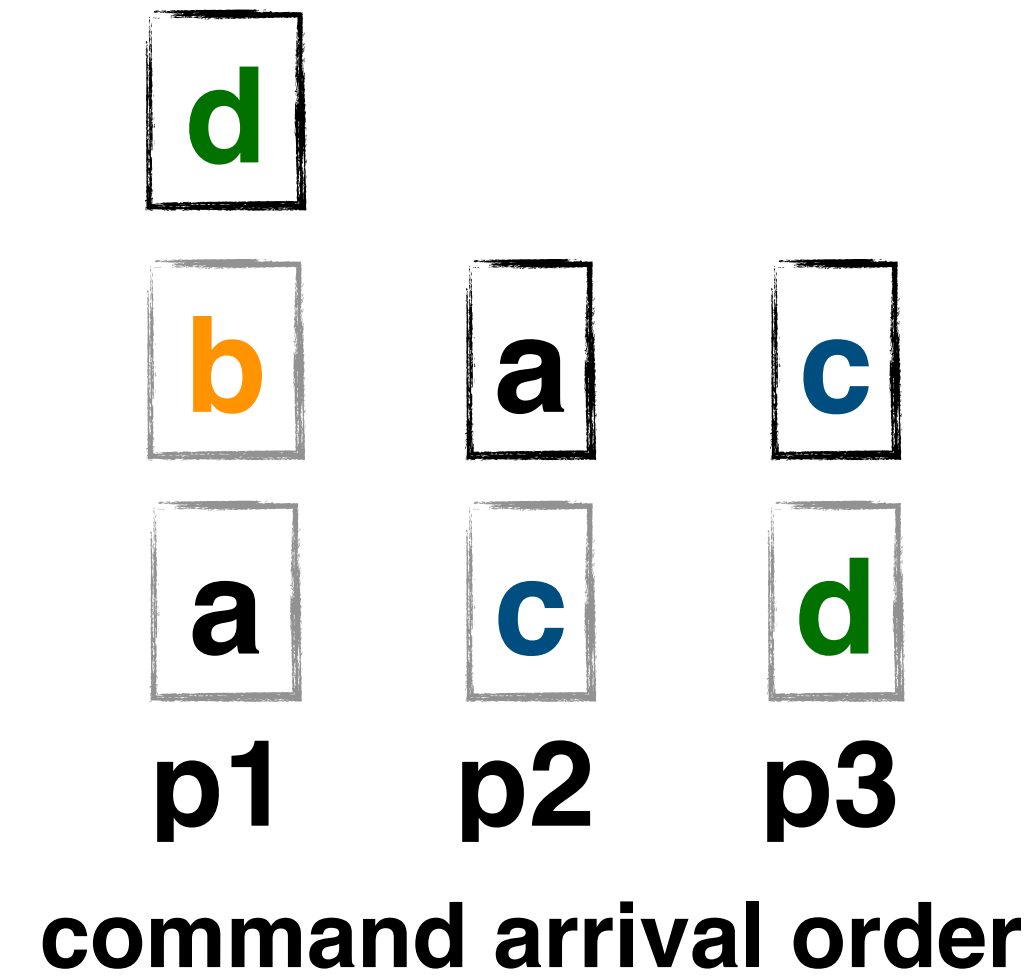
&
epaxos



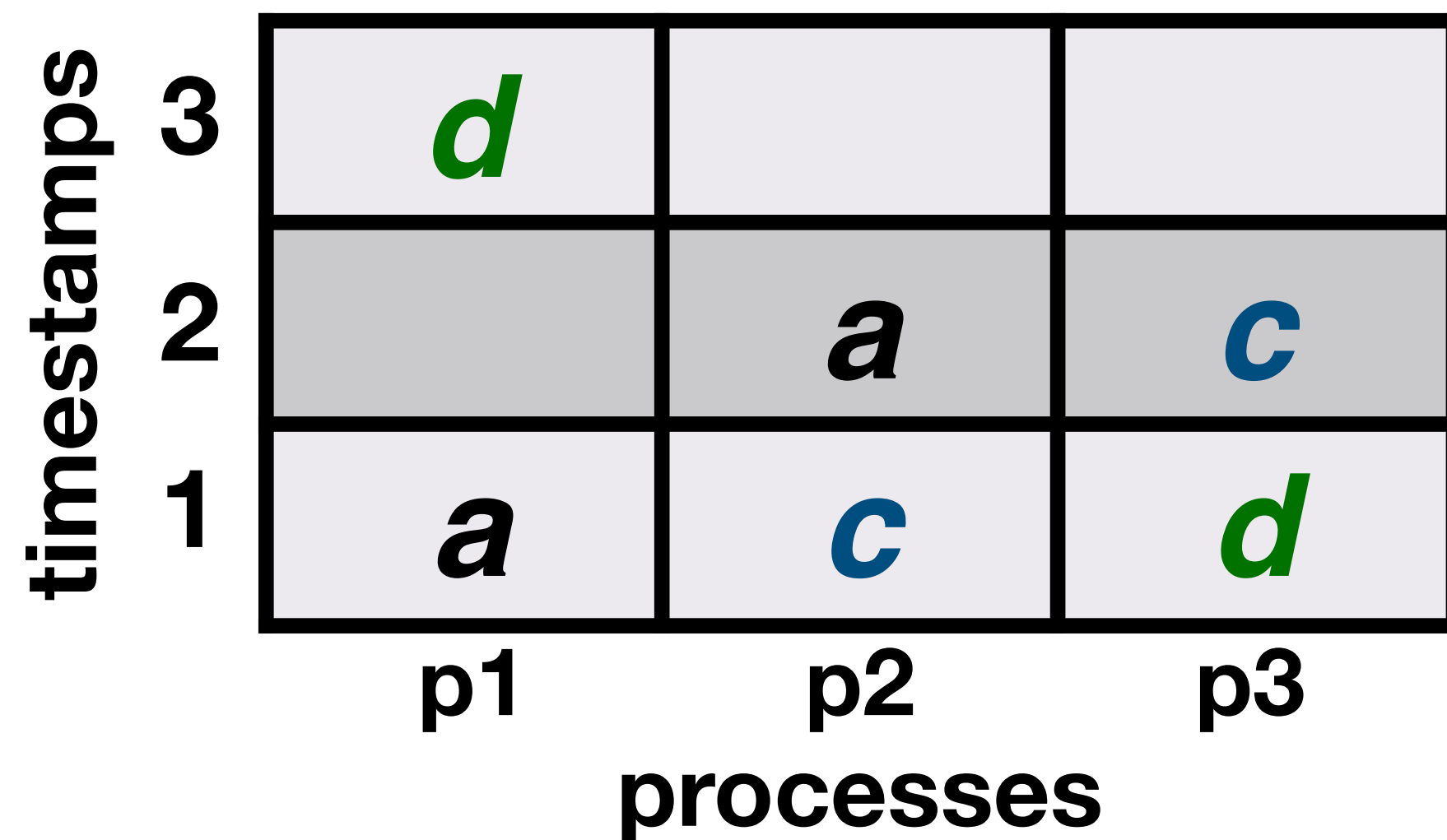
no command is executed!

theory: don't terminate
practice: high tail latency

predictable performance



all commands but **b** are committed



tempo

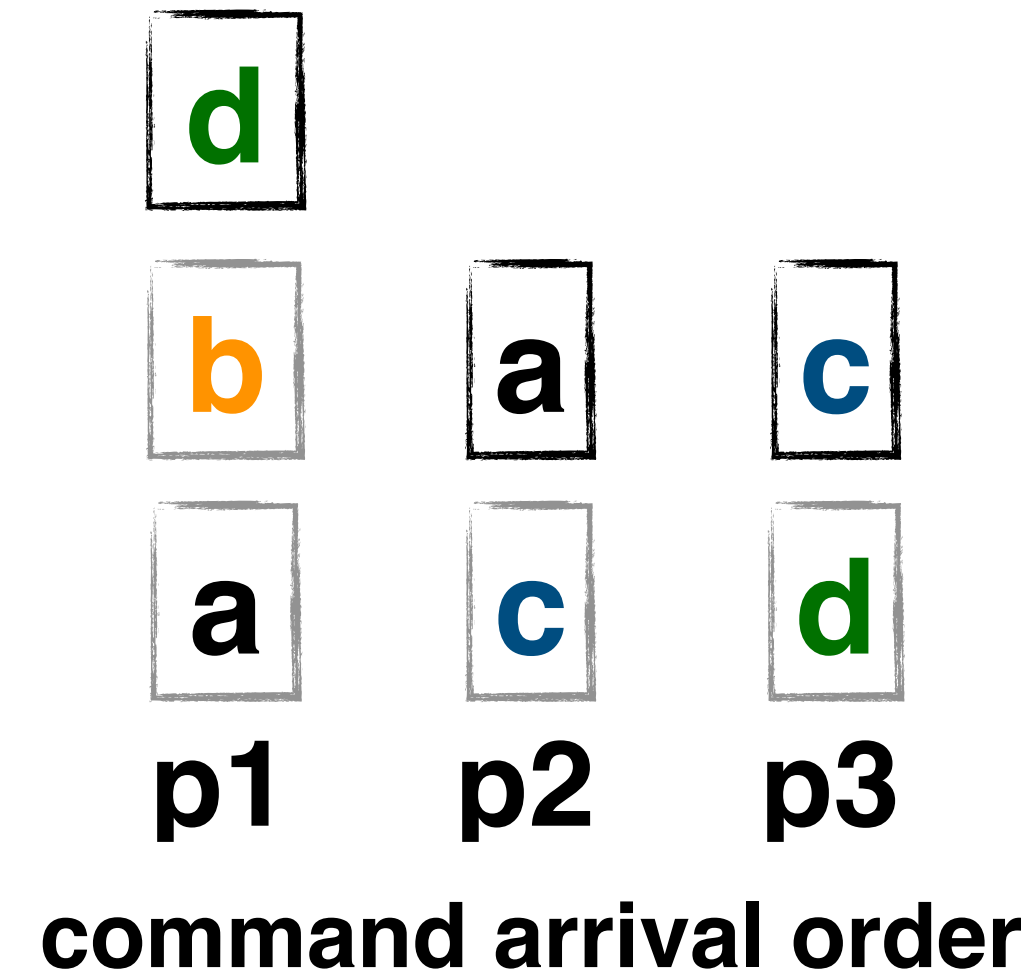
atlas
&
epaxos



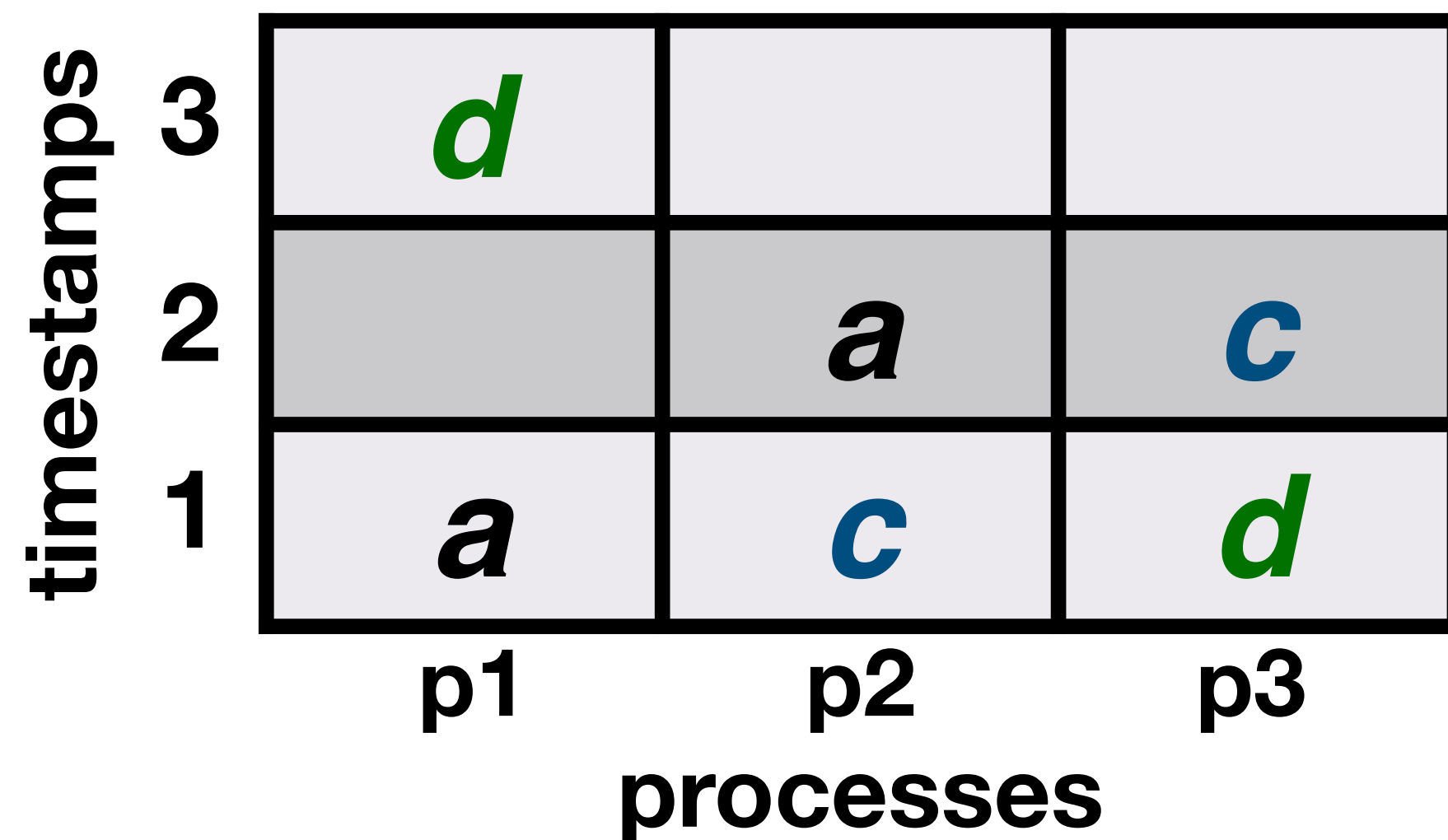
no command is executed!

theory: don't terminate
practice: high tail latency

predictable performance



all commands but **b** are committed



have all proposals up to 2 by a majority,
so tempo executes **a** and **c**

atlas
&
epaxos



no command is executed!

theory: **don't terminate**
practice: **high tail latency**

predictable / superior performance

tempo

parallelism:

- timestamping & command execution are fully decentralized & parallel

predictable / superior performance

tempo

parallelism:

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scale
vertically



predictable / superior performance

tempo

parallelism:

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in epaxos & atlas, command execution is sequential!!

scale
vertically



predictable / superior performance

tempo

parallelism:

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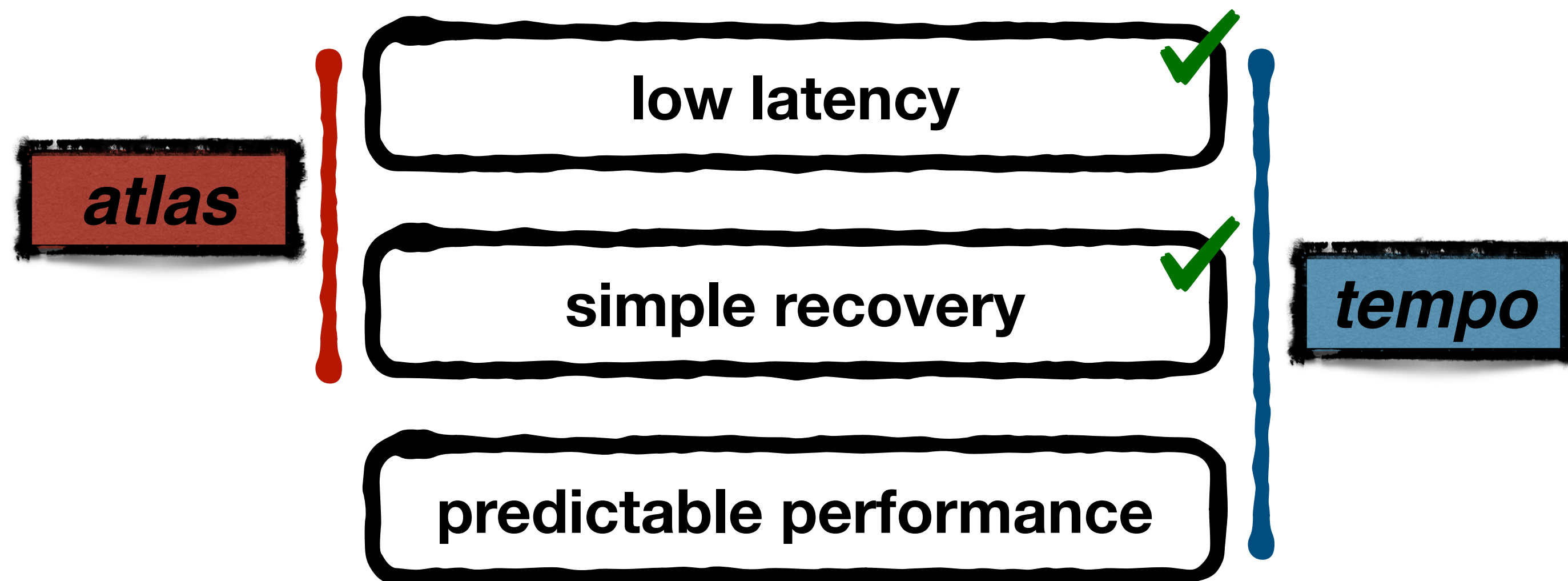
partial replication:

- the protocol easily generalizes to this setting

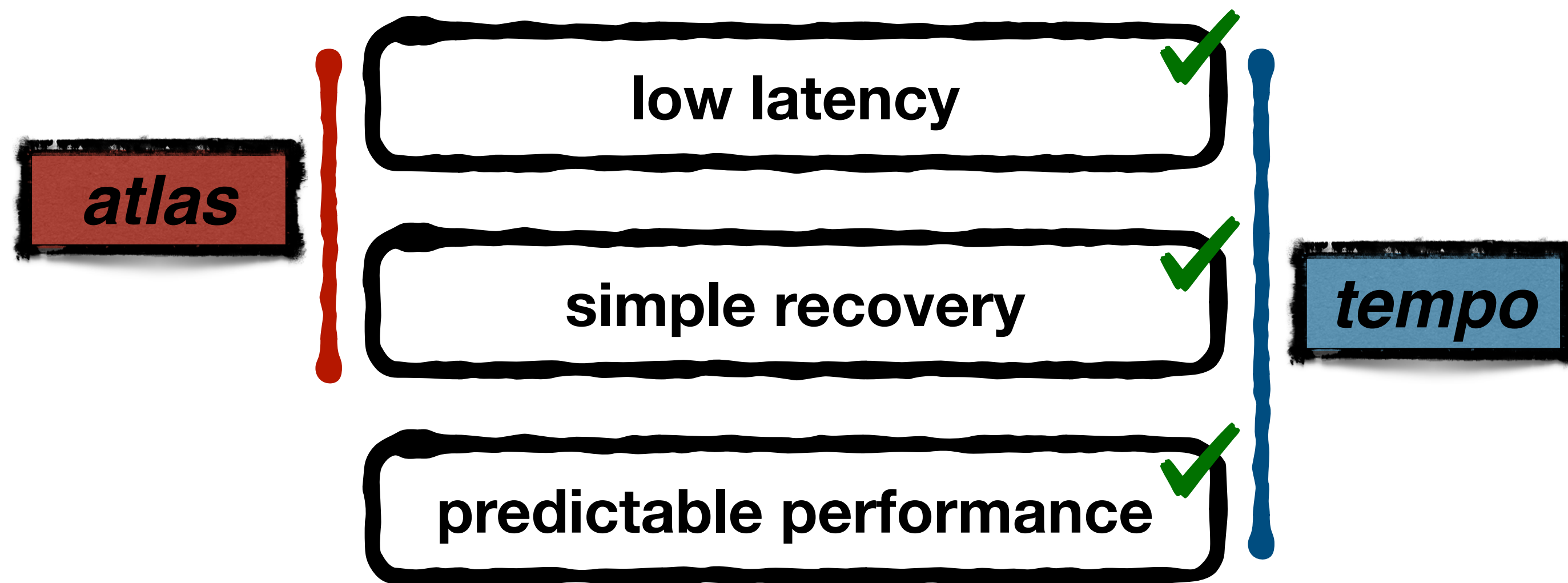
scale horizontally





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protocols considered:

- (flexible) paxos
- epaxos
- caesar (not in this presentation)
- janus (not in this presentation)
-  *atlas*
-  *tempo*

evaluation

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github.com/vitorennesduarte/fantoch

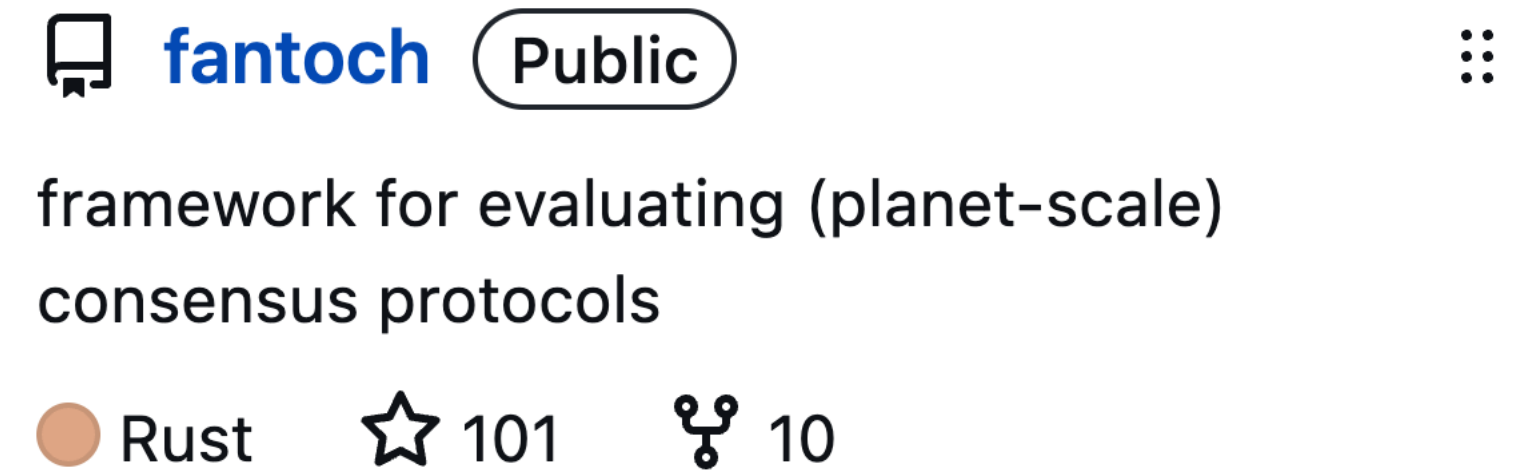
evaluation

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- (flexible) paxos
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focus on predictable performance:

- throughput
- tail latency

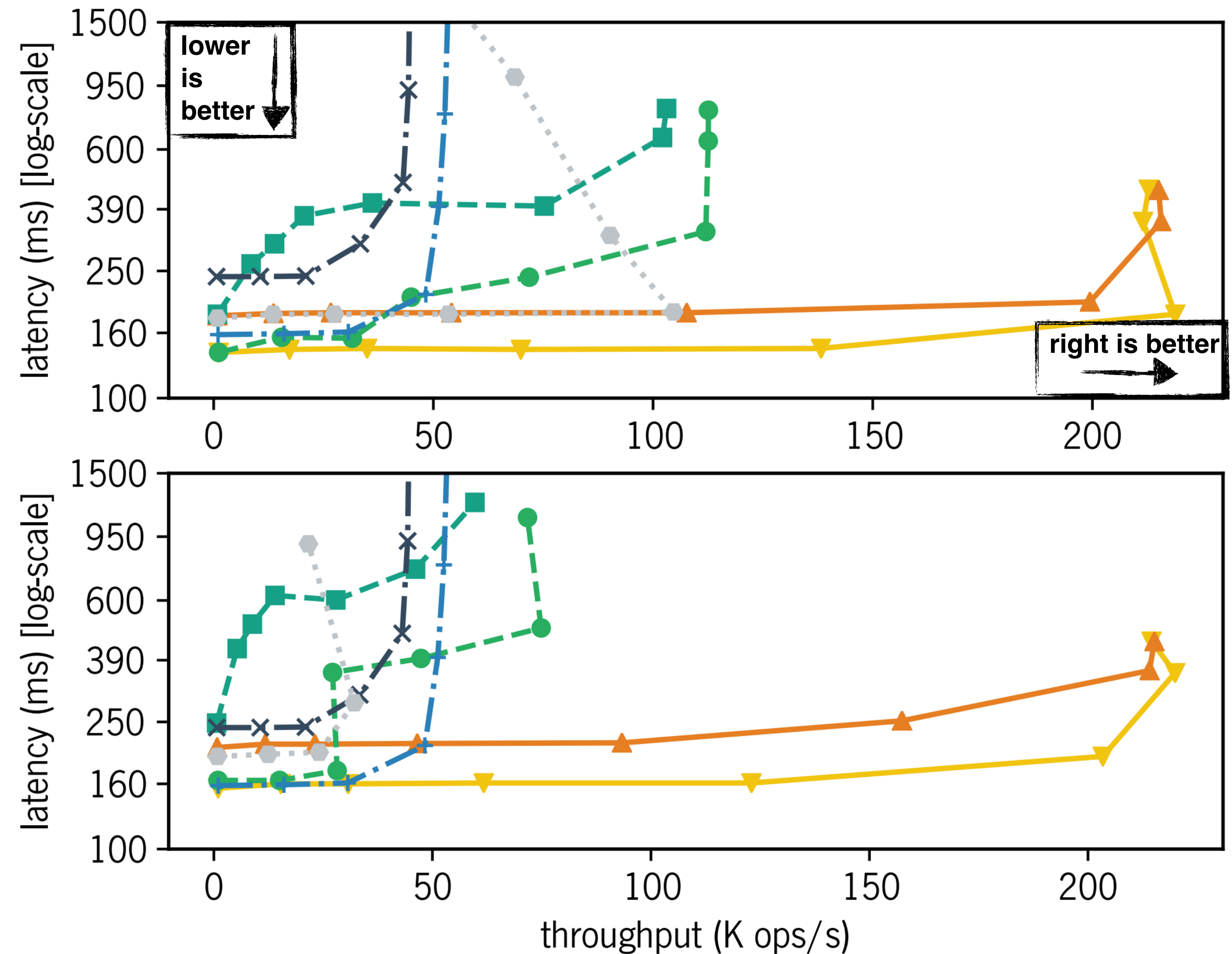


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throughput

$r = 5$
clients per replica: 32 \rightarrow 20k

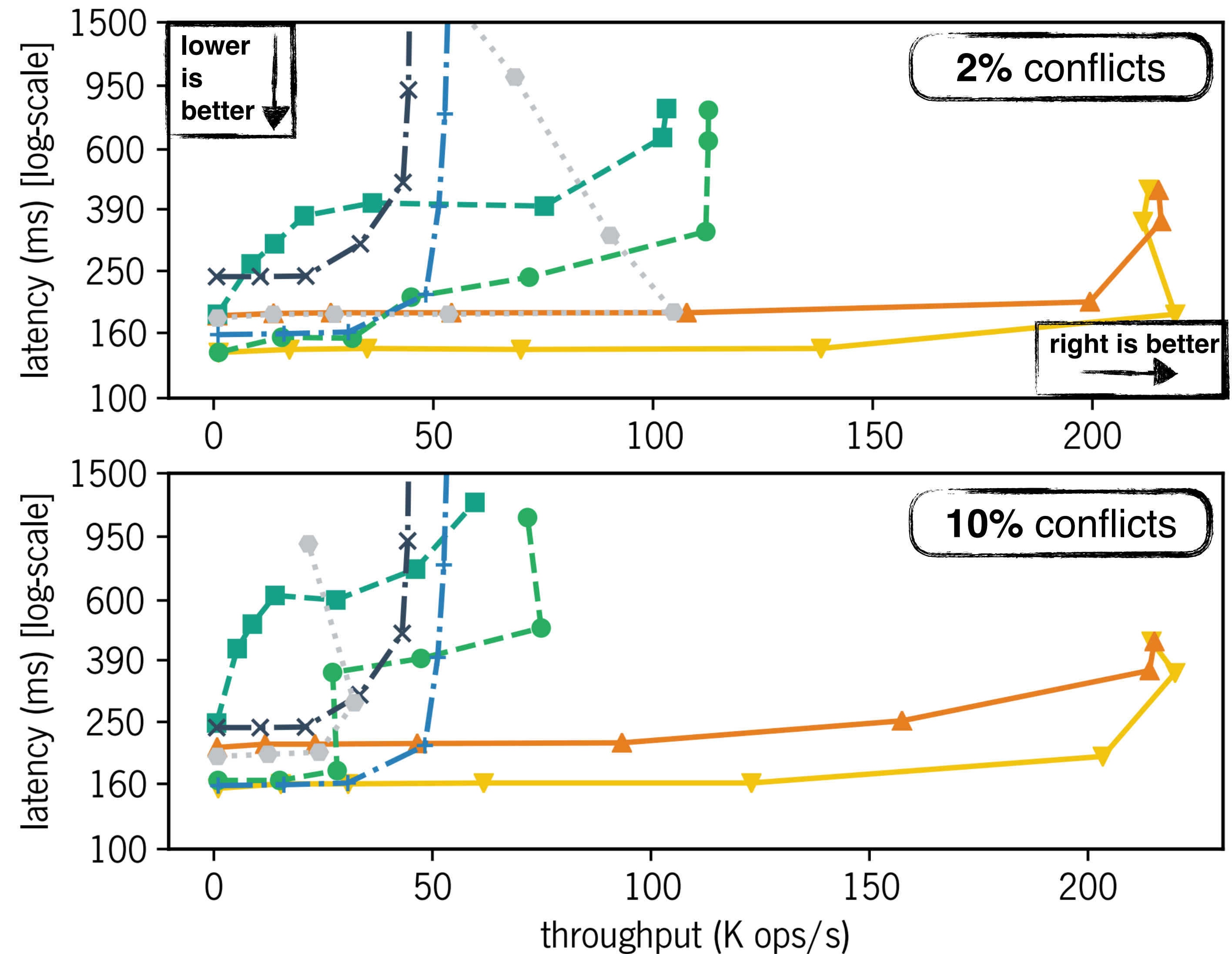
Tempo $f = 1$ Atlas $f = 1$ FPaxos $f = 1$ Caesar*
Tempo $f = 2$ Atlas $f = 2$ FPaxos $f = 2$



throughput

$r = 5$
clients per replica: 32 \rightarrow 20k

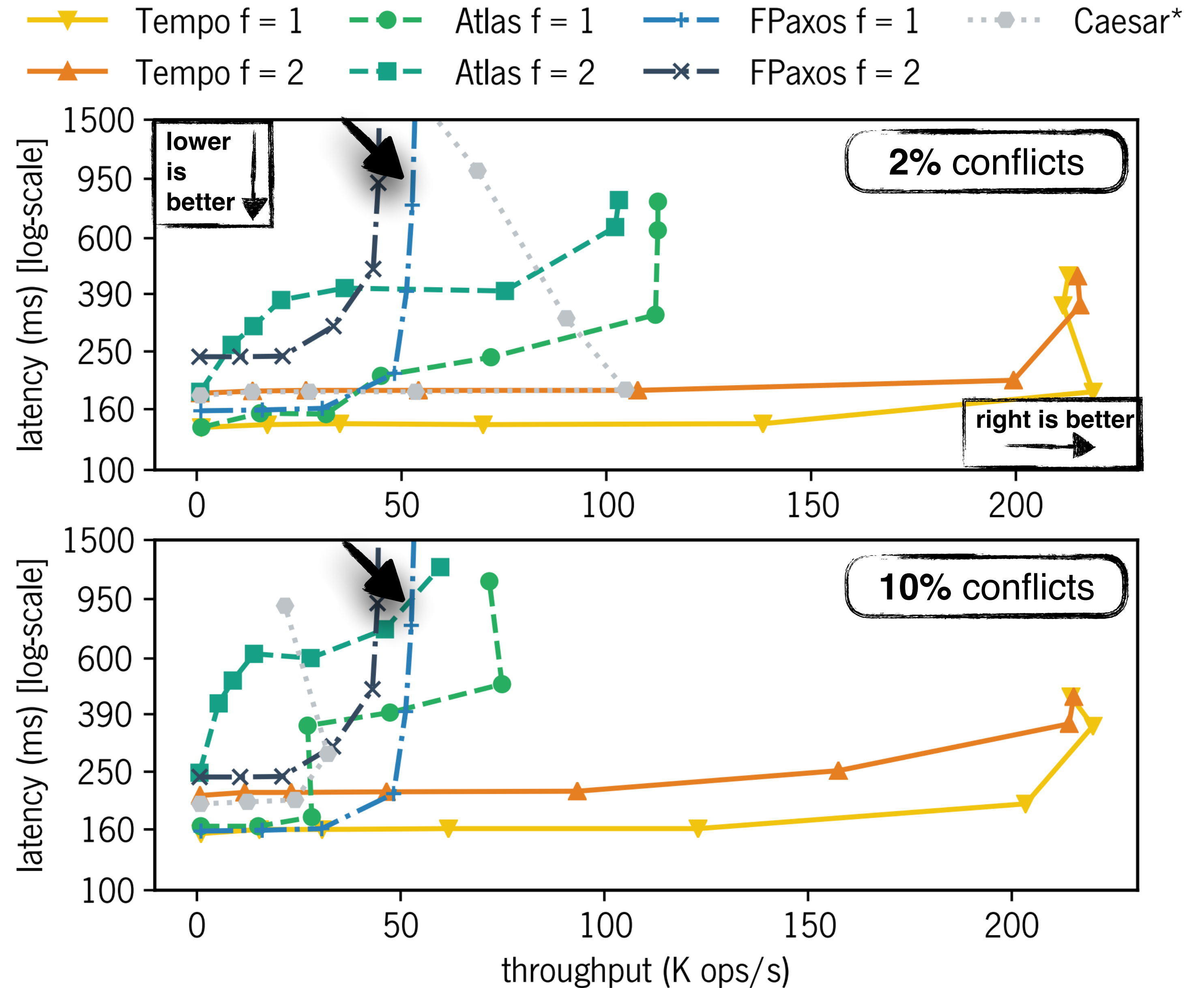
Tempo $f = 1$ Atlas $f = 1$ FPaxos $f = 1$ Caesar*
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throughput

$r = 5$
clients per replica: 32 -> 20k

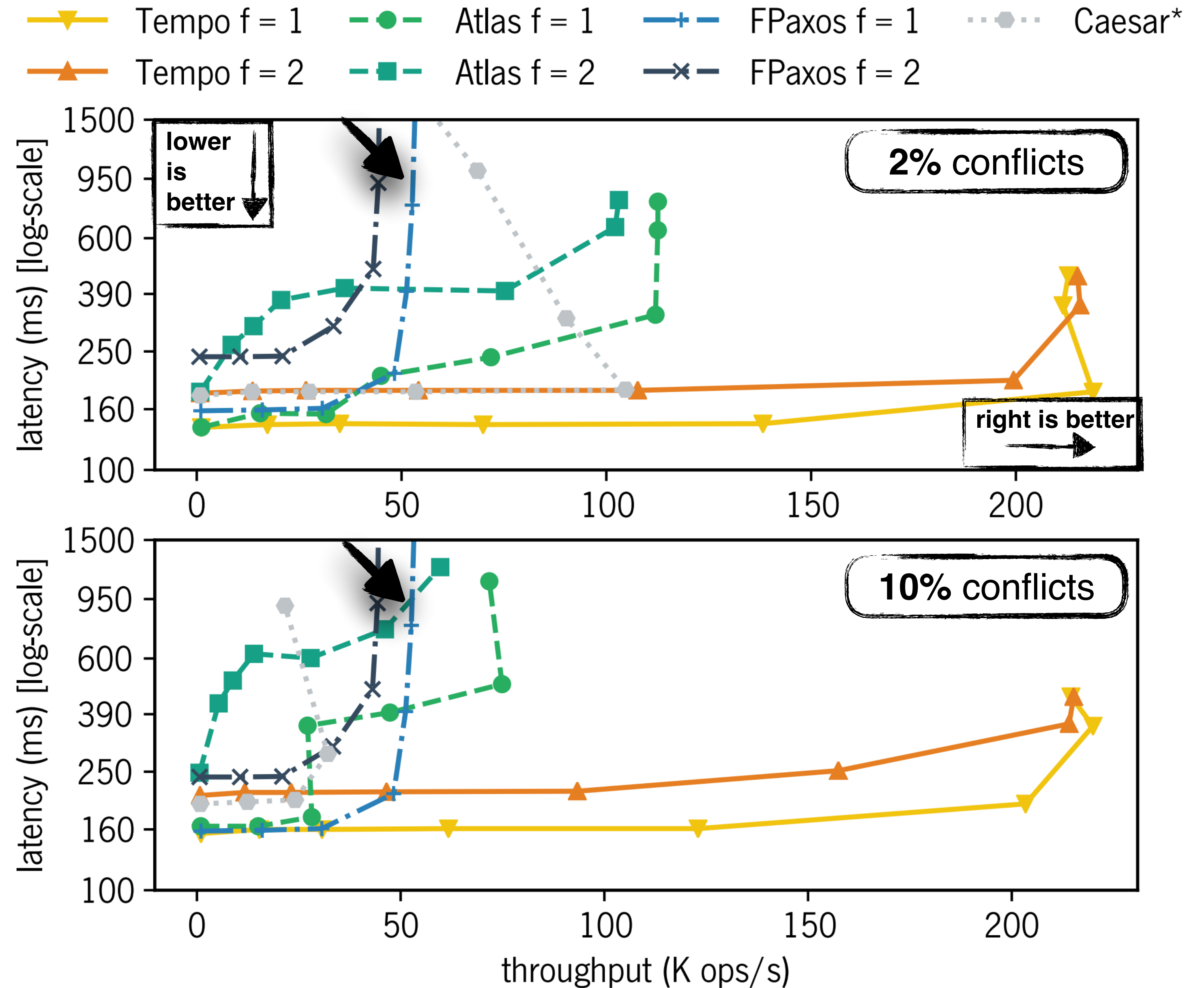
ops/s	2%	10%
fpaxos f = 1	53K	53K



throughput

$r = 5$
clients per replica: 32 \rightarrow 20k

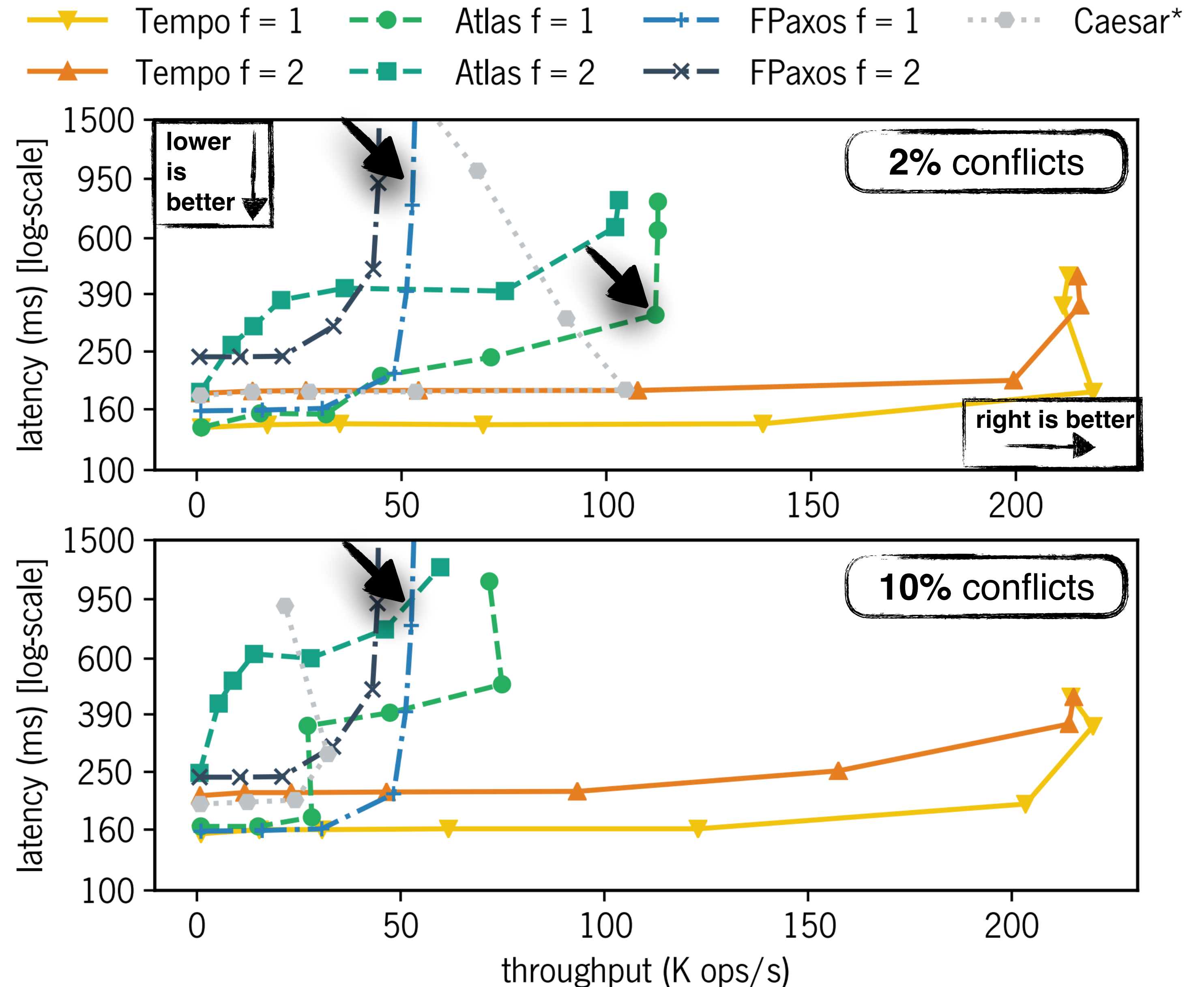
ops/s	2%	10%
fpaxos f=1	53K	53K
atlas f=1	129K	83K



throughput

$r = 5$
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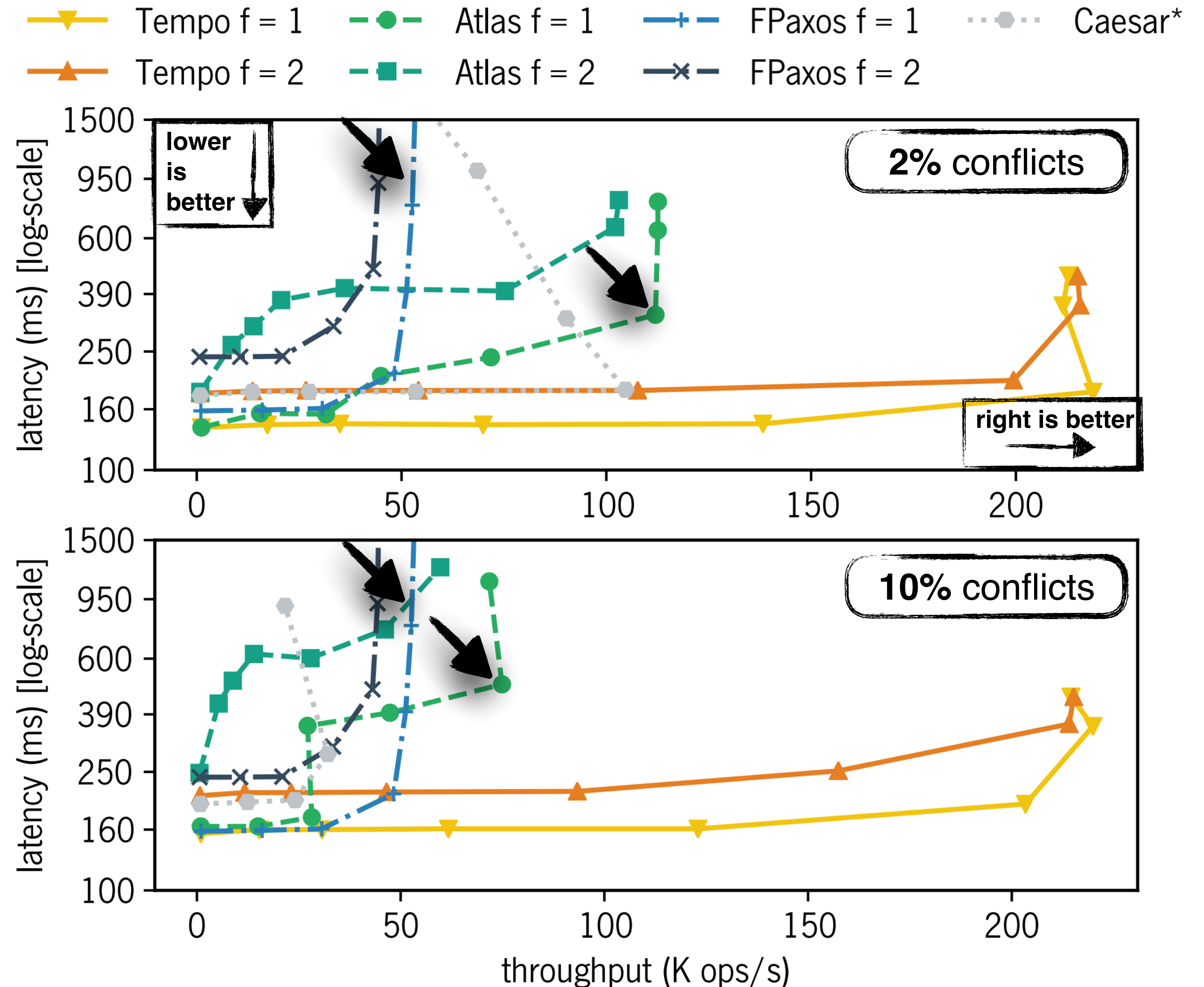
ops/s	2%	10%
fpaxos f=1	53K	53K
atlas f=1	129K	83K



throughput

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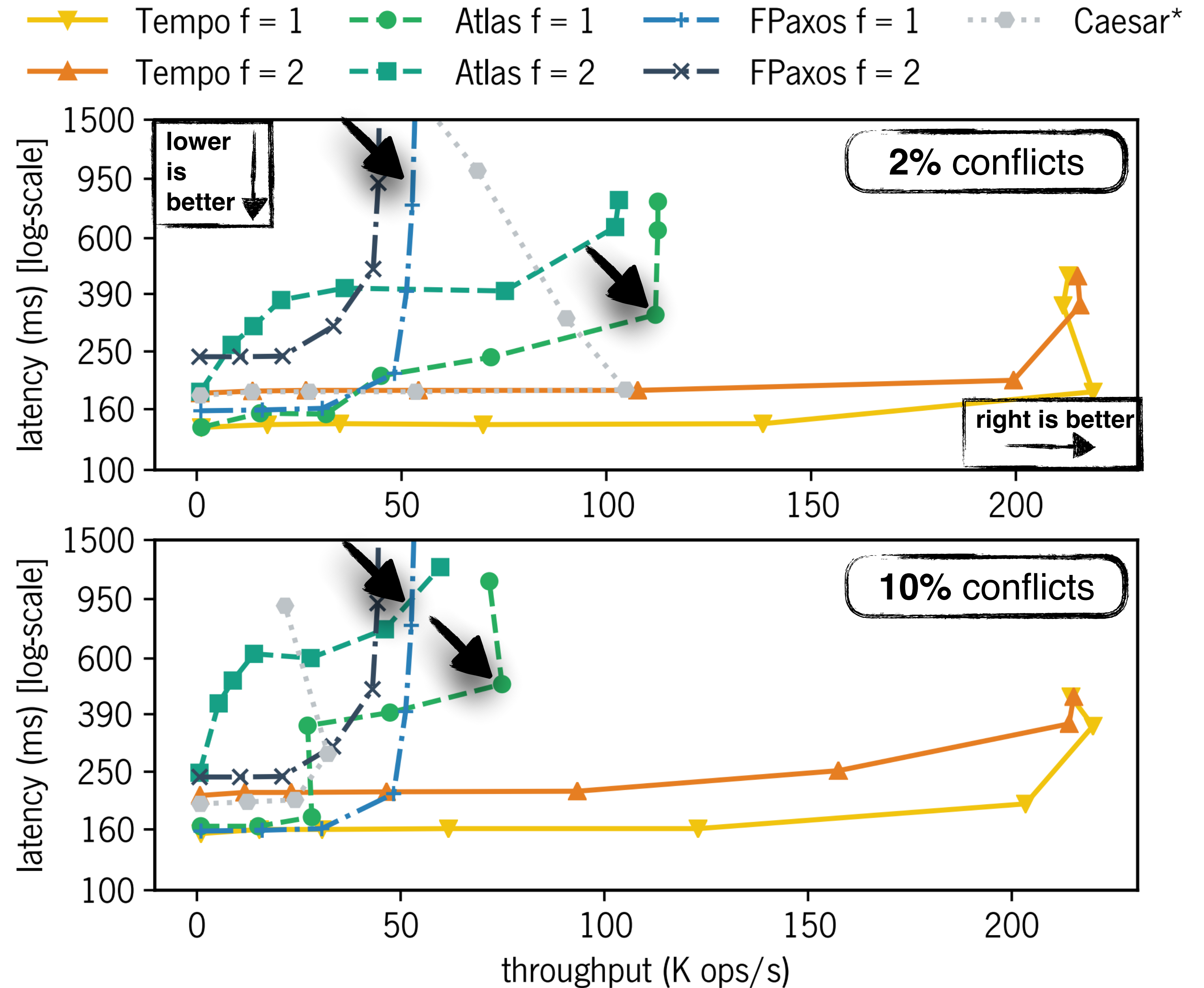
ops/s	2%	10%
fpaxos f=1	53K	53K
atlas f=1	129K	83K



throughput

$r = 5$
clients per replica: 32 -> 20k

ops/s	2%	10%
fpaxos f=1	53K	53K
atlas f=1	129K	83K
tempo f=1	229K	230K

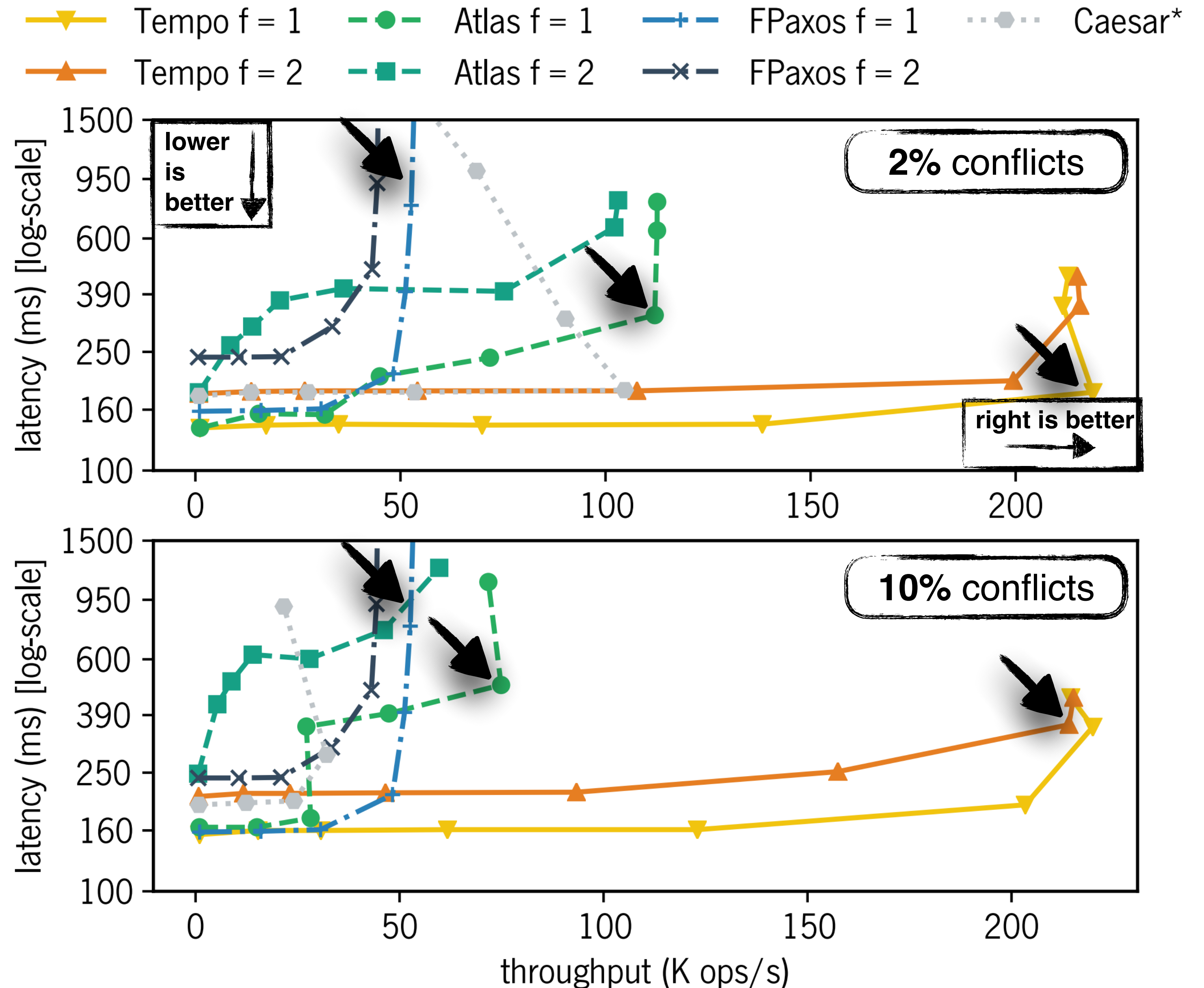


throughput

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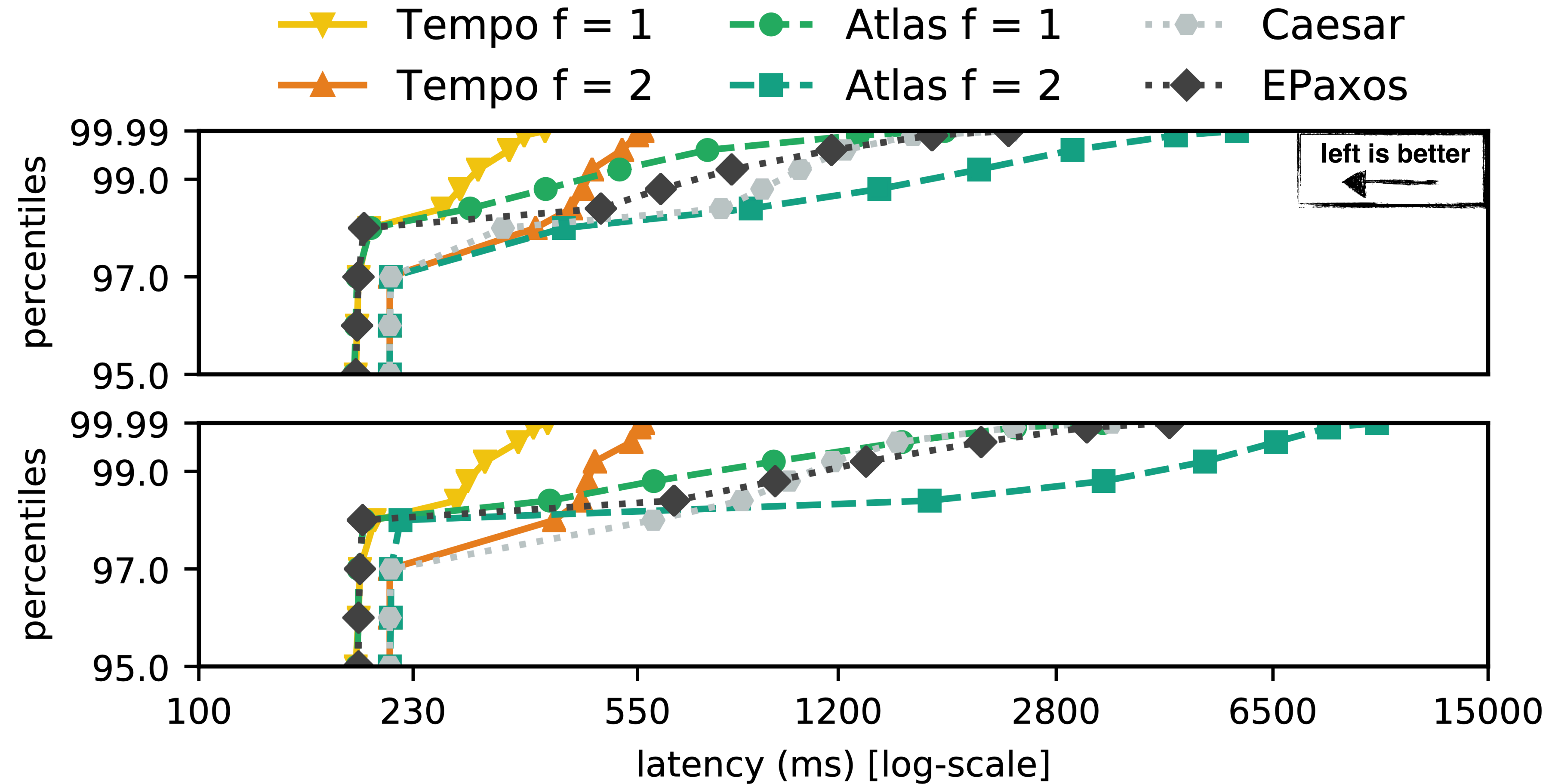
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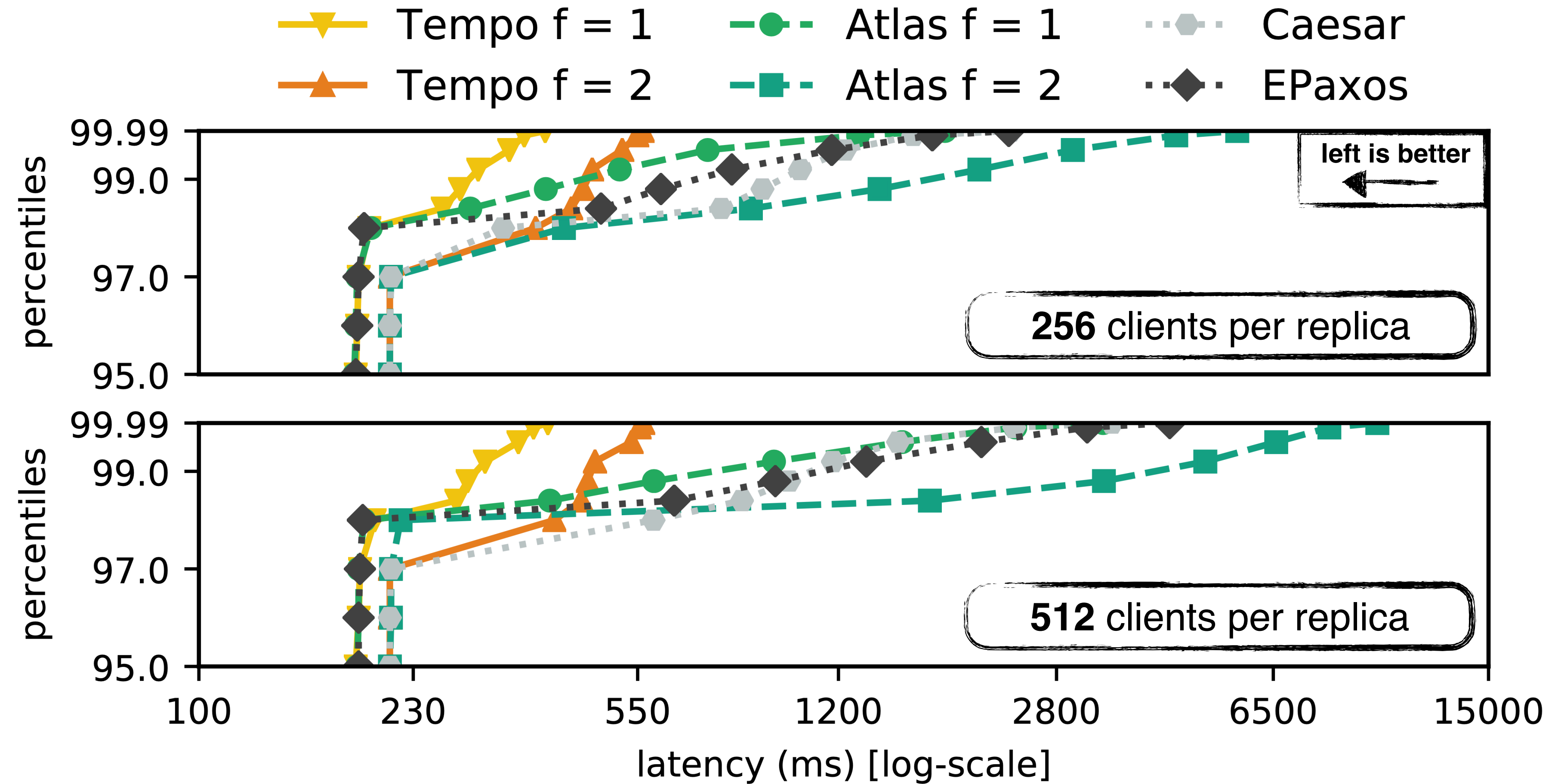
tail latency

$r = 5$
2% conflicts



tail latency

$r = 5$
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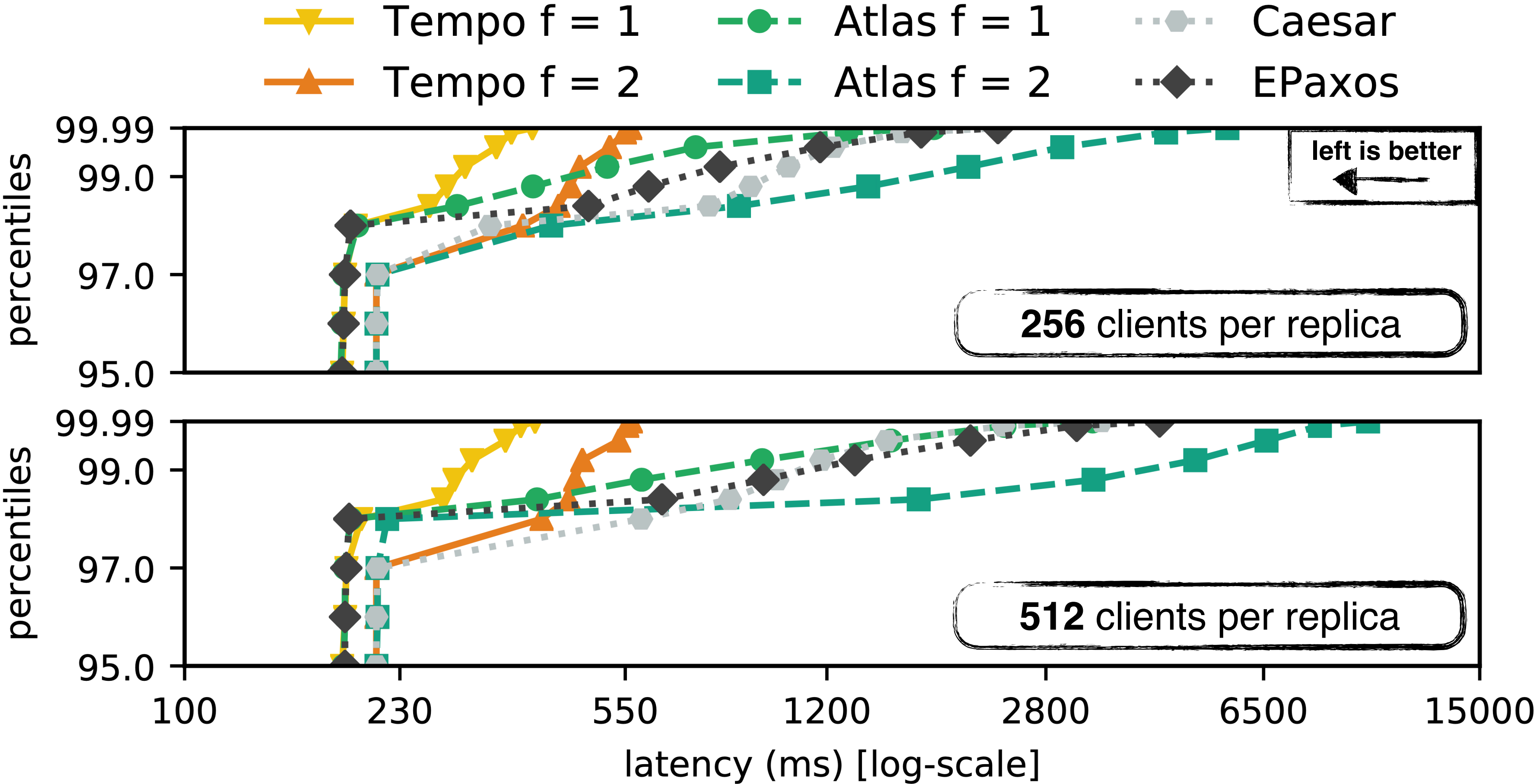


tail latency

r = 5

2% conflicts

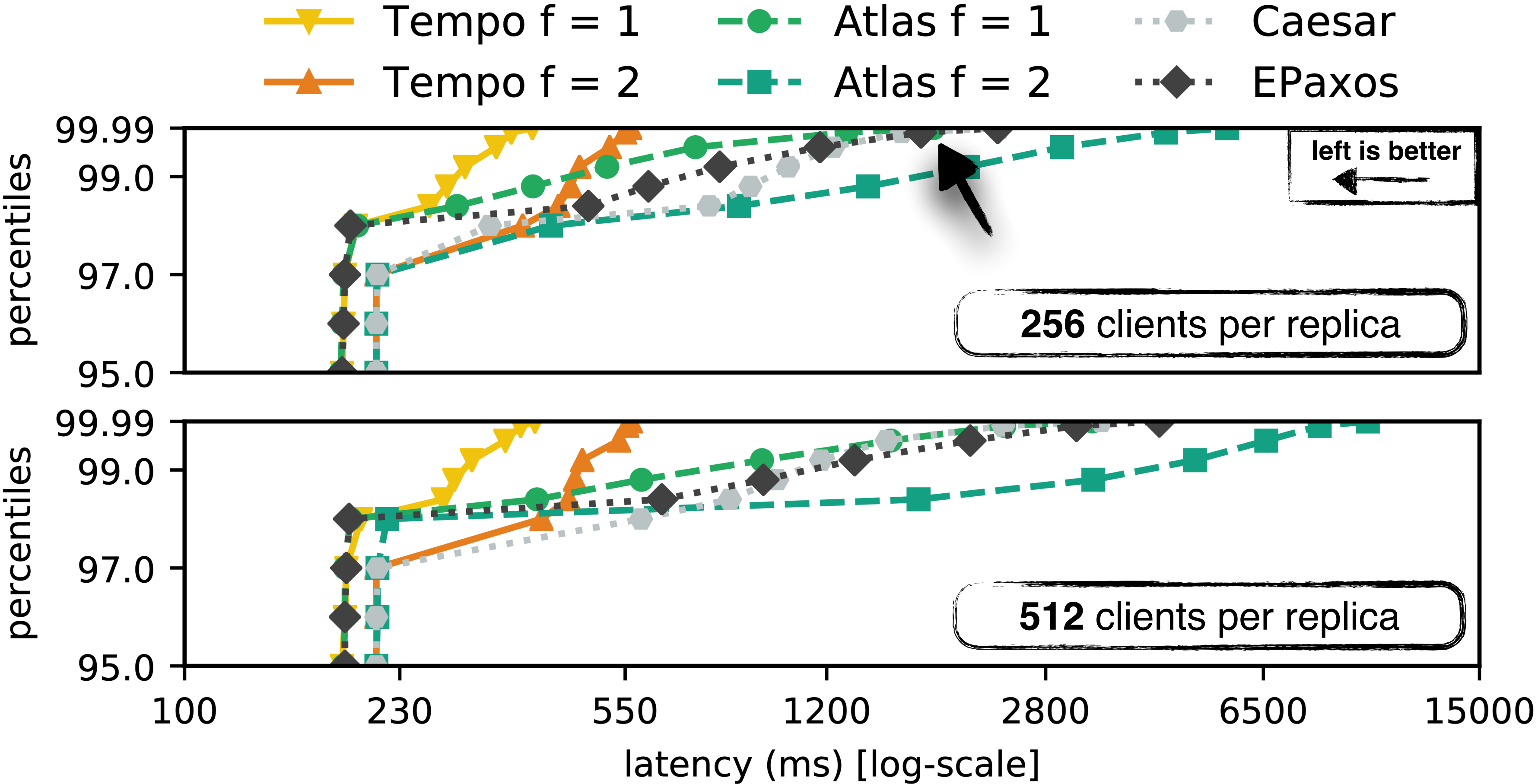
	99.9th	
	256	512
atlas f=1	1.3s	2.4s
epaxos	1.7s	3.1s



tail latency

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2% conflicts

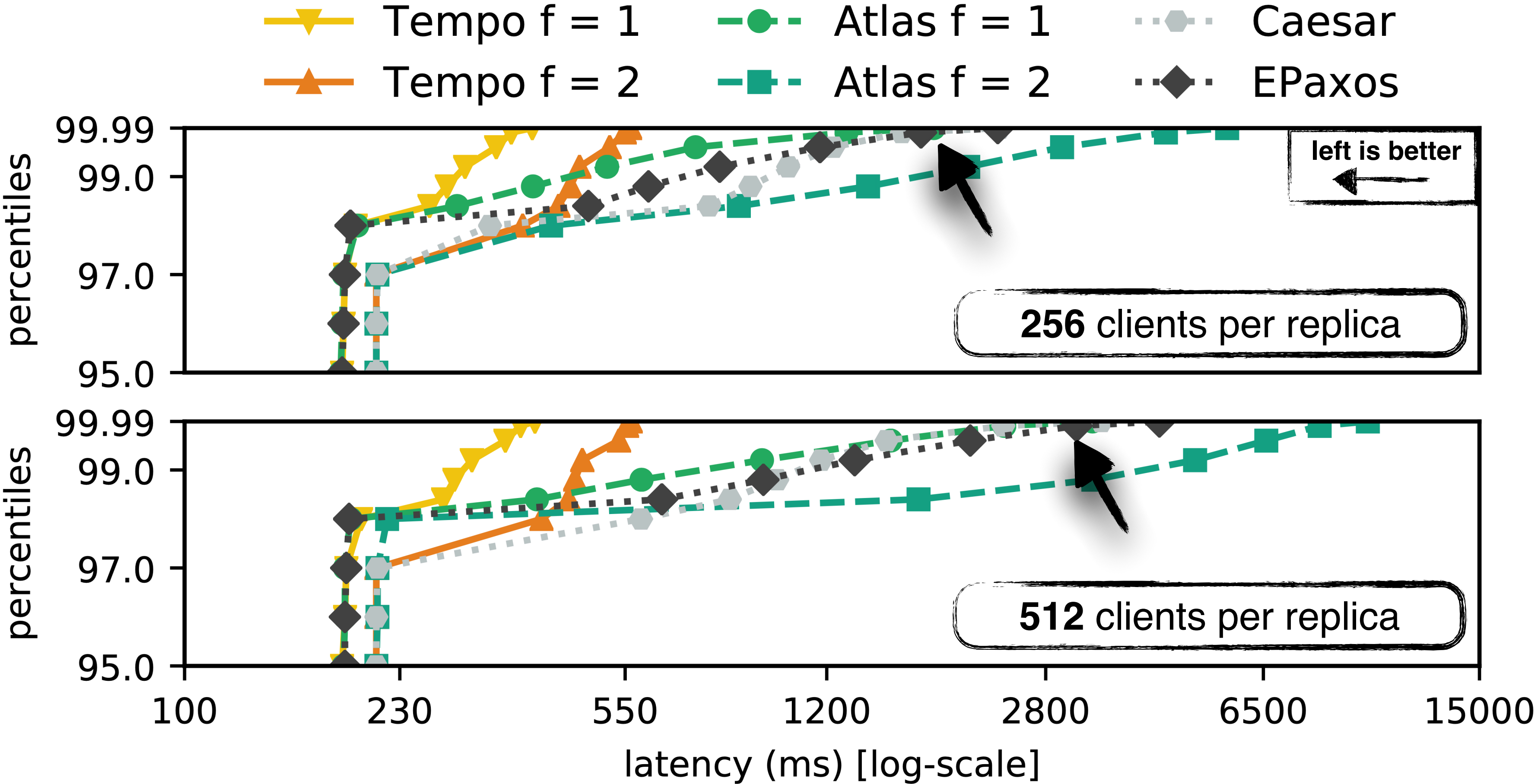
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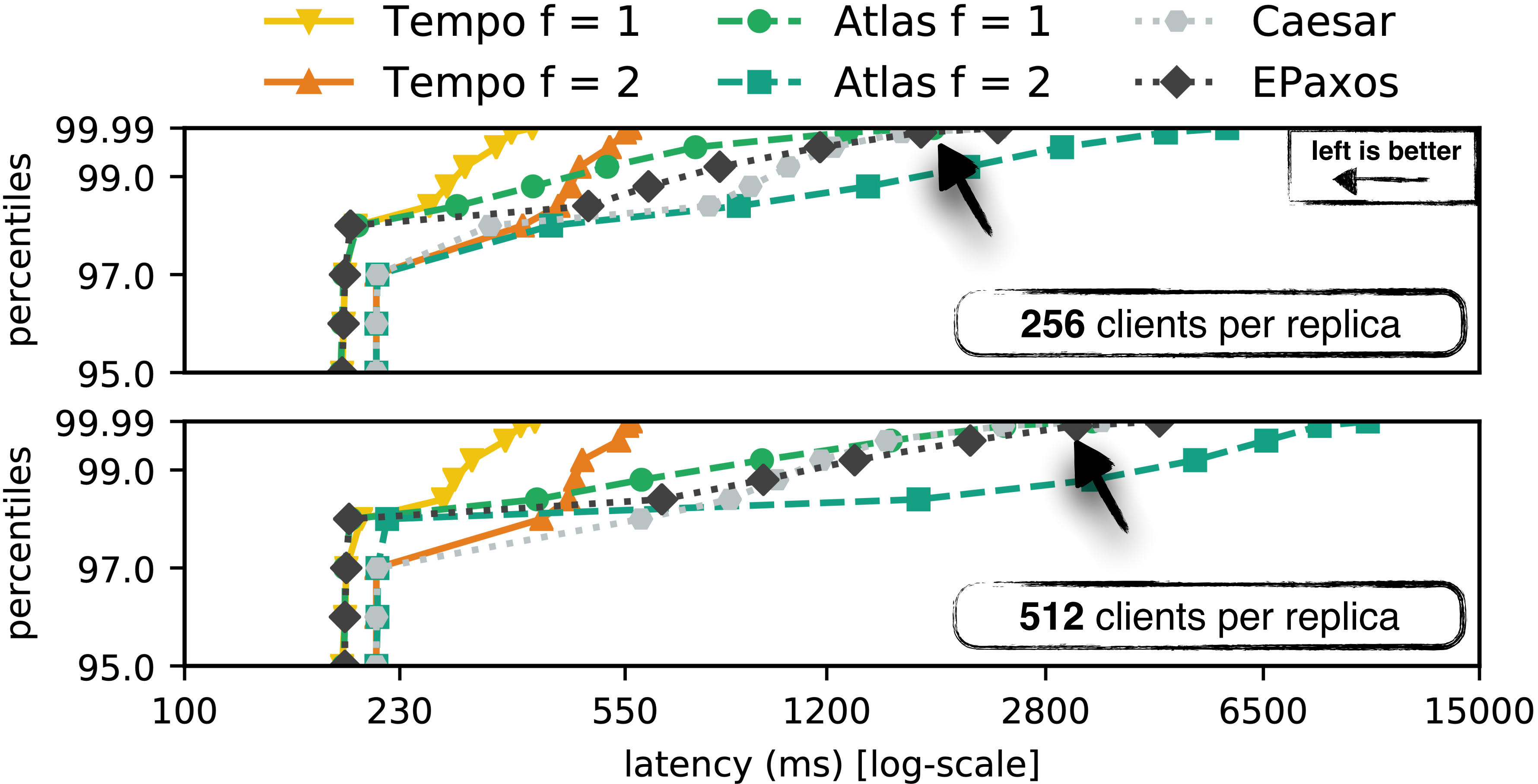
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tail latency

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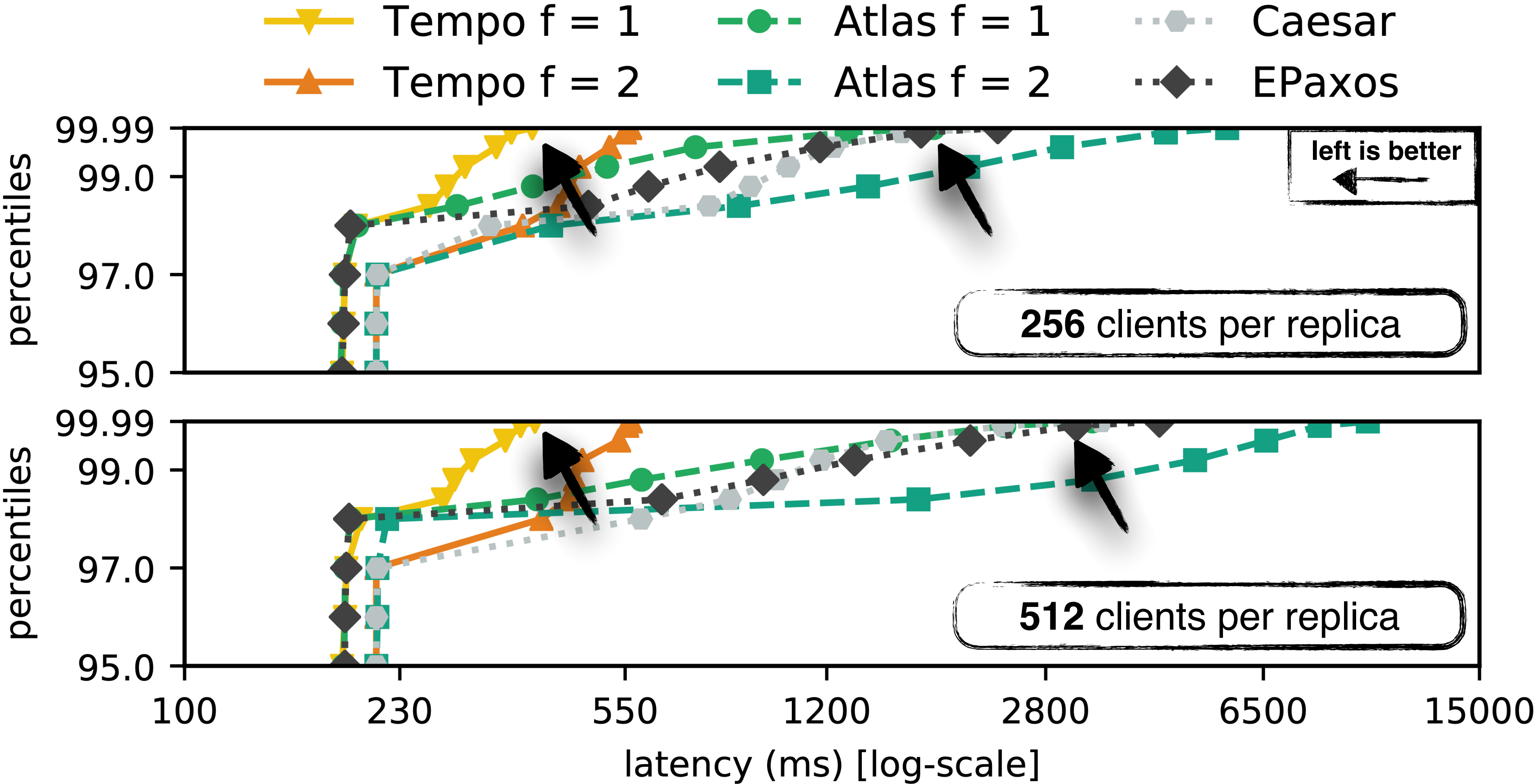
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	256	512
atlas f=1	1.3s	2.4s
epaxos	1.7s	3.1s
tempo f=1	354ms	367ms



tail latency

$r = 5$
2% conflicts

	99.9th	
	256	512
atlas f=1	1.3s	2.4s
epaxos	1.7s	3.1s
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summary

- atlas & tempo are the first leaderless protocols parameterized by f
 - **small fast quorums**: the protocols trade off higher fault tolerance for lower latency

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- tempo provides **predictable performance** even in contended workloads
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leaderless protocols are becoming practical!!
cassandra will release **accord**, a new timestamp-based
leaderless protocol (like tempo)

publications

atlas

State-Machine Replication for Planet-Scale Systems @ EuroSys'20

Vitor Enes, Carlos Baquero, Tuanir França Rezende, Alexey Gotsman, Matthieu Perrin, Pierre Sutra.

tempo

Efficient Replication via Timestamp Stability @ EuroSys'21

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publications & acknowledgments

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